TODAY'S WEATHER
FAIR; SNOW AND COLDER THIS EVENING.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Regular session of Fifty-eighth congress convened at noon yesterday.—Page 1.

President again sends recess appointments to the senate, including that of Gen. Leonard Wood to be major general.—Page 16.

Republican leaders are well pleased with the message of the president.—Page 4.

Three thousand Colombian troops are reported to be marching to invade the new republic of Panama.—Page 1.

Runaway at Canton, O., in which Harry Smith is killed, together with his horse, and neighbor breaks smallpox quarantine to rescue companion of Smith from drowning.—Page 8.

President Roosevelt in answer to an appeal from Colorado miners to use his authority to effect a settlement of the trouble, says he is unable to grant their request as he has no right under the law to do so.—Page 8.

Negroes will form a separate political party of their own.—Page 2.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw submits estimates of the requirements of the government for the next fiscal year which includes many items of interest to Pittsburgh and vicinity.—Page 16.

Millionaire Zeigler blames bribery charges upon Baldwin the Arctic explorer.—Page 1.

Dowie scolds his lieutenants for alleged extravagance in conducting the industries.—Page 11.

New York fire adjuster confesses to practicing immense frauds against insurance companies.—Page 11.

President Roosevelt sent a strong message to congress.—Page 9.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Awarding of Wabash bridge construction to Pennsy concern discounts Cassatt rumors.—Page 11.

LOCAL.

Only nine members of select council responded to President Wightman's call for a special meeting.—Page 5.

Council committee and Mayor Hays to issue appeal for funds for Butler today.—Page 3.

Councilman John Lauer will oppose Citizens ticket if W. H. Stevenson is indorsed.—Page 5.

One hundred and fifty appeals from downtown property owners received by city assessors in one day.—Page 7.

Fashionable audience attends the formal opening of new Nixon theater.—Page 1.

Detectives Leff and Lally arrest two men with nearly $4,000 worth of jewelry on them. They are wanted in New York for grand larceny.—Page 2.

Controller Larkin and Chairman Stevenson to name sub-committee on appropriations today.—Page 7.

Charles E. Nunemaker acquitted of the murder of Thomas Hays without jury leaving the box.—Page 13.

Appraisement of Theodore R. Hostetter's estate shows personal property valued at $1,349,196.12.—Page 13.

S. C. Jamison is to succeed John T. Fox as a candidate for the presidency of the Central board of education.—Page 1

Ninth United Presbyterian church of Allegheny is seeking a pastor.—Page 11.

Local Red Cross society preparing for active work in Butler.—Page 3.

SPORTING.

Club owners arriving at New York for annual meeting of National league.—Page 9.

James J. Hogan is elected captain of Yale football team for next year—Page 9.

Three favorites are beaten at New Orleans track.—Page 9.

FINANCIAL.

Wall street market active and higher, closing at the top. Westinghouse Electric led the advance in Pittsburgh. Wheat and oats closed higher and corn lower in Chicago.—Pages 14 and 15.

THE WEATHER

Fair weather during today, with snow at night or tomorrow and colder, is the Washington forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Yesterday's maximum temperature was 42 and the minimum 28. The sun rose clear at 7:11 and set clear at 4:32 yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Fair.

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.01	30	78	S. W.	Clear
8 p. m.	29.98	37	58	N. W.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for December 7:

	1902	1901		1902	1901
Maximum	38	52	Mean	32	42
Minimum	28	33	Precipitation	.01	.00
Mex. tem., 2 p. m.	42		Exc. since Jan. 1		211
Min. tem., 8 a. m.	28		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.		.69
Mean temperature	35		Precip. for day		.00
Nor. tem. 31 yrs.	37		Dfcy. for day		.69
Dfcy. for day	2		Dfcy. since Dec. 1		.63
Dfcy. since Dec. 1	48		Exc. since Jan. 1	2.83	

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday; snow at night or Wednesday, with colder in southern portion; fresh northerly winds.

Ohio—Fair Tuesday; colder in western portion. Wednesday, fair, fresh northwest to northerly winds.

West Virginia—Fair Tuesday; snow and colder at night or Wednesday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

Oklahoma	34	Pt.Cldy	
Des Moines	30	Clear	
Chicago	28	Cloudy	
Cincinnati	40	Clear	
Louisville	44	Clear	
St. Louis	40	Clear	
New York	36	Clear	
Buffalo	34	Cloudy	
Omaha	38	Cloudy	
St. Paul	20	Cloudy	
Huron	22	Cloudy	
Bismarck	16	Snow	
Indianapolis	34	Clear	
Kansas City	42	Clear	
Washington	40	Clear	
Philadelphia	36	Clear	
Marquette	20	Snow	
Memphis	52	Clear	
Vicksburg	52	Clear	
Cairo	48	Clear	
Cheyenne	26	Pt.Cldy	
Denver	34	Clear	
Salt L. City	32	Clear	
New Orleans	44	Cloudy	

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—Francis Wilson and star cast in "Erminie," 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—E. H. Sothern in "The Proud Prince," 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—New stock company in "Garrett O'Magh," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE—"Arizona," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—15 vaudeville acts, headed by Hassen Ben Ali's troupe of Arabs; continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

BIJOU—"The Stain of Guilt," 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"Hearts of Oak," 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Rose Sydell's London Belles in burlesque and olio, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Skating afternoon and evening.—Hockey tonight, Victorias vs. Bankers.

CARNEGIE INSTITUTE ART GALLERIES—Eighth annual exhibition of paintings, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

STATESMEN AGAIN START

The Regular Session of Congress Convened at Noon.

BALCONIES EMPTY

Reading of Message from President Roosevelt Occupies an Hour and a Half.

MANY BILLS ARE INTRODUCED

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Room 10, Postal Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7.

There was an absence of the usual floral display and gala features at the opening of the regular session of the Fifty-eighth congress today. That part of the ceremonies was disposed of at the beginning of the extra session which convened November 5, so that the opening day was scarcely more than the usual daily assembling of the congress. The galleries were not filled and the only flowers in evidence were those that draped the desk of Representative Burk of Pennsylvania, who died on Saturday.

In accordance with the adjournment motion of Saturday, the senate met at 11:30 o'clock in order to finish up some business that it was desirable to have out of the way before the session expired.

The feeling between the senate and the house had been so intense that it was impossible for the two branches to agree upon a uniform manner of ending the extra session and beginning the regular one, so that each proceeded according to its will and without regard for the other.

The senate this morning passed a bill amending the law relative to congressional franks and then went into executive session to confirm a number of appointments. When the doors were re-opened the usual resolution thanking the presiding officer for his courtesy was passed. A few reports were made from committees and the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of 12. Thereupon President pro tem. Frye took the chair and announced:

Regular Session Convenes.

"The hour provided by law for the meeting of the first regular session of the Fifty-eighth congress having arrived, I declare the extraordinary session closed without delay." This ended the old and began the new, and the chaplain offered prayer, the roll was called and the usual committees to notify the house and the president that the senate was in session were appointed.

In the house the beginning of the regular session was not marked by any special ceremony. At the opening of the extra session the new members were sworn in, so that all that was necessary today was a call of the roll which developed that there were 303 members present. Speaker Cannon appointed the usual committees on notification, after which the house adjourned for half an hour and later in the afternoon both branches listened to the reading of the president's message.

Senator Penrose today introduced a bill providing for the payment of extra remuneration to all letter carriers who have worked more than eight hours a day. This applies to all carriers in the service since 1868, and the extra pay is to be determined by the regular accounting officers of the postoffice department. The bill also provides that where the carrier's claim is not allowed by the accounting officers he may at any time within five years enter suit to recover in the court of claims.

Bills of Local Interest.

Representative Dalzell today again introduced the bill to incorporate the Ohio and Lake Erie ship canal. The same bill was introduced in the last congress. A bill was also introduced by Representative Dalzell granting the Charleroi & Monnessen Bridge Company the right to build a bridge across the Monongahela river between North Charleroi and Rostraver township.

Representative Acheson today introduced a joint resolution appropriating $200,000 for a survey of the Ohio river from the mouth of the Miami to the Mississippi, to determine the cost of providing a 9-foot channel all the year. This is the resolution that Representative Bromwell put in the last congress, but it was not reported by the rivers and harbors committee. It is the first step in the 9-foot channel project and upon the success of this resolution will depend the chances for the Ohio river improvement at this time.

Mr. Acheson secured the appointment of W. U. Kennedy of Washington, Pa., to a position with the St. Louis world's fair commissioners.

The bill introduced in the senate by Senator Penrose which provides for the payment to ex-prisoners of war of a sum equal to $2 per day for each day of their incarceration, with a pension of $12 per month, was today introduced in the house by Representative Dalzell.

Connell Case Comes Up.

The contested election case of William Connell against George Howell, from the Tenth (Scranton) district of Pennsylvania has been referred to the committee on elections number three. Representative Driscoll of New York is chairman of this committee and Mr. Cassell of Pennsylvania is a member. It is understood that the Connell case will be the first taken up by the committee and that it will be disposed of soon, possibly before the holidays. There is a general impression among the Pennsylvania delegation that Mr. Connell will be seated.

L. W. STRAYER.

Big Cargo of Sugar Arrives.

BOSTON, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Having on board 11,000 tons of sugar, said to be the largest cargo ever carried to any port in the world, the British tramp steamer Knight Errant reached here today from Java. Because of the city's alleged negligence in not widening two draw bridges the steamer will have to discharge her cargo in the stream.

PANAMA HEARS RUMOR OF WAR

Colombia Army of 3,000 Said to Be Marching on Republic.

GUNBOATS ON GUARD

Both Coasts Being Patrolled by Vessels of United States Navy to Prevent a Landing.

TREATY NOW ON SHIPBOARD

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

Colon, Dec. 7.—A rumor is in circulation here to the effect that 3,000 soldiers have left Cartagena for the purpose of invading the isthmus. No details are known and the rumor cannot be confirmed tonight. It probably had its source in Port Limon, Costa Rica, where it was brought by steamer from Cartagena. The only possible means of approaching Panama is by narrow and difficult mountain passes through the Indian country.

Following instructions received December 4 from the navy department at Washington, United States gunboats on both sides of the isthmus are starting on reconnoitreing expeditions along the coasts, principally in the direction of Colombia, for the purpose of ascertaining the condition of the trails and roads between the Panama and Colombia frontiers, the facilities of the country for sustaining expeditions marching on Panama and to generally determine the United States best course of action in case of a Colombian invasion of the isthmus, and also to learn the attitude of the various Indian tribes inhabiting both coasts.

The cruiser Atlanta has gone to San Blas for this purpose and probably will continue to the gulf of Darien. Another vessel will be sent to San Miguel on the Pacific and a third to David, also on the Pacific, but towards Costa Rica, to look over the local conditions at Chiriqui and make a show of force, it is thought necessary, and study the possibility of Colombia's landing small schooner expeditions at Chiriqui from southern points.

Scouting Party Lost.

The Panamaian authorities are aiding those efforts. They have sent out several parties on both sides of the isthmus to seek information and watch possible movements on the part of Colombia. One such party was sent out from Colon in a small sloop, which was probably lost near Meamar, on the San Blas coast. The boat was found bottom upward and its occupants are missing. No reports have yet been received from these parties to indicate that any warlike movements are taking place. Panamaian expeditions on the Pacific side are destroying canoes, etc., found in the rivers for the purpose of hindering the movements of Colombians who might attempt to come down the rivers.

Efforts are being made by these Panamaian parties to cover the Atlantic coast as far as the gulf of Darien and the mouth of the Atrato river, which is in Colombian territory.

Mr. Gudger this afternoon delivered the boxes containing the treaty to the purser of the City of Washington, taking a receipt for them. The two keys to the separate boxes, in the inner one of which is the treaty, will go to the United States in custody of Major Guy L. Edie, of the medical department of the United States army, who has been here for a fortnight looking into sanitation matters.

Colombian Ports Reopened.

The royal mail steamship agent here received a telegram from Port Limon, Costa Rica, informing him that the government of the department of Bolivar, Colombia, had reopened the ports of Savanilla and Cartagena to vessels to and from Colon.

News received by cable from Buena Ventura says that all is quiet there and that there is no indication on the part of the Colombian government to move troops in any direction. The Colombian gunboat Bogota, which is still at Buena Ventura without coal, is considered quite harmless.

The cruiser Dixie will tomorrow land a company of marines, who will go into camp at Empire station, near Culebracut. The battleship Maine is coaling near Boca del Toro.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Panama canal treaty was sent to the senate today, but as there was no executive session after its receipt it was not referred to the committee on foreign relations.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 7.—United States Ambassador McCormick has been officially notified of Russia's recognition of the republic of Panama. The signing of the decree was one of the first acts of the czar after his return here from Skierniewics on Saturday.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 7.—The ministry has recommended that King Christian recognize the republic of Panama.

FACES JUSTICE AT LAST.

Negro Who Killed Morris Arrested After He Reformed and Changed His Name.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—William Ingram, a negro who fled from North Carolina three years ago, to escape trial on a charge of murder, married a Harrisburg woman with $2,500 and engaged in the restaurant business in this city under the name of William Hill, was arrested at his place of business today, and committed to jail to await instructions from the authorities in the south.

Ingram admits that he shot to death Scales Morris, a negro, at Greensboro, N. C., July 4, 1900, and declares that he committed the crime to save himself from being killed. His wife was the daughter of the Rev. James Lyons, pastor of a Baptist church in this city, who died several years ago, leaving a small estate which she inherited.

Hoping Regular Session Turns Out Better.

U. S. STEEL AND LABOR EXECUTIVES WILL MEET

President Corey of the Corporation and Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association to Confer on Wages.

President W. E. Corey of the United States Steel Corporation and President Theodore Shaffer of the Amalgamated association will meet next Monday to hold a final conference upon the proposed wage reductions.

This is the outcome of a number of quiet conferences that have already been held between the presidents of the subsidiary companies employing members of the Amalgamated association. Throughout this week these conferences will go on and towards the close of the week there will be another meeting of the presidents who will by that time know the full details of the reduction requirements for the coming year.

President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association will also continue his investigations this week, confer with the other officers of the association and learn the sentiment toward an adjustment of the present wage conditions to the demands of the situation.

When the two presidents meet each will know the exact status of affairs. All the points on which there is a divergence of opinion will be clearly outlined, so that a final settlement may not be too long delayed.

So far as known, there is a general opinion among the members of the Amalgamated association that there must be some concessions made in order to keep the furnaces and mills of the corporation running with the cost of production as low as the selling price. It is known to every one that the price at which the corporation must dispose of its products have been greatly reduced within the past year and that the dividend has been cut one-half on the common stock.

It is also stated on semi-official authority that the first reduction fixed by the corporation was in the salaries of the principal officials. It is said that this reduction was 30 per cent, which is thought to be somewhat greater than will be asked of the tonnage men and others belonging to the amalgamated. It is also said that the last wage to be reduced is that paid to common labor. It is hoped that no reduction will be necessary in this. In one underlying company of the corporation this policy is said to have been definitely settled upon.

A director of the corporation said yesterday in New York: "The cost of producing iron and steel must be reduced all the way from 10 to 20 per cent, and organized labor must join with us in bringing this about.

"The Steel Corporation has prospects of a good business at home and abroad in 1904, but it must make iron and steel more cheaply in order to secure this trade, as it is highly competitive."

It is the present intention to hold the forthcoming conference in New York. This plan is not definitely fixed, however, and President Corey may come to Pittsburgh to meet President Shaffer.

NOTED WRITER STRICKEN WITH ATTACK OF APOPLEXY

Rev. Dr. Henry Clay Trumbull of Philadelphia Said to Be at Death's Door.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—The Rev. Dr. Henry Clay Trumbull, editor of the Sunday School Times, and known throughout the world as an author and Sunday school leader, was stricken with apoplexy at his home, 413 Walnut street, this evening. He is not expected to live more than a few hours.

Drs. S. S. Stryker and Charles K. Mills have been in consultation, but they extend no hope to the family, all the members of which are with Dr. Trumbull. For two or three years past Dr. Trumbull has been afflicted with a nervous disorder which prevented free locomotion, but did not at all dim his intellectual powers. Since being confined to his home he had done more writing for The Sunday School Times than ever before, besides issuing a great many books.

His most widely circulated volume, "Individuals Write for Individuals," was written after he became a shut-in. A volume of reminiscences and one of sermons were among his output for this season. Among his best-known works are "Teached and Teaching," "War Memories of an Army Chaplain," "Friendship, the Master Passion," and "Kadesh-Barnea," the last being an outcome of oriental investigations during which he discovered the site of "Kadesh-Barnea."

CHESTER D. POTTER.

WIVES OF STRIKERS ATTACK OFFICERS WHO DID DUTY

HASTINGS, COL., Dec. 7.—Eleven wives of striking coal miners today attacked Marshals Hightower and Waybright, while the officers were razing some shanties on the Victor Fuel Company's property, in the Italian quarter. Marie Vanelli struck Hightower on the head with a butcher's cleaver, nearly cutting off an ear. Other women gave Waybright a severe beating. The women were arrested.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH MAY LOSE HER REASON

She Renounced Royalty to Wed Man Who Has Now Shown Ingratitude.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—The shooting of the actress, Clara Ziegler, in the apartments in Prague of Prince Otto Von Wendisch-Graetz, by Princess Elizabeth Marie, his wife, the granddaughter of Emperor Frances Joseph of Austria, has created a profound sensation and universal sympathy is expressed for the unfortunate daughter of the crown Prince Rudolf.

Later reports from Prague indicate that the princess is in a serious condition and it is feared that she may lose her reason. It appears from the latest details received here of the tragic occurrence that the princess had been informed of her husband's intrigue with the beautiful actress by a former lover of the woman whom she had forsaken, when Prince Otto became infatuated with her. The princess bided her time and when the prince went so far as to bring the woman to the castle in which his wife was living, the indignity was to great for her to bear and as has already been told, forced her way into the apartment in which they were and used a revolver given her by her husband, with tragic effect.

One reason why the sympathy of the people, both of Austria and Germany, is with the princess is that, on her part at least, her marriage was the result of pure love. In order to marry Prince Otto she was compelled to renounce for herself and heirs all claims to the Austrian throne, which she cheerfully did. After making this sacrifice for the sake of her love, it is felt even by the steady going Germans that she deserved at least that her home should not be defiled by the man for whose sake she had made it.

The opinion is generally expressed that it is a pity she did not shoot her husband while she was about it.

Herbert Spencer Very Feeble.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A bulletin issued late tonight says that Herbert Spencer is very feeble and that his condition is most serious.

S. C. JAMISON IN THE FIELD

New Candidate for President of Central Board of Education Appears.

FOX MEN BACK HIM

Promise to Support Him in Case the Eleventh Ward Man Is Forced Out of the Contest.

THEY ARE FIGHTING GILLESPIE

S. C. Jamison of the Eighth ward is to be a candidate for president of the central board of education in the event of John T. Fox, the present presiding officer, failing to secure a re-election to the board. Sixteen members are credited with having pledged their votes and support to Jamison. His opponent is D. L. Gillespie of the Nineteenth ward.

There is a deadlock in the Eleventh ward school board over the election of a member of the central body. Fox is the present representative. When the directors tried to elect Friday night, they divided as follows: For Fox—E. T. Ginniff, R. E. S. Ward and Fox; for Allison—Dr. Andred Stevenson and John T. Wallace; for George Sterling—John Whitney. Fogus the only Republican member of the board; the others are Citizens and Democrats.

Every effort was made to secure another meeting of the board on Saturday night when it was hoped that Fox could be elected. Whitney, who is also the Democratic ward chairman, was urged to go over to Fox. Prominent members of the Central board who want Fox re-elected to the presidency, interested themselves in the ward contest and endeavored to get Whitney in line for Fox. Whitney says he was visited at an early hour Saturday morning by non-residents of the ward, who urged him to vote for Fox, but he declined to comply with their request. He says he has the highest regard for Fox and would like to vote for him on personal grounds, but thinks that such action would endanger the fusion councilmanic ticket.

Situation in the Eleventh.

The Eleventh ward school directors are to meet again Monday night. Whitney says that he does not see how Fox can win as he could not possibly go over to him now. Wallace is a city employe and Central board members are authority for the story that men prominent in the city administration have requested him to oppose Fox. According to Fox, Reed does not desire to be a candidate for membership on the Central board.

There was a report out last night that Fox had decided to withdraw as a candidate for the presidency and that Jamison had been taken up. He denies that he has withdrawn and says that his retirement will depend on whether or not he is re-elected to the board. His ward has until February to elect his successor and he has not given up the fight.

In the meantime the central board members who are back of Fox intend to hold their lines intact. D. L. Gillespie of the Nineteenth ward is making a fight for the presidency and the opposition to him has pledged its votes to Jamison in the event of Fox being forced out of the race. Fox, Gillespie and Jamison are all stalwart Republicans and have been active in their wards for the party.

Claims of Jamison.

Jamison admitted last night that he was a candidate for the presidency in the event of Fox's retirement. If Fox can secure a re-election to the board, Jamison will support him for the chairmanship. Sunday night Jamison says that

Continued on Second Page, Second Column.

FOUR FEVER VICTIMS DEAD

Another Grim Chapter to Butler's Story of Distress.

NEW CASES INCREASE

Additional Patients Are Reported at the Rate of About 15 a Day.

RELIEF WORK WELL IN HAND

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Butler, Pa., Dec. 7.—The fever deaths of today were four, as follows:

EUGENE VALENTINE, aged 24, single, janitor of the National bank building; died in the City of Brotherly Love hospital of typhoid pneumonia this evening; was at the point of death when he was removed to the hospital.

RALPH O. GIBSON, aged 2, son of Sheriff Martin L. Gibson.

SHERIDAN E. SHAW, formerly of Tionesta, aged 38; carworker, living on the plank road; leaves a wife and three children, one of whom has the fever.

GEORGE WISENER, aged 36, only son of Philip Wisener.

During the day Mrs. Emma Fullerton Young, wife of Robert T. Young, aged 54, and Mrs. Ann Eliza Evans, aged 91, died. Mrs. Young was suffering from a complication of diseases, but neither died of fever. Mrs. Evans was the widow of Abijah Evans, and the mother of Walter Evans, of Butler, and Samuel P. Evans, of Franklin. This evening Frank Lewis was found dead in bed at the Bessemer hotel, but his death is supposed to have been caused by alcoholism.

Tonight in the City of Brotherly Love hospital there are 32 patients; in the Pierce Avenue hospital, 12; in the Wagner hospital, five, and in the Butler County General hospital, 32 patients. There are orders out for the removal of several patients to the hospital as early as possible tomorrow morning.

An almost complete canvas of the Third ward today showed 226 cases, while a very complete report from Manager Edward G. Caughey of the Standard Car works, showed 50 cases at Lyndora and Red Row. New cases continue to come in at the rate of from 12 to 15 a day, which indicates that the pestilence is subsiding, as 10 days ago the number of new cases was from 20 to 30 a day, while the doctors say that a month ago there were as high as 40 cases heaped upon them some days. As many of the new cases, as possible, are taken to the hospitals.

Systematic relief work has accomplished much in relieving the suffering, and improving the conditions arising from the epidemic. A nurse this evening remarked: "I nursed through the smallpox scurge at Rochester, N. Y., last fall, and through the typhoid fever epidemic at Cornell university last spring, and I tell you if we had had as well organized government there as we have here, much good would have been done, and many lives saved."

Calvin G. Christie, one of the most active members of the executive committee, has had to give up the relief work, in order to care for two cases of fever in his family. Among the latest victims of the disease are Mrs. Herman of Second street, Mrs. F. M. Huff of East Jefferson street, Mrs. Mary Christo of Standard avenue, Albert Koch of East Main street, Joseph E. Wider of Bessemer avenue, Joseph Brittain of Jefferson street, Jacob and Charles Gerard of Lincoln way, George Denny of South street, Mrs. Kepple of Center avenue, and a child of John E. Miller of Dunbar street.

Four new cases have been reported near the pumping station of the Butler Water Company. The members of the family of Frank D. Eagle, engineer in charge, are all down with the disease. No water from the creek at the pumping station is now pumped into the city main, nor has been since November 15.

Miss Anderson of Rochester, N. Y., a nurse who has been on duty for the past two weeks, has been removed to one of the hospitals with the fever. Charles Skinner, an undertaker employed by Wesley P. Roessinger, was also pronounced ill with the fever yesterday. A. M. Wise, a prominent liverman, and his wife, were both stricken with the disease within the last two days.

Absconding Teller Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—News was received here today of the arrest at Memphis, Tenn., of James M. Edge, a former note teller of the First National bank of Paterson, N. J., who disappeared August 5, 1902, and who was later accused of stealing $100,000 from the bank. Edge admitted his identity and waived extradition and will be taken to Paterson immediately.

NEW THEATER IS DEDICATED

Nixon's Magnificent Playhouse Opened to Enthusiastic Audience.

"ERMINIE" THE PLAY

Fashionable Crowd Applauds the Familiar Capers of Francis Wilson.

ORATORY FOLLOWED SONGS

Pittsburgh took a step forward with a metropolitan stride last night, when 5,000 people joined in the enthusiastic opening of the new Nixon theater. The splendid temple of the drama was formally dedicated to the people of Pittsburgh by Manager S. F. Nixon in his address from the stage between the melodies of "Erminie," and there was none in that vast audience that failed to catch the spirit of the occasion. The applause which greeted Mr. Nixon contained sufficient answer that his gift was accepted with the most grateful appreciation.

It was a dual tribute to enterprise and art that was accorded by the initial audience at the Nixon. In the $1,200,000 theater no city in this country and few in the world possess a playhouse that equals the magnificent structure which opened its doors last night to admit an audience characteristic of Pittsburgh, which sat for three hours watching the grotesque capers of Francis Wilson in his revival of "Erminie."

Ready for the Audience.

Theater goers expected to see nothing new beside the splendor of the new theater. "Erminie" they had hummed for years and Mr. Wilson, Jessie Bartlett Davis and Madge Lessing were favorites here when Pittsburgh had to be satisfied with only one high-class place of amusement.

At 7 o'clock last night the last of the army of workmen finished their work. Less than nine months before they had broken ground for the building and the sweepers completed their task just 30 minutes before the doors were opened. A long line of carriages in Sixth avenue was the signal that the first of the pilgrims were coming. An immense crowd gathered along the entire block between Grant and Smithfield streets to gaze at the fashionables that thronged about the doorway. A thousand incandescent lights in the arches and cornice made the white front of the building blaze as if in a glow of fire. The rich gowns of the women and the sparkle of jewels added to the brilliancy of the scene.

Overwhelmed by Dazzling Splendor.

On reaching the foyer every member of the audience paused as if overwhelmed by the dazzling splendor of the scene before him. In his imagination no Pittsburgher had pictured such a wealth of color, such lavish use of draperies of silk and plush, and such extravagant illuminating effects. To this wizard-work of the artist and decorator soon was added the modifying charm of beautiful women whose faces, radiant in the delight that all shared, were appropriately framed by the luxury that surrounded them.

Every seat was filled. The patrons went early and inspected the house, spending much time in conversation and in the promenade in the broad corridor and foyer. It was at 8:30 o'clock when the overture notes drifted away and the magnificent plush curtain rolled up, revealing the munificence of Francis Wilson's stage setting of "Erminie."

The universal verdict was that no finer theater existed in America, and some who had traveled abroad made many comparisons, with the odds in favor of the local enterprise. While the audience was still sounding the new Nixon's praises, Francis Wilson, sitting in his dressing room at the close of the first act said:

Francis Wilson's Tribute.

"This is the finest theater I have ever been in. I doubt whether it can be surpassed in its beauty of interior decoration. The audience seems overwhelmed, and it will take several hard-working acts of the stage people to make the patrons unbend."

At the end of the second act the genial comedian was recalled before the curtain, and after congratulating the people of Pittsburgh in their possession of the finest playhouse in the land, he introduced Mr. Nixon, W. J. Davis, H. J. Powers and Fred Nixon-Nirdlinger, partners in the

Continued on Sixth Page, First Column.

HERO OF THE POLAR SEAS BRANDS BACKER A BRIBER

Millionaire Zeigler, Who Is Fighting Extradition to Missouri, Says E. P. Baldwin Is Partly Responsible for Alum Bill Charges.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 7.—If William Zeigler, the millionaire baking powder man, can show that he was in Cole county, Mo., in March, 1901, he will not have to go to Missouri to stand trial on the indictment charging him with furnishing money with which to bribe legislators. Gov. Odell decided so much at the hearing before him on the extradition papers today.

After some sparring between Attorney General Crow of Missouri and Mr. Zeigler's counsel, Governor Odell declared:

"I have narrowed the matter down to one month," he said. "This is the requisition of a governor of another state, alleging a crime to have been committed in a certain month. If this man has committed a crime he ought to go back to Missouri, and if not, he should not be taken from this state."

The defense submitted an affidavit by Mr. Zeigler, in which he denied every allegation set forth in the indictment and maintained that the indictment was the work of his enemies, the Arctic explorer, E. P. Baldwin, whom he discharged from his service, and opposing interests in the baking powder field.

He was in St. Louis in December, 1900, and January, 1901, according to the affidavit, to secure a contract, and again in April on business, but he was not in St. Louis between January and April, 1901. Witnesses testified that Mr. Zeigler was in New York on March 19 when the crime is alleged to have been committed.

SOLOMON'S MINES ARE DUPLICATED

Two Suspicious Characters Burdened With Gold and Many Precious Jewels.

MEN WANTED IN NEW YORK

When Detectives Louis Leff and John F. Lally arrested Abraham Dahler and Morris Opar as suspicious persons, they did so because they thought the men were members of the New York "mob" that has come to Pittsburgh lately. When their prisoners tried to bribe them to let them go, the detectives thought they had a good catch, and when by searching they uncovered a mine of gold watches and jewelry, bearing indications that all was stolen property they were sure the captives were "good 'uns." A telegram from the New York detectives a few hours later clinched this fact, for the men are wanted in New York for grand larceny.

At 1:15 p. m. yesterday Lally and Leff went out for lunch, and at Fifth avenue and Smithfield street they saw two men who aroused their suspicions. They followed the men up Fifth avenue, Wylie avenue and Fulton street, and at Clark and Fulton streets they accosted the men and told them the superintendent wanted to see them at his office.

Leff Can Speak Yiddish.

One of the men said in Yiddish to his companion that he would offer the detectives money to let them go. He did not know that Leff can speak Yiddish. The attempt to bribe was made, one of the men offering the detectives $20 each if they would release them. This offer only confirmed the detectives in their suspicion that the men were crooks and they arrested them. On the car the prisoners repeated their offer. One of them said to Lally that he would not regret releasing him; that he could pay well. When the quartet got off the car the prisoners had to be dragged, the larger one insisting that Lally ought to "do business" and accept a reward.

The men were searched by Acting Superintendent William Elmore. They gave the names of Morris Opar and Abraham Dahler, and said they had come to Pittsburgh on Saturday, although they had previously told Leff and Lally that they came here a month ago. Opar was first searched. He had two revolvers in his pockets and nothing else. Then Dahler was searched. His pockets were full of gold watches and gold chains, and he had $110 in bills.

Another Mine Discovered.

Lally and Leff asked them if they had nothing "planted," but both asserted that everything they had had been taken from them. The detectives decided to search them again, and under Opar's shirt, suspended by a string, was a little buckskin bag full of jewelry. They were taken back to Elmore's office and the loot was surveyed. This is the list of stuff found:

One man's hunting case gold watch and chain, with the initials "P. H." on the watch; one man's hunting case gold watch and chain, one woman's gold watch, with a raised stag head on one case; one woman's gold watch, smooth surface; two plain gold rings, one woman's neckchain and locket, with raised floral design, surrounded by five small diamonds; neckchain with two small heart lockets; one woman's long watch chain, gold holder and pen and 12 watch stem rings, indicating that probably 12 watches had been "lifted" out of pockets, after the ring to which the chain is attached had been twisted off the watch, that it might be lifted from a pocket. All these things were found on Dahler and its value is estimated at $700.

In the Buckskin Bag.

But the buckskin bag contained things that made the detectives open their eyes. There was a ring set with two four-carat diamonds, worth at a low calculation $1,000; one man's ring, with three diamonds set deep, worth $250; a ring, 2¼ carat diamond, worth $350; a ring, 3 carat diamond, worth $450; a ring, 5 carat diamond, set in eagle's claws, worth $500; a ring, 1¾ carat diamond, worth $225; a marquis ring, 16 small diamonds, worth about $125; a ring, ruby, surrounded with 10 small diamonds, worth $150. The total value of the stuff is estimated at $6,750 and more.

Lally put the ring with the two big diamonds on his finger. "Those are swell stones," he remarked.

"Yes," said Opar, "and they might have been yours if you hadn't been a d—n fool."

The prisoners were taken back to the cell room. They were put into individual cells, separated by a vacant cell, and after they were locked up their attention was diverted and Leff slipped into the vacant cell and the other detectives went away. The prisoners immediately began talking to each other in Yiddish, Leff taking in every word.

Detective Was Listening.

"Tell the judge tomorrow that we've been together three years and that we bought those things at auction and in pawnshops," shouted Opar. "If we have to go to New York we'll have to try to make up the stuff we're short."

They talked further, and the detective learned a good deal, and more than he would tell.

Elmore telegraphed to the New York detectives of the arrest of the men, but did not describe any of the jewelry nor tell of the fact that two pawnticketa, one for watch and one for a diamond ring, had been found on the prisoners. About 10 p. m. a telegram was received from J. J. Langan, New York captain of detectives, as follows:

"Hold Dahler and Opar and the jewelry. Charge, grand larceny. Further particulars tomorrow."

Lally and Leff are two detectives who went on the force when Thomas A. McQuaide became superintendent. Lally had worked for McQuaide when the latter was with the Pittsburgh Railways Company. Lally was put on the force because it was though his knowledge of Yiddish and his acquaintance would be valuable. Its value was demonstrated.

A special telegram to The Gazette from New York received last night said:

"It was said at police headquarters this evening that Abraham Dahler and Morris Opar were wanted in this city for obtaining jewelry from Louis White Law of 292 East Houston street and Idore Zoggan of 199 East Houston street. It was said that the jewels had been obtained on the 'memorandum plan.'

"Persons who obtain articles by this method generally represent themselves as jewelry salesmen and make arrangements to keep the jewels in their possession for a certain length of time in order to sell them. The police of this city have asked that Opar and Dahler be held in Pittsburgh."

CLOSING TIME OF MAILS AT THE PITTSBURGH POSTOFFICE

New York—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Baltimore—2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic City—2:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:00, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Buffalo—7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 10:15, 11:30 p. m.

Cleveland—8:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 11:30 p. m.

Chicago—1:30, 5:10, 8:20, 11:30 a. m.; 12:30, 7:45, 8:50 p. m.

Chicago—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—1:20, 5:10, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—8:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

San Francisco—3:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Boston—2:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

$375 PIANO $130.

SPECIAL BARGAIN IN GOOD UPRIGHT AT HOFFMANN'S, 537 SMITHFIELD ST.

Are you looking for a good piano at a bargain price? If so, don't miss this.

A beautiful mahogany-cased upright, of fine tone quality, and in perfect condition —only $130.00. This piano will compare favorably with many pianos for which $350.00 to $375.00 is asked—will make a handsome Christmas present to the family. Easy terms arranged.

Call at once.

J. M. HOFFMANN CO., 537 Smithfield Street.

Sole representatives for Sohmer, Vose and Behning pianos.

MAKING CAPITAL OUT OF MESSAGE

London Papers Apply Roosevelt's Utterances to English Fiscal Controversy.

PRAISE FOR THE PRESIDENT

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Dec. 8.—While President Roosevelt's message to congress is acknowledged to be of universal interest, it evokes no striking comment from the London press. Both sides in the fiscal controversy seize points in it which they contend favor their particular claims. Perhaps the part attracting the most serious attention is the president's reference to the necessity for creating a great mercantile marine.

The Standard refers to the entry of the United States upon a career of colonial dominion as "entailing heavy national expenditure so that henceforth the problem for the government will likely to not know how to get ride of its automatic surpluses, but how to maintain its financial equilibrium."

The Daily News views with some alarm the entrance of the United States into world politics and says:

"America is fortunate in opening an aggressive diplomatic career with statesmen as able as President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hay, but she will not always be so favored and must prepare her citizens for heavy burdens such as Europe has to bear. American squadrons will soon be rapidly multiplying in number and in strength; let us hope the world's peaceful instincts will grow at the same pace."

S. C. JAMISON IN FIELD FOR PRESIDENT OF BOARD

Continued from First Page.

he was visited by members of the central board, who presented him with this petition:

Petition of members and members-elect of the central board of education:

In the event of an inevitable change in the presidency of the central board of education, the undersigned respectfully petition Mr. S. C. Jamison to become a candidate for the position, and hereby pledge him our votes and support.

Jamison says that this is signed by 16 members of the board, but he declines to give the names for the reason that it would be furnishing information to Gillespie. He admitted that all of the Democratic members had signed. Charles J. Pedder is also a supporter. Another signer, according to Jamison, is Dr. H. L. Reinecke, who on Sunday night announced his candidacy for the presidency. There are 38 members of the board, but Jamison figures that when the time comes to elect a president there will be deadlocks in the Eleventh, Twelfth and two other wards. He is of the opinion that 18 votes will be enough to elect and expects to have them.

The same men who are pledged to Jamison are expected to vote for the reelection of Charles Reisfar, Jr., the present secretary of the board. So far no opposition to Reisfar has developed.

THOUGHT STRYCHNINE WOULD CURE TROUBLE

Boy Puts It in Orange Then Sucks Juice—Saved by Quick Work.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Stuart Smith, a youth of Siegfried, Pa., became dissatisfied with life today and bought two vials of strychnine at different downtown drug stores. Satisfied that he had enough poison to insure sure cure for his woes he went to Battery park and tasted the strychnine, but did not like its bitter flavor. Then he approached a fruit vendor and purchased a large, juicy orange. Cutting a hole in the end of the orange, Smith poured in the strychnine and let it soak in.

Ellis Island evidently did not meet his views as a proper place to rest his dying eyes, so Smith went into the Aquarium. Taking a position in front of the winter quarters of the angel fish, Smith sucked the orange. In an instant he felt as if an electric current had been turned on in his throat and fell to the floor with a yell, which attracted every one in the aquarium, including Policeman Gardner.

The latter summoned Dr. Wells from Hudson street hospital. He found the poison vials, gave Smith an antidote, learned of his original method of taking the poison and hurried him to the hospital. He will recover. Smith said he was 20 years old. Two letters addressed to Henry Smith, lock box No. 165, Siegfried, Pa., were found in his pocket.

FRANK A. PARKER.

NON-UNIONISTS AMBUSHED.

Strikers Shoot Men Who Were on Their Way from Work.

TRINIDAD, COL., Dec. 7.—A sheriff and posse with bloodhounds, tonight, went on a special locomotive to Primero in response to a message saying that five non-union miners had been ambushed this evening. One of the non-union party was shot in the foot, but made his way to Primero and gave the alarm. He did not know whether the rest of the non-union men had been killed or wounded, but they had not arrived at Primero late tonight. The sheriff will be joined by 50 deputies at Primero.

ATTEMPT TO DESTROY PASSENGER TRAINS

WHEELING, W. VA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—An attempt to destroy passenger trains on the Panhandle in the yards north of the Top mill was made tonight and was almost successful. The attempt is believed to have been the work of recently discharged Italians and Hungarian laborers. The lights on the blocks of three switches were taken off and signals manipulated to show a clear track. Then the switches were turned in order that a train coming in either direction would run into an open switch. Passenger train No. 2, leaving here at 8:30, was going at a high speed and ran into a switch against a coal car. The car was demolished, the engine wrecked, both ends of the first coach were crushed in, and passengers thrown from their seats and badly bruised.

Fined $200 for Fatal Shooting.

CANTON, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Andrew Leidig was fined $200 and costs for the fatal shooting of little Minnie Barnett. Leidig was shooting at a target last summer, when a stray shot struck and killed the girl. Leidig was indicted for manslaughter, but numerous petitions and requests for leniency were made to the court, resulting in the acceptance of a plea of guilty to assault and battery.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Sailed Dec. 7.

Queenstown—Umbria, for New York.
Plymouth—Belgravia, for New York.
Genoa—Sardegnia, for New York.

Arrived Dec. 7.

New York—Minnetonka, from London; Vaderland, from Antwerp.
Cherbourg—Kronprinz Wilhelm, from New York.
Sicily—Amsterdam, from Rotterdam (for New York).
Marseilles—Machaon, from Tacoma.
Liverpool—Saxonia, from Boston.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

British Premier Seems in High Glee

A RECENT SNAPSHOT OF MR. BALFOUR

This is a late photograph of Mr. Balfour taken as he was riding with Mr. Walter Long through a crowd of cheering admirers after a mass-meeting at which he had defended his policy.

CANADA IS NO CRYING BABY DECLARES MINISTER SIFTON

Minister of Interior Delivers Important Speech on the Alaskan Boundary Decision and the Position of the Dominion.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OTTAWA, ONT., Dec. 7.—Clifford Sifton, minister of the interior, delivered an important speech this evening before the Canada club. Mr. Sifton was the British agent before the recent meetings of the Alaska boundary commission.

He dealt with the fiscal discussion now going on in England and spoke freely and frankly upon the question of imperial preferential trade, imperial defence and the best method of Canada to pursue in regard to these important matters. There was no portion of his speech which was so heartily indorsed as when he declared that any preference which was not mutually advantageous to Britain and Canada alike would not have his support.

He said he regretted to see Canada represented in the United States press as a squalling infant crying out for something which we could not get and threatening to leave the empire if we did not get it. Mr. Sifton declared that he objected to anyone saying that Canada had to be bribed to remain loyal to the empire.

He agreed with Sir Charles Tupper, which he did not often do, when Sir Charles said that Canada did not require the protection of the British navy. There was no country more self-contained than Canada and it was those who purchased the produce of the country required to protect it by sea. Canada did not require land defenses, but there was no need of a large standing army. Mr. Sifton showed how the Canadian militia had improved in recent years and said that he had suggested to the minister of militia that every schoolboy should be taught the use of the rifle, and when he was 21 years of age it should be presented to him.

Mr. Sifton, in referring to the Alaskan boundary award, agreed with Mr. Aylesworth and Sir Louis Jette when they refused to sign it. He maintained that in future negotiations of treaties all the commissioners on the British side should be Canadians when Canadian cases were concerned.

CREED AS BROAD AS B BLE AND NOT A BIT BROADER

Presbyterians Not to Discuss Confession of Faith, but Seek Sinners' Confessions.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—At the annual dinner of the Presbyterian Union of New York tonight the Rev. Dr. Robert Coy'e, moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church was one of the speakers. He advocated the return of Bible preaching and said in the course of his address:

"The Presbyterian church is as broad as the Bible and no broader. The outlook for the forward movement of the church is bright. The troubles of the past have been forgotten, and instead of controversy over the confession of faith we are looking for a confession of sinners.

"The wrangling whether election preceded faith or faith preceded election is all wrong and it keeps a divided church in refusing to admit the great army of the Cumberland (meaning the southern general assembly) out. Such hair splitting must make the Master's heart bleed. That is the trouble between us and the Cumberland."

HITS THE DRUMMERS.

Dr. Mabie Says They Leave Religion Behind When They Go Abroad.

SALT LAKE, Utah., Dec 7.—(Special.) The Rev. Dr. Henry C. Mabie, of Boston, home secretary of the American Baptist Union, who is in the city on a visit, scored traveling salesmen in a red hot sermon preached to two thousand persons at the Second Baptist church today. He said:

"The Lord is not the only one who has his foreign missionaries; satan also has his, and among them are some of the commercial traveling men. They go away into other countries and leave their religion behind them and there indulge in vice and wickedness."

Among the congregation were a number of drummers who were almost paralyzed by the attack made upon them.

NEW WATER SCANDAL CASES.

Eight More Grand Rapids Citizens Have Warrants Against Them.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Dec. 7.—Eight more warrants were issued late this afternoon in the water plant scandal, the charge in five cases being conspiracy, as follows:

J. Clark Sprot, former manager of the Morning Democrat and Evening Post. E. D. Conger, manager of the Grand Rapids Herald. J. Russell Thompson, Evening Press reporter. Isaac Lamoreaux, former city clerk.

In two warrants, the charge is perjury, these warants being for ex-state Senator George E. Nichols, and Garrit E. Albers, ex-circuit court commissioner. Subornation of perjury is the charge against Attorney William F. McKnight.

PINNED UNDER A CAR FOR OVER TEN MINUTES

Harry Laughran, 45 years old, of 97 Amanda street, a mill worker, was last night struck by a North Highland car at Shingiss and Forbes streets and received serious injuries of the head, arm and back. The accident happened at 7:45 o'clock in the evening and over 10 minutes elapsed before Laughran was taken unconscious from beneath the car. He was removed in that condition to Mercy hospital.

ROOSEVELT AND HANNA'S RELATIONS CORDIAL

AKRON, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—"The most cordial relations exist between President Roosevelt and Senator Hanna," said Congressman Charles Dick here today, discussing the Wood-Rathbone affair. "Their frankness toward each other is the very thing that has drawn them together, for each is a great admirer of frankness. A rupture between them would be as unfortunate for one as for the other."

CHINESE SOVEREIGNTY MAY INCLUDE MANCHURIA

Settlement With Russia Is Being Concluded by the Peking Government.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

PEKING, Dec. 7.—Prominent officials here assert that China is concluding an agreement with Russia for the government of Manchuria. It is expected that the arrangement will include most of Russia's's supplementary terms for the evacuation and will nominally confirm Chinese sovereignty while give Russia an advisory share in the government.

During the recent palace conference three plans were discussed—war against Russia, an appeal to friendly nations for assistance and a settlement with Russia on the best terms obtainable. The first plan was dismissed as suicidal; the second failed. Since then China has been unable to suggest and the United States and Japan, to whom she appealed, have been unable to see any practicable steps to be taken. Therefore, the third plan was adopted.

TOKIO, Dec. 7.—The formal opening of the Japanese diet, which was confidently expected to take place tomorrow, has finally been fixed for December 10.

DECIDED ON SUCCESSOR.

Durham and Mayor Weaver Pick a Man for Congressman Burk's Place.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—(Special.) Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham and Mayor John Weaver had an extended conference today. Politics in general were discussed and it is rumored, that a man was agreed upon to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Henry Burk. Who was selected will not be made known until after the Burk funeral.

It is stated that Burk's successor is a prominent manufacturer, one largely identified with the commercial interests of Philadelphia. Commissioner Durham and Mayor Weaver, it is stated, are now working in perfect harmony. Differences no longer exist between the "organization" and the "administration."

PORTO RICO WANTS A SEAT IN REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Among the passengers who arrived today on board the steamer Caracas from San Juan, Porto Rico, were Robert H. Todd, Mayor of San Juan, and Jose Briosa, a member of the executive council, who intends to ask for the admission of a republican delegation from Porto Rico to the next republican convention.

Rival Organization Formed.

Owing to the failure of the national officers of the boiler makers to attend the special convention being held at 952 Penn avenue, called by the eight suspended lodges, the delegates decided to form a new organization. Today officers will be elected. The new organization will be disbanded if the American Federation of Labor succeeds in inducing the national officers to answer the charges of suspending the lodges because they would not pay an alleged illegal $2 assessment.

Two Deaths from Smallpox.

Two deaths from smallpox occurred yesterday at the municipal hospital—Green McDaniels, 28 years old, colored, of 23 Horton street, and William Walker, 24 years old, of 223 North Atlantic avenue. The new cases were James Shannon, 9750 Griffith street; Thomas Fall, 82 Bigelow avenue; George Tallery, 44 Beelen street; Cornelia Miller, 5308 Butler street; Charles Harris, 1718 Webster avenue, and William Wright, 3216 Mulberry alley.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

BOARD DECISION FAVORS MINERS

Anthracite Coal Workers Conciliated by Advance in Wages.

THIN VEIN DISPUTE SETTLED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WILKESBARRE, PA., Dec. 7.—The conciliation board met in this city today. Only three grievances were acted upon. The most important grievance decided was that of the contract miners employed in Jermyn & Co.'s Pine Brook colliery at Old Forge, who charged that they had not received any advance in wages since the last strike. These men work by the day and were paid $2 47 for loading three cars, this number constituting a day's work; if they loaded but one during the day, they only received one-third of a day's pay. The company furnished the powder to the men and they furnished their own tools, and it was a question whether they be regarded company or contract miners.

When the commission's award was rendered the company reduced the hours of the men, giving them nine hours instead of 10, but no advance on the price per car and the men claimed the shorter work day was a handicap instead of a benefit to them and asked for an advance. The conciliation board decided in favor of the miners and decreed them an advance of 10 per cent, which will make their pay $2 72 instead of $2 47 for three cars. According to the rules of the conciliators this decree becomes retractive and the men will receive the advance from April 1, which will make the decision of the convention a considerable benefit to them.

The other grievance, which was decided in favor of the company, the real question being whether an old rule on the system and payment in a certain vein was still in force. The contract miners employed in the Pocono vein, Pine Brook colliery of the Scranton Coal Company, were working under a rule adopted some years ago, that they were to receive an advance of 10 cents per car when the vein got smaller than three feet, six inches in thickness. Before the colliery passed into the possession of the present company this rule became lax and the miners claim that all in the vein were paid the 10 cents a car advance whether the vein went below three feet, six inches or not, and they made a protest to the conciliation board when the new company enforced the rule, saying that it was now inoperative and could not be enforced. At the recent hearing at Scranton, both sides were represented. The board decided against the miners, holding that the rule could still be enforced.

ALTOONA, PA., Dec. 7.—The eyes of every organized miner in this section are turned toward the Meyersdale field, where, it is announced, the Somerset Coal Company, the Merchants Coal Company and the W. K. Niver Coal Company will on Wednesday put into effect an agreement between the three corporations reducing the wages of their employes 10 cents a ton on all coal mined. Reductions of the wages of all the men employed on day work will also be made accordingly. A strike is threatened that will involve over 2,500 men.

GOING TO WASHINGTON.

Pittsburghers Will Try to Get the Republican National Convention for This City.

Pittsburg will be well represented at the meeting of the Republican national committee in Washington on Friday. The claim of Pittsburg as the next convention city will be presented by Mayor W. B. Hays, Republican County Chairman T. J. Fud, Republican Lieut. Chairman M. G. Leslie, Col. A. J. Togan, president of the Chamber of Commerce and A. G. Roenigh of the East End Board of Trade. The committee was appointed yesterday at a meeting in the city hall. Mr. Fud will go to Washington tomorrow night to enlist the services of Senator Boies Penrose and Congressman John Dalzell. The other Pittsburgh boomers will leave Pittsburgh Thursday night. There will be a dozen prominent Alleghenycountians in addition to the committee. If the convention cannot be secured for next year, the 1908 body will be invited.

Married at Stubenville.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Samuel C. Dalzell and Beatrice Davis of Sheradon, Pa., Harry Tarrin and Margaret Dowden of Clayton, James M. Collins and Katherine A. Dornberg, Byron A. Blasdell and Edith Ballard of Pittsburgh, Anton Shaffer and Nannie L. Owen of Monticello, Ky., Thomas Carroll and Mary E. Miles of Fayette, Pa., Walter G. Graham and Elizabeth K. Perkins of Allegheny, were granted licenses and married here.

Baby Burned to Death.

As a result of children playing with matches at a home on Samuel Merrimelstine Strawberry alley and Third street, McKeesport, yesterday, Ben Mermelstine, a two-year-old baby, died at midnight. The boy's sister, Rosie, 4 years old, amused the child by playing with a box of matches. The matches ignited and before the child's clothing could be torn off it he was fatally burned.

A PIANO FOR CHRISTMAS

WOULD BE A SUPERB PRESENT

Many homes in this vicinity will welcome new pianos Christmas. We have sold a great many pianos which will surprise and delight the hearts of those who receive them. Indeed, a piano surpasses everything else as a Christmas present.

A piano would not be a present for Christmas alone, but for a lifetime. That is, provided you get a good one. We have been in the music business for over a third of a century and it is needless to dwell upon the reliability of this house. Nor perhaps is it necessary to urge upon you the advisability of buying your piano from responsible people. We are continually selling good pianos at a very low cost and on easy payments. If you are considering the matter we will make it worth your while to come and see our stock.

But don't delay this important matter. The sooner you can come the more satisfactory will be your investigation into the piano question.

AS TO PRICES, THEY RANGE FROM $200 UPWARD.

We sell a variety of makes of pianos, all first-class instruments, on which we stake our reputation.

We have a large line of music boxes. A dollar down secures one at once. We sell talking machines, band instruments, etc., on easy terms of payment. In fact, we want you to consider this store your friend. When you care to purchase any article of musical merchandise you'll find our prices and terms right.

We are determined to make this the greatest holiday season in our history. Owing to our early removal to another location we are offering special inducements in all lines.

Catalogue Sent Free.

S. HAMILTON

Hamilton Building,

835 and 837 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Sole depot for A. B. Chase, Fischer, Schumann and other fine pianos, and the "Angelus," the orchestral piano player.

NEGROES DEMAND SEPARATE PARTY

Race to Sever All Connection With Political Powers and Fight Alone.

THREE BIG EVILS BARRED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Dec. 7.—As the result of a meeting of negro leaders of southern states held in Chattanooga last week, the committee on platform today gave out the declaration of its principles and asserted its independence of other parties. After reciting that conditions in the south are such as to demand a separate negro party, the declaration continues:

"When it becomes necessary for any race to sever its connection with political parties in order to preserve its existence it is wisdom to call on all peoples immediately concerned for aid; we therefore, call on all races and classes for aid and moral support, not only in organizing a separate party in opposition to whisky and cocaine, but in remonstrances and petitions to the powers that be for the enactment of such laws as will suppress the evils complained of.

"We call on our brethren, in the states which have disfranchised them, to meet enmasse, to organize and to petition their respective legislatures for the passage of laws to protect them against cocaine, whisky, and peonage. The right peaceably to assemble and to petition the lawmaking power shall forever remain inviolate according to the Constitution.

"Forty years of freedom and civilization have not taught many negroes that it is a crime not to care for and to support their wives and children and stringent laws should be passed forcing the men to do so.

"We demand the enactment of a law making it an offense for any well and able bodied man or woman to desert his or her family and to refuse to care for and to support his or her family. We respectfully insist that a law should be enacted making it a high misdemeanor to sell cocaine unless mixed with other medicine by a pharmacist of physician.

"We call on the moral and christian people in other states to fight the whisky and the cocaine evils."

SWIFT STOCKHOLDERS TO INCREASE CAPITAL

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Dec. 7.—Circulars were received today by stockholders in the corporation of Swift & Co. asking for a vote on January 7 on a proposition to increase the capitalization of the company $10,000,000, the total stock now being $26,000,000. If the increase is voted commission and wholesale houses will be purchased and leased refrigerator car lines will be acquired.

PRISON BOARD ACCUSED OF AIDING COUNTERFEITERS

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—Alvin Strouse formerly a watchman in the Eastern penitentiary, was arrested today on the charge of having aided convicts in the making of counterfeit silver coin in the penitentiary. He was held in $2,000 bail by United States Commissioner Beil for a further hearing. The arrest was made by secret service officers, who say that 11 penitentiary prisoners are implicated.

Big Suit Abruptly Ended.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Dec. 7.—Court today sustained the demurrer made by the defendant, to the bill in equity in the case of Moser heirs against the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company. The court decided that this was not the proper way to bring the suit. By this decision the case is virtually thrown out of court.

May be Burgomaster's Comrades.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Eight human skeletons supposed to be the remains of continental soldiers who perished during the Revolution, were uncovered today by workmen excavating in City Hall Park, near the old Hall of Records, the prison in which the British confined American prisoners occupied this site in revolutionary times.

Secretary of State Ill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—(Special.) John Hay, secretary state, is ill and was unable to go to the department this morning. Mrs. Hay, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Payne Whitney of New York, returned home.

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY.

—The bureau of health yesterday reported 28 new cases of typhoid fever, and five new cases each of scarlet fever and diphtheria.

—Owing to the sickness of the rural free delivery carrier, Postmaster W. W. Campbell yesterday delivered the mail in person to the residents of North Versailles township.

—Crossed electric wires sent a riot alarm from Penn and North Highland avenues into the East End police station at 9 o'clock last evening. A squad responded, but there was nothing doing.

DIED.

MONAGHAN—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 10:45 p. m., at the residence of his parents, 151 Forty-forth street, JOSEPH Q. youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Monaghan (nee McTighe).

Notice of funeral later.

REDENBACH—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 11 p. m., at his residence, 1617 Perrysville avenue, EDWARD REDENBACH, in the 62d year of his age.

Notice of funeral later.

STRUBE'S MOTHER VISITS HIS PRISON

Affecting Scene Between Girl's Murderer and Members of His Family.

APPLES FROM THE OLD FARM

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Dec. 7.—No day since his confinement in the Sangamon county jail has Frederick Strube endured such a trying ordeal as today when for the first time since his capture he came face to face with his mother.

With tears streaming down his face, a picture of abject misery, he stood in Sheriff Brainerd's office imploring forgiveness from his mother. The heart-broken woman, who has suffered as only a mother can suffer, showered kisses on her eldest son, and weeping as though her heart would break, assured him that she has forgiven all.

"Mother—mother—I am sorry I did it," pleaded the youth. "I don't know what I can do now to stop your grief."

"Never mind, Fred," sobbed Mrs. Strube, "it's no use to talk about that now. Oh, I am so happy to see you."

Mrs. Strube, accompanied by two of her children, arrived here at 11 o'clock and were guided to the jail by Sam F. Burbridge, conductor of the train which carried them to the city. As soon as they had been ushered into the sheriff's office word was sent to the jail. Fred Strube, pale and nervous, preceded Sheriff Brainerd into the room.

For several minutes mother and son stood there weeping and it was some time before the heartbroken woman regained her composure and made way for her two other children, Henry and Carrie came next to kiss their brother, and they then took their places in one corner of the room.

The Rev. Mr. Heidtmann shook hands with the prisoner and then mother and son started a whispered conversation. Every now and then tears came to Fred Strube's eyes. The conversation was carried on until the noon hour, when Strube was led to the cell house to take his noonday meal with the other prisoners. As he was leaving Carrie, the little sister, ran after him and pressed a package in his hands. "Here, Fred, take this," said Carrie and Strube bent down to kiss her. The package contained apples grown on the Strube farm near Topeka. In the afternoon Mrs. Strube and her children again called and talked an hour with the prisoner. They left for Havana on the evening train.

FRENCH STRIKERS SING REVOLUTIONARY SONGS

Police Kept Busy Preventing Demonstrations Against Employment Agencies.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LYONS, FRANCE, Dec. 7.—After a meeting today, the strikers, paraded the streets, singing revolutionary songs and uttering cries condemnatory of the employment agencies. The efforts of the police to disperse the mob resulted in a riot, in which stones were thrown. This necessitated a vigorous charge and the rioters were dispersed.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 7.—A demonstration against the employment agencies here today was attended by serious rioting. Mounted troops repeatedly charged the demonstrators and many were injured before the mob was dispersed. Numerous arrests were made.

BREST, Dec. 7.—The action of the military police in forcibly breaking up the demonstrations against the employment agencies here today prevented further rioting. It is pointed out that the protest against the agencies is a mere pretext, because since a free office was opened in the town hall, ten years ago, these agencies have been practically nonexistent except for nursemaids.

ELVERSON RESIGNS.

A Well Known Philadelphian Leaves the Staff of Governor Pennypacker.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—(Special.) Militiamen in this state were surprised today, to learn that James Elverson, Jr., of this city has resigned his commission of lieutenant colonel as aid on Gov. Pennypacker's military staff. Col. Elverson served under two governors, Stone and Pennypacker, and was one of the most active of the aids until this year, when his duties as a newspaper publisher crowded him for time to attend to the needs of the citizen soldiery.

This is the reason for his resignation. His commission dated from January 30, 1899, and the resignation took effect last month.

C. SCHROEDER, MGR. 633 SMITHFIELD ST.

W. F. FREDERICK

FOR THE BEST PIANOS

OPEN EVENINGS.

LARGEST STOCK OF PIANOS IN PITTSBURGH. LARGEST DEALERS BETWEEN N. Y. AND CHICAGO.

GENUINE

Chickering, Hardman,
Kroeger, McPhail,
Estey, Haines Bros.,
Mathushek, Kingsbury,

and other reliable Upright and Grand Pianos.

Estey & Mason and Hamlin Organs,

Chase & Baker Piano Player

The Only Perfect Player.

Reasonable Prices and Easy Terms, If Wanted, Make Piano Buying Easy at This Store.

SOLD ONLY BY

W. F. FREDERICK

RELIABLE PIANO DEALER.

G. SCHROEDER, M'G'R.

633 SMITHFIELD ST.

ENTIRE SIX STORY BLDG. NEAR 7TH AVE.

Bargains in used Chickering, Hardman, Steinway and Kroeger upright and grand pianos. Uprights $110 upwards.

J. C. GROGAN & CO.

JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

Lorgnettes of striking beauty in design and finish, plain rich gold or handsomely chased and wrought by hand. Superb jeweled ones of perfect grace and beauty. Chains for the Lorgnettes of perfect taste. Diamonds and Pearls beautifully blended. Odd and unusual American Tourmalins and Chrysophrase in fantastic and stylish mountings.

443 MARKET ST.

Corner Fifth Avenue.

IT'S WONDERFUL

The amount of good you'll receive from a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, especially when the stomach is disordered or the liver inactive. It cures Loss of Appetite, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Chills or Malaria. Be sure to try it, also obtain a copy of our illustrated Almanac for 1904 from your druggist. It is free and contains instructive reading matter that is well worth having.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Umbrellas—Tuesday's Sale

500 Women's and Men's Taffeta Umbrellas worth $2.50 at

$1.75

We are umbrella specialists. If we cannot suit you with stock we will make you what you want.

THE UMBRELLA SHOP, 434 Penn Avenue.

Strongest in the World.

Make yourself a Christmas present—

Wouldn't the absolute assurance of a substantial sum of money every Christmas morning during your declining years be a pleasant anticipation?—

Write for details as to the Trust Income Bond—

Do it today—

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Edward A. Woods, Manager.

Equitable Floor, Frick Building.

DOCTOR LITTLE

OCULIST AND OPTICIAN

532 FRICK BUILDING

EYE DISEASES GLASSES SUPPLIED

Cured at your home.

FALLING HAIR

dandruff, irritated or itching scalp, splitting or falling hair, and all other disorders affecting the hair and scalp. Full information and book free.

Call or write personally to John H. Woodbury D. L., 22 West 23rd Street, New York.

PENNA. ELECTRO-MECHANICAL INSTITUTE,

fourth floor, 1020 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

THOROUGH INSTRUCTION

Given in any Mechanical, Electrical or Commercial branch. It will pay you to call or write for Special Inducements.

Bell 'phone 242 Grant.

A. T. Niswanger, Pres. and Mgr.

Can't Sleep?

Its' your nerves. Dr. Miles' Nervine will strengthen them and bring sweet sleep and health. Delay is dangerous. All druggists sell and guarantee. Send postal for book on nervous diseases

LOCAL RED CROSS GOING TO BUTLER

First Pennsylvania Auxiliary Will Establish Hospital for Typhoid Fever Patients.

PUBLIC APPEAL FOR MONEY

The local members of the Red Cross society have tendered their aid to the sufferers in the Butler typhoid fever epidemic. At a meeting of the First Pennsylvania auxiliary in the rooms of the chamber of commerce yesterday the executive committee was asked for $1,000 for the stricken town. The gathering was notable in the fact that it was the first meeting of the society since the days of the Spanish war late in 1898. A snug balance left from the war fund will be applied in the present instance.

If a suitable building can be secured a hospital will be established at Butler. As an initiatory fund $1,000 will be used, and if more is necessary the money will be forthcoming. This morning a committee composed of Mrs. William Thaw, Mrs. J. J. Vandergrift and Mrs. J. L. Anderson will go to Butler to investigate the needs of the town and to select a building to be used for hospital purposes. Their recommendations will be made at a meeting of the Red Cross auxiliary on Friday morning.

Congressman in Sympathy.

At yesterday's meeting Mrs. Anderson presided and Mrs. H. P. Dravo acted as secretary. A telegram was received from H. Kirke Porter, president of the society, saying that he was in hearty accord with the proposition for the relief of Butler. Mr. Porter is in Washington attending congress, but said that he would agree to any action taken by the committee. In the meantime Red Cross auxiliaries will be asked to provide sheets, pillow cases and towels to be used at the hospital.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Homeopathic hospital, which includes many prominent Red Cross workers, will not proceed with their arrangements until after the report of Mrs. Thaw's committee. At first the chief difficulty was in obtaining a suitable building, but it is thought that the situation has become so grave that the merchants of Butler will willingly provide all the room necessary for the establishment of emergency hospitals.

Many substantial donations are being sent direct to the Butler relief committee. At a meeting of the congregation of the United Presbyterian church of Springdale $20 was raised for the Butler sufferers.

Pittsburgh Will Appeal.

Pittsburgh, through the joint committee of councils and Mayor William B. Hays, will probably issue an appeal today for funds to help the typhoid sufferers of Butler. Dr. W. D. O'Brien, chairman of the council committee, yesterday afternoon directed the city clerk to call a meeting of the committee to meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the mayor's office. Chairman O'Brien said that an appeal for funds to help Butler would probably be issued at today's meeting, notwithstanding the fact that Butler has not asked for it.

At the last meeting of the committee the clerk was instructed to inquire of the Butler authorities whether financial assistance from Pittsburgh was needed. Chairman O'Brien said yesterday that the Butler authorities had not yet even acknowledged the receipt of the letter. He was inclined to the belief that the Butler authorities did not realize the seriousness of the situation.

"I believe that the epidemic in Butler is growing worse; and it is certainly queer that the Butler authorities don't respond to an inquiry when Pittsburgh stands ready to give relief," said Dr. O'Brien. "There is bound to be many more cases, and it will cost money and take some time to stop the epidemic.

Lack of System in Butler.

"Those managing affairs in Butler do not seem to have any system, and the disease is bound to spread because of carelessness and because there is not sufficient help in the homes of the stricken families."

At the outbreak of the epidemic Mayor Hays received a few hundred dollars, although subscriptions were not asked for at that time. About 50 nurses were sent to Butler, and within the last few days some domestics have been secured for help in the homes of the victims.

Chairman O'Brien is a prominent physician of the Twenty-third ward. He said yesterday that the Butler epidemic should be a warning to the city officials of Pittsburgh.

"Almost every case of typhoid fever is a crime," said Dr. O'Brien. "It is due to impure water and can be prevented. There is only way to prevent it, and that is by properly filtering the water supply. Pittsburgh is the worst city in the country for typhoid. We should have filtration just as quick as we can get it."

Fever in Orphan Asylum.

The executive committee of the Butler Orphans' home met at the Central Y. M. C. A. building yesterday afternoon and decided to send out an appeal for assistance from all Reformed churches in the state. Several thousand dollars will be needed soon to meet the expenses incident to the epidemic of typhoid fever in the institution. There are now 25 cases in the home, but no new cases since one week ago.

D. H. Leader, superintendent of the home, made a report on conditions and the circular letters, already printed, were discussed. They will be sent out at once. Those present, aside from Mr. Leader, were John E. Hunkle of Greensburg, the Rev. J. N. Baumer of Jeannette, Peter Kell of Pittsburgh and J. G. Walters of Pittsburgh.

FRANK M. FERGUSON IS AT THE POINT OF DEATH

Brother of Murdered Contractor Is Attacked by Typhoid-Pneumonia.

Frank M. Ferguson, one of the largest and most important railroad contractors in the country, and a brother of Samuel T. Ferguson, the contractor who was murdered in Washington county by the explosion of dynamite, is lying dangerously ill with typhoid-pneumonia. He is at the residence of Dr. Charles L. Gangloff, Virginia and Maple avenues, Mt. Washington.

Frank Ferguson's condition is due largely to the effects of his brother's awful death. Since that time he has worked unthingly to effect the capture of the murderers and at the same time much important construction being done by his company, which had hitherto been in charge of his brother, has devolved upon him personally. Under the strain he broke down and was an easy victim for the disease.

For the past week he has been at the Hotel Rider, Cambridge Springs, seeking to restore his health by rest. Last week he became ill and on Friday he sent for Dr. Gangloff, who found his condition serious. He was brought to Pittsburgh on a special car over the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, the physician and a nurse attending him. He was taken to the physician's residence, where every attention can be given him.

The Ferguson Contracting Company, of which he is president, ranks among the largest companies engaged in railroad construction in this country. This company has done several of the largest pieces of work in the rebuilding of Pittsburgh's railroads and has just about completed the Mt. Washington tunnel of the Wabash railroad. It has under way also a large section of the work on the Wabash line in Washington county. It was while taking the money to pay off the men employed there that Samuel T. Ferguson was killed. Two men suspected of the crime are to be extradited from London.

The Gazette Room Renting Bureau.

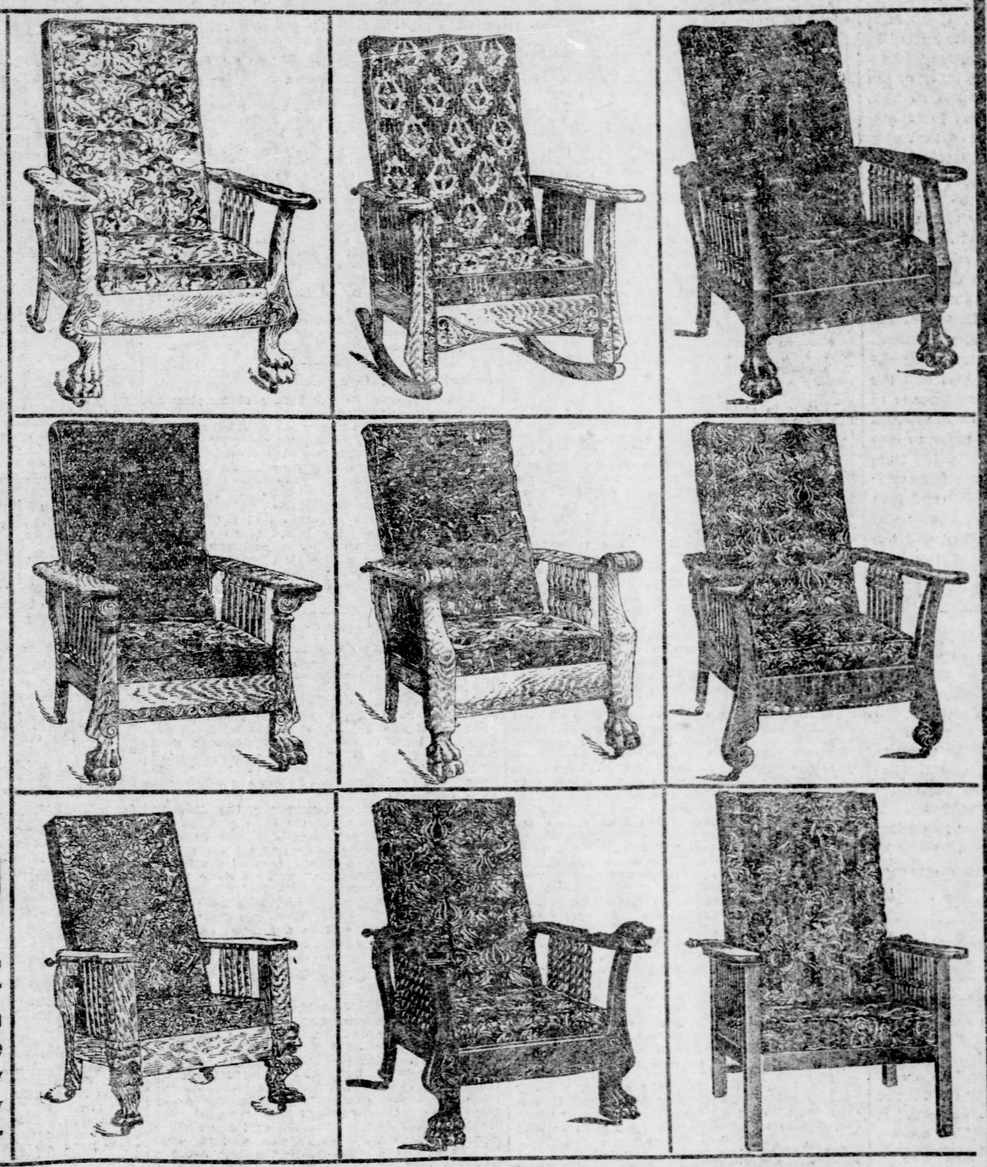
The Pittsburgh Gazette conducts a room-renting bureau for the convenience of the public. It is open daily from 8 a. m. till 11 p. m. and all callers receive prompt and courteous attention. No matter what kind of a room you desire nor what location, you can readily secure what you want through The Gazette. Persons having rooms to rent are invited to register them, free of charge, with The Gazette room-renting bureau.

PICKERING'S
MORRIS CHAIRS!

They Make a Very Acceptable Christmas Gift.

$4.75
$5.50
$6.50
$7.00
$9.00
$12.50
up to
$35.00

Take your pick, give us the address you wish it sent to, we will deliver any time you say and collect later



- - - WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF DEN FURNITURE - - -

CARPET DEPARTMENT

In order to make room for our New Spring Goods which are rapidly arriving we have decided to have an Odd and End Carpet Sale. So today the following will be placed on sale, viz.:

China Mattings at 19c
1,000 yds. Heavy Mattings in rolls containing from 15 to 25 yards, "at just Half Price," viz..... **19c**

Japan Mattings at 24c
850 yds. Heavy Mattings in rolls containing from 10 to 25 yards, "at just Half Price," viz..... **24c**

4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Oil Cloths at 23c sq. yd.
1,200 yds. in Pieces, containing from 5 to 20 yds., "at just Half Price," viz..... **23c**

Printed Linoleums at 39c square yard
300 yds. Heavy Linoleum in pieces containing from 6 to 18 yds., "at just Half Price," viz..... **39c**

Get the Habit. Don't Bother. YOUR CREDIT'S GOOD. 10th & Penn. "Nuf Ced."

We are

PIANO MANUFACTURERS

hence, we save you at least $100.00 in the purchase of a

PIANO

You buy direct from the makers. The KLEBER PIANO is a High-Grade Piano, and yet the price is only $375.00.

We also have the KNABE PIANO, world-famed and standard of the world. The unique many-toned CROWN PIANO. The sweet-toned STRAUBE.

The great APOLLO PIANO PLAYERS, playing 10,000 pieces in five different keys.

Also EVERYTHING in music under the sun. Easy payments and the ONLY ONE-PRICE House in the entire State.

KLEBER— 60 Years in Pittsburgh.

221-223 FIFTH AVE.

PIANO FACTORY: GREENSBURG, PA.

There Was a Man

who put off taking Life Insurance in order to save money; he died before he earned the money he intended to save. Send for booklet A-2 about self-sustaining policy.

Reliance Life Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.

JAMES H. REED, President. FARMERS BANK BUILDING.

"THE FRIEND OF THE FAMILY."

AS BUSINESS BRINGERS GAZETTE CLASSIFIED ADS HAVE NO EQUAL.

DR. P. HAROLD HAYES' TONIC COUGH CURE

"781" Cures coughs and colds in the right way. Expels the cause.

"781" Quick relief for chronic coughs of asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Good for the stomach.

"781" Harmless as milk. Pleasant in taste. Children like it. Safeguard in children's coughs.

"781" Prescribed for 20 years; in over 50,000 cases. The "old standby" in the best families.

"781" Sold at all drug stores in Pittsburgh and vicinity. Not like any other cough medicine.

"CLEANLINESS"

Is the watchword for health and vigor, comfort and beauty. Mankind is learning not only the necessity but the luxury of cleanliness. SAPOLIO, which has wrought such changes in the home, announces her sister triumph—

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH

A special soap which energizes the whole body, starts the circulation and leaves an exhilarating glow. All grocers and druggists.

Preserves

—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more daintily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for

Refined Paraffine Wax

in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

THE LAST MONTH

YOU CAN SECURE

FREE DENTAL WORK

AT THE

Red Cross Dental Parlors

This is positively the last month we will make this liberal offer. The large number who have taken advantage of it are more than pleased with our work and we feel that we have demonstrated the superiority of our work, and cannot afford to continue charging for the material only, giving you our time free.

Our Full Sets of Teeth are the best that can be produced in any dental establishment in the world, giving perfect ease and comfort to the mouth.

We use none but the highest grade Dental materials. We guarantee all work for 25 years.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION ALWAYS FREE.

RED CROSS DENTAL PARLORS
223 FIFTH AVE.

Over Kleber's Music Store. Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. daily; 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Sundays.

Tobacco Heart

may be cured. Don't neglect your symptoms. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is a great heart and blood tonic about which you will learn a great deal and also about heart trouble by sending postal for free book on diseases of the heart and nerves. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Tuesday, December 8, 1903.

Larger Store. SMALLER PRICES. More Variety.

When in trouble look for the man with the red ribbon in his buttonhole—he is the aisle manager ready to give any information.

Reynier Kid Gloves, $1.00 a Pair

They Are Seconds—They Are Women's.

Now, by the great white beard of Santa Claus, could anything be more opportune! *The famous Reynier Kid Glove for $1.00 a pair!* And three-clasp suede gloves, black and colors, at that! Why, it's entirely too good to be true!

But it is true, absolutely true. Beginning this morning we will have a special sale of these most noted of French Kid Gloves, and all you will be asked to pay will be the even $1.00 a pair. And, mind you, this is not a small lot, but a very large quantity, so large that we will have the gloves on sale, as an accommodation to women, in different parts of the store.

Now for the explanation regarding the dollar price.

Reynier's being one of the noted kid gloves of the world, we were selected years ago as the sole distributing agents for Greater Pittsburg. The Reynier people are very particular about their gloves. The lowest priced is $1.75 a pair and every pair must be absolutely flawless. So when there is a little blemish, a blemish imperceptible to the average feminine eye, the glove that has it is thrown out and takes its place among what the manufacturer calls seconds.

Our buyer goes to the Reynier factory in France every year and along with his regular big purchase of these gloves he also secured for us our share of these seconds.

They arrived yesterday—ready this morning.

The Christmas Handkerchiefs.

You'd naturally expect we would begin by telling you about the great assortment of women's handkerchiefs, and also those for men. But as one of the pleasantries of Christmas times is the pleasing of children, and in various ways making them glad, we are going to tell you first of

Children's Christmas Handkerchiefs.

Bless and save the children! What would Christmas be without their bright and smiling faces. The children in your home must have handkerchiefs among their gifts. They expect them. It is their right. Above all see that the handkerchiefs are enclosed in pretty boxes. All these are boxed and choice is from a variety of subjects:

Colored Prints, 3 in box, 18c a box.
Colored Prints, 3 in box, 25c a box.
Colored Prints, 6 in box, 35c a box.
Colored Prints, initialed, 3 in box, 35c, or 3 boxes for $1.00.
White, hemstitched, six in box, 65c a box.
White, hemstitched, initialed, 6 in box, 65c.
White, hemstitched, six in box, 75c.
Colored Prints, initialed, six in box, 85c.

We want to speak to women about Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs. In all the Christmases this store has seen it never had such a collection of fine linen handkerchiefs, finished in various ways with lace trimming, than in the present season. There is a wonderfully broad range of prices, 12½c, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and on up to $25.00 each.

As to Handkerchiefs of real lace, we have them from $1.25 up to those that will cost anyone $75.00.

China—Glass—Bric-a-Brac.

The Third Floor, East Store, Rich in Suggestions of Elegant Christmas Gifts.

No description of the wonderful collection can be overdrawn. The allied departments—China, Glass and Bric-a-Brac—are fertilely suggestive of Christmas in the way of elegant subjects for gifts.

The most exclusive lines, personally selected in Europe, are at the disposal of those who are looking after richness and elegance. There are model pieces here made expressly for the Leipsic Fair last August, among them finest Bohemian Glassware, comprising hand and stone engraved goblets, tankards and fruit bowls, $5.00 to $30.00. Finest Bohemian Glassware, hand decorated in cherry, strawberry and other fruit designs, represented in large fruit bowls, bon-bons, handled nappies and wine glasses, $2.00 to $25.00 each.

Amphora Ware, fine pottery piece with metallic finished body, ornamented with clusters of grapes in natural colors, one of the most popular wares ever produced, represented in small fruit bowls, small jardinieres, flower vases and ornamental pieces. Not many pieces of a kind, but a masterful collection of odd and rare shapes, $2.50 and up to $25.00.

The new Royal Bonn Ware, a radical departure from the old highly glazed and flashy decorations, in fact this is a decoration without glaze, all strictly done by hand, all shapes of Vases, $5.00 to $35.00 each.

Many new shapes in Vases, decorated, in busts and life-sized figures, among which are found the famous Aste subjects, $10.00 to $35.00 each.

From Carlsbad we are showing some very choice Vases in blue and gold, green and gold, all popularly priced—$3.00 to $10.00.

The new Terra Cotta tints must come in for their share of admiration. Goldscheider's famous models, $25.00 and up to $100.00.

Some Engaging Specials—

300 plastic figures or statuettes, noted for their fine modeling, 10 and 12 inches high, $1.00 each.

Teplitz Vases, floral and tinted decorations—10, 12 and 15 inches high, $1.50 to $3.00.

French and Bavarian Teas and Saucers, many of them worth 75c, ready today at 50c for Cup and Saucer.

An Interesting Exhibit Among Housefurnishings.

Aluminum Cooking Utensils are the latest development of serviceable and useful kitchen helps which science has brought to aid the housekeeper.

We have shown the boiling dry of rice in an aluminum pan; the non-effect of heat on a large kettle over a gas burner for more than thirty days; there has been demonstrated how to bake cakes on a griddle without greasing it.

Every day crowds of women surround this Aluminum exhibit in the Basement, and every day we are showing in many different ways the indestructibility of any utensil made of aluminum.

And the best part of it all is that we are selling these Aluminum Cooking Utensils for 15 per cent under regular list price.

Women's Imported Cotton Stockings, 35c a pair, 3 pairs $1.

The regular prices of these stockings are 50c and 75c.

What's the reason then for selling them so much under the usual? Simply that the importation was long overdue, and on that account the manufacturer made us a very considerate concession.

The stockings come in black grounds over which are a variety of daintily embroidered designs, contrasting, of course, and the embroidery done in silk.

As there are but 1,200 pairs you should see about this today.

Special Sale of Women's Trimmed Hats and Toques.

The Greatest Offer of the Season.

Regarding the Trimmed Hats and the Toques it is nothing more than fair to let you know that the collection is comprised of odds and ends, and that each Hat and Toque is more or less mussed. But we take it you are clever enough to put your selection to rights in a short time. Here are the reductions:

$2.25 Hats and Toques for 75c.
$3.50 Hats and Toques for $1.75.
$5.00 Hats and Toques for $2.50.
$7.50 Hats and Toques for $3.75.

And the greatest value in $5.00 Hats ever offered. Nothing the matter with them. As a matter of fact hats that sell all around us at $12.00 are offered at this special sale for $5.00.

Untrimmed Hats in all colors and black at 50c instead of $1.00, at $1.50 instead of $3.00.

For trimming up these Untrimmed Hats, Flowers, Wings, Birds and fancy effects, 5c, 10c, 25c.

Girls' Rain Coats.

An excellent suggestion in the way of a practical gift, especially for a young girl.

At $4.00—lengths 34 to 48 inches—Raincoats in the Somerset style, without cape. This line comes in a blue cloth.

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Young Ladies' Raincoats of cravenette cloth and in mixed materials, with and without capes, sizes 14-16-18 years, prices $11.50, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00 and up to $32.00.

We have some full length Coats for young ladies, Norfolk style, box-pleated back and front, finished with belt, colors blue and oxford, for $25.00, reduced from $38.00. Sizes 16 to 18 years.

Also have some odds and ends in girls' winter Box Jackets, blue, brown and tan kersey—sizes 4 to 6 years—$2.50, were $5.00 and $7.50.

Spring 1904 Cotton Waists.

It behooves you to consider this news most carefully. A present to a young lady of an advance style of a certain type of waist which will be worn next spring is at once unique, not to say unusual. We have brought in from several of our noted makers some beautiful specimens of Cotton Waists, and we are quite sure they will meet with general favor.

We are also pleased to announce that we have advance styles of Spring Waists from that noted firm of Fisk, Clark & Flagg, waists in madras and linen, new patterns and entirely new models. Desirable for people arranging for Southern tours.

Special Sale of Fine Ribbons.

65c a yard for $1.00, $1.50 and $2.50 grades.

There's something for your memorandum book. It's one of the best offers this store ever announced.

The collection includes 5, 5½, 6, 7 and 8-inch all pure silk ribbons in Warp Prints and Fancies of all weaves.

These ribbons are the newest from France, and will be offered in lengths of 1½ yards to 3½ yards.

Suitable for fancy work, bags, satchels and bows.

Lamps Make Nice Presents.

Up on the Third Floor, East Store, there will be found Lamps of all kinds, especially Desk Lamps and Electroliers in bronze, with the newest styles of shades, complete at $17.50 and easily along to $100.00.

Student Lamps, Library and Banquet Lamps, $3.50 and up to $100.

PENN, FIFTH AND CECIL WAY.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Tuesday, December 8, 1903.

The local auxiliary of the American Red Cross will proceed at once to establish a hospital in Butler to aid in combating the typhoid epidemic. This organization will, no doubt, prove of the utmost value to the stricken city. It has experience and it enjoys fully the confidence of the public. Those in charge of the work are capable of the best judgment and they can command resources that are greatly needed at this juncture. The Red Cross has always been foremost in relief work where organization and sacrifice were needed, and its entrance into Butler should bring comfort to the afflicted.

In the opening of the Nixon theater last evening Pittsburgh acquires a new temple of amusement and one that is a credit to the city. Architecturally it is a pleasing feature of the downtown streets. Interiorly it is a triumph of design and decorative art. It is new and unfamiliar now, but in time it will find a place in the hearts of play-goers that will overshadow its physical features. Pittsburgh has long been one of the best theater towns in the country, and its playhouses had been found insufficient to accommodate all of its amusement lovers. So the new house starts under favorable auspices without detracting from any of the older excellent theaters.

It is one thing to lead the mule to water, another to make him drink. President Wightman did his duty in calling a special meeting of select council, but the members of that body declined to attend. Nine members were present. They are deserving of great credit for their interest in the public welfare. There were, however, at least ten short of a quorum. The absentees were of all parties, so it is not a partisan matter, but merely a continuation of the hold-up, of which every citizen of Pittsburgh is weary except the select councilmen and a few friends. If it is their purpose to convince the public that its business can never be transacted successfully under the present system they are succeeding admirably.

Attorney General Knox, in his annual report, recommends amendment of the naturalization laws. He agrees with President Roosevelt that naturalization is a laudable ambition in the immigrant, when it is with the desire to exercise the privileges of citizenship honestly. But the laws as they exist permit fraudulent practices and may be construed to admit to citizenship persons who have no qualifications for exercising the franchise intelligently or honestly. The attorney general desires better laws, and the president bespeaks for him better facilities for enforcing them. Congress should grant both requests without delay, for citizenship is the foundation of government in this country.

Dr. O' Brien's committee will meet in a few days to take steps for the further assistance of Butler in its extremity, and the good people of Pittsburgh should be ready to respond to its call, whatever it may be. Chairman O'Brien is not talking at random about what may be expected at Butler during the weeks to come, and Pittsburgh will not overlook the fact that Butler is a near neighbor. Moreover, Dr. O'Brien speaks truly when he refers to local conditions and the crime of permitting typhoid fever to flourish in this community when the means of prevention are so well known and a part of the funds already provided for making those means effective. Pittsburgh will be discredited until it has a good, sand-filtered water supply for its people.

Next Monday President Corey of the United States Steel Corporation will meet President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association to discuss the wage scales for next year. It is an important meeting, for it bears upon the prosperity of this and other regions in the immediate future. The Steel Corporation has begun a reduction of costs by cutting salaries of high officials. It will reduce the office forces and it will ask a concession from the tonnage men and all the better paid workmen. On that basis it will be able to get much foreign business and more domestic business. The men should know what is their share of such reduction and should be willing to concede it in the interest of steady employment and the speedy return of complete prosperity and a restoration of wages. Wage scales are sometimes not so easily settled, but reason should govern in this instance.

Assessor Seibert authorizes the statement that the increase in the valuation of property under the triennial assessment just completed will be between $80,000,00 and $90,000,000. This increase he declares is fully justified, and he relates an incident or two to show that owners of the property assessed are not willing to give options for purchase at lower figures. The figures give an indication of the splendid growth of the city—a growth that will increase and wax greater under an enlightened municipal policy. This increase in valuation will yield larger revenues than formerly at a reduced rate of taxation. It will be wise to make some reduction, but it will not be wise to so reduce the rate as to impede public improvements. A progressive policy costs money, but if it is efficiently administered it gives full value for the cost.

The President's Message.

President Roosevelt's third annual message to the congress of the United States is an interesting document. In it the Panama canal is treated last, but its importance is by no means least, and the president has realized this in the way he has marshaled facts and arguments pertinent to the consideration he asks for it at the hands of congress. The policy of the United States laid down by Secretary of State Cass in 1858 is the policy pursued by President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay in 1903, and it is the same as that enunciated by Secretary Seward in 1865. The president's recitation of the disturbances on the isthmus since 1857 is very effective, and there ought not to be any hesitation on the part of Democrat or Republican in the senate as to what should be done with the treaty with Panama, transmitted with the message.

In the beginning President Roosevelt refers to the corporations of the country and the efforts made by the government to bring them under proper control. He evidently expects much of the new department of commerce and labor and is particularly hopeful of the good effect of the measure of publicity provided for. As he says, the corporation that is honest has nothing to fear from this publicity, while that one which is not honest may be benefited by its fear. The president is perfectly clear on the point that the government has no desire to injure or hamper any legitimate interest, but simply to preserve the spirit of American fair play. Of the relations of capital and labor he speaks considerately and makes it plain that it is the business of the government, as he understands it, to protect the public against unlawful or violent acts, whether committed by employer or employe. That is sound doctrine.

Concerning the financial conditions of the country and the people the message expresses the opinion that the government will have little or no surplus revenue for the current fiscal year. Expenditures are heavy and receipts less than last year. The currency of the country is absolutely sound, but the recommendation of last year for legislation is again urged upon the attention of congress. The American merchant marine is recommended for attention, and because there is disagreement among authorities as to how it may be best encouraged the president recommends an official commission to investigate and report. Meantime he reminds congress that the mail contract with the American line expires in 1905. It was made on a basis of 20 knots an hour in 1895, but since that time Germany has put 23-knot mail steamers in its service and Great Britain has contracted for 24 knots. The United States should equal the best.

Considerable attention is given the postal, land office and naturalization frauds which have been exposed during the year, and a recommendation is made that the purpose of the act, adopted by the last congress, appropriating $500,000 to enable the enforcement of the anti-trust and interstate commerce laws, be broadened to permit the department of justice to make it available in the prosecution of these frauds. Amendment of the public land laws is advised, and it is urged that bribery should be made an extraditable offense. Further restriction of immigration is also recommended.

A chapter is given to the Venezuelan claims and the advancement of international arbitration, on which the people are congratulated. Nevertheless the president refers to the improvement of the army under the general staff provision and recommends a continuation of liberal expenditures in the building up of the navy. The duty of maintaining a first class navy, he says, is imposed upon the nation by the Monroe doctrine and by its large interests in every part of the world. The message expresses gratification over the new commercial treaty with China. Among other subjects treated are the Alaskan boundary settlement, Alaskan development, rural free delivery, good roads, reduced cost of the consular service, irrigation, forestry, safety appliances in the transportation business, inspection of steamers and the necessities of our island possessions.

Altogether the document is the strongest President Roosevelt has transmitted to congress, though couched in most temperate language. It lacks some of the vigorous insistence of the two preceding messages, but is more argumentative in tone. The recommendations are sound, in the interest of the whole people, and give evidence of mature deliberation upon each. The literary style is good, but not quite as crisp as that of the message of last December.

Roosevelt and Wall Street.

A Pittsburgh man well known in financial and business circles is quoted in an interview telegraphed from New York as having said that he finds a strong sentiment among New York bankers and persons related to them in a business way in favor of Myron T. Herrick, the governor-elect of Ohio, for president. The high financiers, it is represented, have lost confidence in Roosevelt.

It is not necessary in defense of President Roosevelt in this connection to even breathe a word against Mr. Herrick. And it ought to be said, and in a way that cannot be misunderstood, that he would be entirely satisfactory to the plain people of the United States for president if they were not committed heart and soul to Roosevelt. But it happens that they are so committed, and it is also true that they do not share in any way in the lack of confidence in him which the high financiers are said to feel. If they have lost confidence in any person or persons during the past year it has not been in the president, but in those high financiers who profess to have lost faith in him, and whose professions, instead of inspiring a belief that he is not worthy of the confidence that has been reposed in him, convince the rank and file that their confidence has been well placed and that they ought to continue to give it as freely in the future as they have in the past.

It may impress a few that this parade of Herrick vindicates the honesty of the Wall street opposition to Roosevelt, but the masses of the people with the memory of what the high financiers have done in the past year will see in their attitude toward the president and their exploitation of the governor-elect of Ohio something different, and this different view is reinforced by the reports that have been emphasized that the United States Steel Corporation intends to conduct more of its business in Pittsburgh and less of it in New York in order to free itself to as large a degree as possible from the blight of these same malign influences that we are told oppose Roosevelt and turn to Herrick. We think that the people will stand by Roosevelt and that they will see in the anti-Roosevelt attitude of the high financiers a new reason why they should do so.

The Two Houses.

In dealing with the situation between the two houses of congress the New York Herald is slightly in error. It says: "The house promptly passed the (Cuban) bill, but the deliberative senate two weeks ago decided that it would not vote on the measure until the middle of December, and notified the house to prepare to adjourn. The high and mighty senators were astounded when the house flatly refused. Not for years had the house thus dared to assert its claim to being a co-ordinate part of the legislative branch of the government."

This, while true in part, is not literally true in one very important particular. While the senate decided not to vote on the Cuban bill during the extraordinary session called to dispose of it, and also decided that the middle of the first calendar month of the regular session was the nearest date it could fix for a vote, it did not do the house the honor of notifying it of its decision and "to prepare to adjourn," as a consequence of it. Therefore the house did not "flatly" or otherwise refuse to adjourn. It simply stood pat and waited. The senate, in that haughty spirit which sometimes precedes a fall, assumed that the house would hear of its determination that there would be nothing doing, or read of it in the newspapers, and that, upon hearing of it, the speaker would intone a "Thank you, sirs!" and that the whole list of members would give an answering "Amen!" and scatter. But the speaker and the house in an official way pretended not to notice, and over on the senate side the wonder grew, and as the meaning became apparent there was senatorial resentment. After that, as the purpose of the speaker and a majority of both parties in the house of representatives became more clear, the senators thanked heaven that they had made no demand for adjournment, for they saw what would have happened if they had done so.

There may be salve for hurt senatorial pride in the reflection that the record bears testimony that nothing was refused, just as it bears testimony that nothing was asked, and if the senators can find consolation in reflecting that this is so, they are welcome to it. But the refusal of the house to take notice of them unless they formally ask to be noticed has perhaps opened their eyes to the fact that the house is running on the principle that it is a co-ordinate branch of the national legislature, and not a delegation of senate pages organized to simply register the will of the senate with gratitude to omnipotence for being permitted to do this service. There is a warning in it that the senate ought to heed. Perhaps it will heed it; perhaps it won't. But whether it does or does not the extraordinary session of the Fifty-eighth congress, in the month of November, 1903, undoubtedly witnessed the beginning of the end of senatorial pretension to oligarchical power.

There are 20 murder cases on the schedule of business for the December session of criminal court. This is a very bad record, but the record would be worse if the murders went merrily on without any murder trials. The real trouble is that there are too few murder trials and convictions.

The report of the comptroller of the currency showing that more people are depositing money in the savings banks and that the average sum to the credit of each depositor is greater is another of those proofs that prosperity might be less prosperous, but isn't.

The difference between these times when there is talk of cutting wages and some other times that we know of is that in those other times there were no wages to cut.

Before the senate military affairs committee yesterday the effort was resumed to show that Gen. Wood isn't the right sort of timber to be a major general.

Secretary Root's remarks on the consequences flowing from the abolition of the canteen in the army are worth thinking about.

The senate will show the republic of Panama how to be deliberate about a canal treaty.

No quorum got in its work on President Wightman's program for select council.

The stock market is making a belated effort to catch up with business conditions.

Congress had a winter opening yesterday.

Our Generous Friends.

The Colombian government is trying to undermine Panama by donating the canal to the United States. Not to be outdone in generosity Panama will probably reciprocate by giving us all that is left of Colombia.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Going to Extremes.

J. C. Hummel of Hamburg, Pa., has whooping cough, at the age of 87. This is carrying the second childhood business to extremes.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Quiet Observer.

ERASMUS WILSON.

Lo, the poor Indian! Whose untutored mind
Sees God in clouds, or hears Him in the wind,
His soul proud Science never taught to stray
Far as the solar walk or milky way.

But thinks, admitted to that equal sky,
His faithful dog shall bear him company.
—Pope.

In spite of his much badness the red Indian is a very interesting creature, and his character most undefinable.

One of the peculiar features concerning the white man and the Indian is that those who know him most intimately have the least respect for him. The great bulk of sympathy for him comes almost entirely from those who know of him through Logan's speech, which was in the school readers before the war, and was committed to memory and recited oftener than any other of the many speeches, with the possible exception of Patrick Henry's famous "Give me liberty or give me death" effort.

Frontiersmen never had any use for the Indian and were strongly inclined to rejoice when he was killed outright rather than weep at his grave. While a stickler for small points in etiquette and ethics, he could never, or at least hardly ever, be trusted in matters of any considerable moment.

The early history of this country proves him to have been a savage, pure and simple, and later history has failed to prove him much else at present. His children do not take kindly to education nor to the domestic arts, nor to anything pertaining to civilization. The half-breed will submit to being schooled, but it is a grave question whether it pays to bother with him, if we judge from the promptness with which he lapses into a bad Indian after leaving school.

* * * * *

That it is right and proper for us to allow him to live on the earth none will deny, nor is there any great objection to the government feeding him and supplying him with tobacco. Nor would there be any opposition to his running wild and free if he could be trusted, but through most sad and costly experience we have learned that it is absolutely necessary to pen him on a reservation, and maintain quite an army to keep him rounded up.

We have expended millions and millions of dollars for farming utensils, seed and machinery, in a laudable effort to render him self-sustaining, but every effort has failed. The Indian man will not work. He regards labor as woman's part and the men whom he sees at work on the farms he calls women.

It seems that he cannot be domesticated. Like the buffalo, he will starve and die and become extinct rather than work.

Since he has chosen his end we can hardly go more than to make his passing as pleasant and romantic as possible.

This seems to have been the aim of good people of Pasadena while entertaining a large delegation of Navajos at the recent carnival of roses, some account of which was given in this column yesterday, and to which we add the following sentimental bit relating to their first sight of the ocean:

No sooner had he set his foot within the launch than the chief began a rhythmic, crooning song, no doubt an invocation or a prayer. Then, when we reached the coast indeed, and waded down toward the water's edge, with deep solemnity the old chief waved back his people, and with only one follower—perhaps a chosen priest—approached the waves with reverent steps. In his hand he held sacred cornmeal. Addressing the waves in low tones, he beckoned the waters approach, while he strewed his offering upon the sand. Bit by bit he planted the powdered grains, and as the waters washed them out he made a prayer. His gestures were most solemn and most sweet. He stretched his hands out over the water, then beckoned the waves. He was communing indeed with his God—the great God who sends the rain. And thus he prayed:

"So much of water is there here; so much, so much! And here it is not needed, but our need is great. Send us of this bounty! Accept the offering we bring thee of our harvesting, and as we give to thee, give thou to us!"

* * * * *

Speaking of Indians calls to mind the Talamancans of Panama, with whom we are likely to become better acquainted before the big ditch is finished. These appear to be typical of the real South American Indian. According to a writer in the Scientific American the Talamancan differs from our Indian mainly in that he is not savage, nor inclined to engage in devilment just because he feels devilish. Following are a few lines from the article that will give you a hint as to what the Talamancan is like:

"Their language and customs in some respects resemble those of the scors or more of widely different peoples that are scattered over the territory lying between the Mexican border and the isthmus. Their ancestors doubtless served Aztec masters for centuries before Cortez appeared on the scene to impose a worse slavery upon them, for they are not of the superior race of which so many reminders in the shape of gold and silver ornaments, stone idols, and curious specimens of pottery have been unearthed in quantities in several of the Central American states.

"A little corn and cassava are planted, and the soil and climate do the rest; when they mature, which in the case of corn is four times a year, they are prepared in the same manner as that practiced by their forefathers from time out of mind. Clothing, whether for man or woman, is of the scantiest description imaginable, except on gala occasions or a visit to the settlement, when the trousers and shirt of civilization are donned by the former, the children running about absolutely naked until several years old.

"The Talamancan's hut, which is a masterpiece in the art of thatching, is a huge affair, and shelters his entire family and all his worldly possessions, including the domestic animals, that continually root around the interior during the day and retire with him at night. As he is a past master in the art of domesticating the wild deer, the peccary, the tapir, and even the tiger cat, numbers of these animals are present in every village, taking the place of the motley pack of mongrels that usually greet the visitor at such humble settlements. His bed consists of the trunk of a certain species of palm, cut into strips and supported three or four feet from the ground on a frame, and a few earthen pots, with now and again an iron one, complete the furnishing of his house. While adept with the spear and deadly blowgun, in which various of the South American tribes employ poisoned darts, he is of the most peaceable nature, and his traditions contain no stirring tales of conquest, nor does his conversation boast of personal valor, for he knows not war. In short, the Talamancan is forever at peace with all the world, and only desires to pursue the even tenor of his way, unmolested, to the end of the chapter."

* * * * *

The Talamancan seems like a pretty good sort of Indian—at least he doesn't do anything worth while, either good or bad, nor does he seem to be quite an idle loafer, since he does about as well as the best of his tribe ever did.

No doubt the Indian blood was once fresh and virile, and that this continent was extensively populated with a progressive people—progressive for the time and for the chance they had. True, they were but a step above the bison, the bear and the monkey, but that step lifted them onto the human plane.

The fact, however, that these dark-skinned and our red-skinned Indians do not advance in civilization shows that their blood has had its day and is now deteriorating. Another century and there will hardly be an Indian left to tell the tale. And why not so, since the tale he has to tell isn't worth the telling.

About all the use the American Indian can be put to will be to serve as a relic of an effete and dying race. And even in that capacity he will be more admired at a distance, greater or less according to the direction of the wind to or from him. And yet, who knows but our Indians will become a nation of good Indians, according to Gen. Sherman's standard: "The only good Indian is a dead Indian."

Would Try Anyway.

We believe, too, that Gen. Grosvenor could make an excellent guess as to the kind of weather that will prevail on election day next year.—Chicago Tribune.

Has the Right Ring.

President Roosevelt's announced intention to give "the limit of the law" to delinquent postal officials and "the outsider who shares the guilt" has the right ring. Now let the giving begin!—New York World.

Incentive to Lynch Law.

In South Carolina during the year 1902 there were 223 murder trials, three of which resulted in sentences of death. This is no excuse for lynch law, but it is powerful in suggesting the cause of its existence.—Indianapolis Journal.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—"Arson is a very difficult matter to prove, because the fire destroys the evidence." This remark, by an assistant district attorney here, is not brilliantly original, but it indicates tersely the reason that that kind of crime is so common in New York. The records of the district attorney's office show there are an alarming number of indictments for incendiarism and arson every year and of late the increase has stirred the authorities to extra vigilance. In such a great community as this unprincipled men have greater opportunities for treading the devious paths of the "get-rich-quick" field than in small cities. Arson, in particular, has always been a favorite method of acquiring ill-gotten money. Just now attention is drawn particularly to insurance adjusters, who have been in league with incendiaries, both sides making a good thing out of it. One insurance adjuster was today sentenced to a term in Sing Sing and others are under suspicion. The man sent to prison this morning had been a public insurance adjuster for six years and in that period had fixed the loss at 4,000 fires. His power for evil, therefore, was enormous. Private as well as public adjusters are said to be guilty in many cases. The result of the present agitation along these lines is that the antecedents and general character of all men employed in adjusting claims are undergoing the most rigid investigation that has ever been known in this city. There was a crusade against swindlers of this kind about six years ago when 20 men were sent to state prison for long terms. Now another systematic pursuit of insurance rascals seems to be necessary.

Detention Not Uncomfortable.

Whatever may be the equity of keeping as prisoners persons whose only crime is that they were witnesses to some one else's wrongdoing, it cannot be denied that there are worse places in New York for homeless men than the house of detention in Mulberry street. The inmates are not locked in cells. They have the run of the building and can spend as much time in the court yard as they please. One of them climbed over the high fence and got away a night or two ago. He found it so cold and cheerless outside that he went back in a few hours later, as to a cherished boarding house. He declared that being locked in the house of detention was only second, as a "snap," to being on the jury.

Shining by Reflected Light.

Although the East Side is Democratically disposed as a rule there are certain occasions in the course of each year when the heelers and followers of political dignitaries rise to the georgeousness of modern American life as easily as if they lived regularly at the Waldorf. The "Florrie" Sullivan banquet is one of these occasions. It will take place at Sherry's next week and the price of tickets, originally fixed at $20 a plate, has been shaved to $10. "Dress suits" will be de rigeur, and there are indications of a corner in those luxuries at the second-hand clothing emporiums along the Bowery where they can be hired for $1 50 a night. It is said that some of the guests will have to pawn their other clothes to pay for the dinner ticket and the "glad rags." But all the political celebrities in "de Ate" will be there "if it takes a leg." For is not "Florrie" a cousin of "Big Tim"? And can any East Side Tammanyite afford to alight him? Well, not much, considering that there will be a general hand-out of offices after New Years.

Salvation Lassies Defy Old Boreas.

Salvation Army girls in charge of the big iron pots and tripods which make a mute appeal for contributions toward the army's annual Christmas dinner for the poor have made their appearance on street corners. Perhaps the windiest and bleakest corners are not chosen purposely, but certainly it seems as if it would have been impossible to find positions more exposed. Fortunately Salvation Army lassies are generally robust and lovers of open air life. They do not mind the cold and always acknowledge with a smile and a cute little "thank you" the coins which are kept rattling into the iron pots continuously. Some of the offerings consist of a penny or two from children, but quarters and half dollars, with an occasional bill, are the usual contributions. There will be a big dinner for the poor on Christmas day. That is assured already.

No Time for Tramps and Beggars.

Beggars and tramps are kept on the move in New York during the Christmas shopping. The hateful "G'wan, now," rings in their ears, as the comfortable looking policeman bears down on them, and they generally obey the order. If they hesitate there is an arrest with seclusion at Blackwells Island until spring. It is a sad condition, this rush of homeless men to New York, but it belongs to the holiday season and no one yet has thought out effective means for averting it. The object of the authorities is to get vagrants out of town. What becomes of them after that is the business of Jersey, Connecticut or any of the contiguous states. The sentiment is characteristic of municipal selfishness all over the world.

Visiting a Chinese Palmist.

There is a Chinese palmist in the Tenderloin who does a good business. He has just reduced his terms from $5 to $1 for a "reading" and the cut rates have caused quite a bargain rush to his queer little den this week. A well-known Pittsburgher dropped in today and held out his paw. The seer remarked to begin with, "You will be married in 18 months. Are you married?" There was more of it, but that first observation of the palmist tickled the Pittsburgher, who laughed as he muttered something about "sure thing prophets."

Free Seats Not Any Cheaper.

A correspondent of a newspaper here, signing himself "A Chronic Deadhead," positively refuses to believe that business is bad in New York theaters. He says he finds it as difficult as ever to get free seats. As a matter of fact, managers have got over the old-fashioned notion that it is better to have a lot of "paper" in the house than empty seats. The unoccupied chairs are at least a testimony to the courage of the manager who will go down fighting and the average New Yorker in the theatrical business prides himself above everything on being able to lose without squealing. He has had plenty of opportunity this winter to show his nerve in this direction.

Progress Beneath the Surface.

Work is going on rapidly underground in lower Broadway. People have become used to the boarded over roadway and the heavy scaffolding in front of St. Paul's church, between Fulton and Vesey streets, and never trouble themselves about the progress made from night to night. The progress is gratifying, however. There is an enormous hole under Broadway now, extending a longer distance than the average business man has any idea of. The success of this method will settle affirmatively the question whether it is possible to build underground railways all over Manhattan without disturbing the surface to an appreciable extent.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
C. D. Marshall.

Holland.
L. J. Allen, Mrs. Allen, H. P. Howell, Mrs. M. A. Verner, Miss Verner, Miss C. Verner, Miss Pauline Guffey, F. Kneeland, Mrs. Leonard Woods, Miss Bessie Woods.

Grand.
J. Ablett, Elmer E. Shaner.

Navarre.
A. A. Best, Mrs. Best.

Manhattan.
F. P. Davis, J. Kornblum, E. P. Martin, Mrs. Martin.

Victoria.
J. M. Morris, J. M. Nellis, Charles Black.

Astor.
J. S. Brooks, Mrs. Brooks.

Herald Square.
C. J. Dame, M. Forst, W. T. Wharry, C. W. Dickinson.

Fifth Avenue.
J. H. Henderson.

Imperial.
E. W. Lewis, W. F. Walsh, W. A. Matthews, J. E. McKirdy, W. C. Bernardi.

St. George.
L. Corbett.

Rossmore.
G. Carlisle, Mrs. Carlisle, S. Midley, Jr.

St. Denis.
Leo A. Katz.

Broadway Central.
H. Araberg, S. Breakstone, J. Welsberg.

Gregorian.
J. L. Schwartze, Mrs. J. S. Schwartze, Mrs. D. A. Stewart, Mrs. Kramer.

Jerry's Whereabouts.

It is pleasing to hear that Jerry Simpson is prospering as a miner in New Mexico. Also that he is wearing socks regularly.—Boston Journal.

The Nation's Capital.

L. W. STRAYER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—It was interesting to listen to the comments today upon the president's message. Expressions of opinion about the capitol varied according to the standpoint of the man who expressed it, but every one agreed, in one respect at least, and that was that President Roosevelt had treated all the important questions now before the country in his usual frank and direct manner. There was no hedging, no dodging, and no room was left for doubt as to the president's opinion upon any of these questions.

With a national campaign impending, it would have been very easy and might have been considered good politics to have omitted some of the things that are contained in the message, but this is not President Roosevelt's style. He is not a dodger and he doesn't appear to consider price when he is discussing questions that are vital to the country. As one man expressed it today: "He doesn't run away from trouble. Only the contrary, if there is any trouble abroad he goes out looking for it."

And this opinion is borne out by a careful reading of the message. Within the past year cases have turned up that did not redound to the credit of the administration. Frauds were unearthed, grafting was laid bare, dishonesty and incompetency were revealed, and great sensations were made over the process of this official housecleaning. In the light of the publicity that has already been given to these matters it might have been forgiven the president if he had touched but lightly on them in his message to congress, but this was not his idea. He handled them all without gloves and in that forceful style that is so characteristic of the man. He speaks unsparingly of the naturalization frauds, of the public land frauds, and of the postal frauds, and he asks for treaties making the crime of bribery extraditable. On the subject of bribery, he is most emphatic in his denunciation of the crime and his policy is summed up in this one sentence: "The exposure and punishment of public corruption is an honor to a nation, not a disgrace."

Treatment of Panama Question.

Probably the most striking feature of the whole message as viewed from this standpoint is his treatment of the Panama revolution and our policy with regard to it. The strong case that he makes out to sustain the course of the administration will no doubt have the effect of taking the wind of the sails of those Democratic senators who are reported to be primed and ready for long and denunciatory speeches in opposition to the ratification of the Panama canal treaty. It will be difficult for them to find flaws in the president's argument, and the long list of riots and revolutions that he mentions as having occurred during the past 50 years is the best possible excuse that this government could have for taking the firm stand that it has taken with reference to isthmian affairs.

With the recognition of the new republic of Panama by Russia, Great Britain is left the only power which has withheld such recognition. This action on the part of England does not indicate that she does not approve of the course of the United States on the isthmus. It has no significance beyond the fact that it is the desire of England to secure from Panama some provision for the protection of British holders of bonds of the United States of Colombia, it is the contention of the English government that Panama should assume its proportion of the public debt of Colombia and, it is said, in the house that an arrangement to this end will be effected.

Dalzell on the Message.

Representative John Dalzell, asked for an expression of his opinion on the president's message, said:

"I consider the most interesting and important part of the message his treatment of the isthmian canal question. He has given a very clear demonstration of the propriety of our action in carrying out the wishes of the American people that we shall have a canal as soon as possible. The president also gives a complete answer to the contention that has been made that we have violated any provision of the treaty of 1846. The message in this respect rests upon three points. First, That the president's authority under this Spooner bill to deal with the Panama canal had no relation to Colombia technically because Colombia was not mentioned in the canal treaty, but related to the territory upon which the canal is to be built without regard to the particular government that might be in control of it. Second, That the guarantee of the treaty of 1846, for the sovereignty of New Granada, of which Colombia in the first instance and Panama in the second, are the successors, related only to attacks upon the sovereignty of New Granada or its successors, and had no relation to international controversies. Third, That the history of the isthmus for the past 50 years shows that the United States has been continually under the necessity of preserving peace there and saving not only for itself, but for the whole world, free transit across the isthmus."

Capital and Labor.

"The president's treatment of the question of the relations of capital and labor is clear and conservative and shows a wise conception of what he and all of us believe to be the individual right of every American citizen. His views upon the immigration question are equally clear, recognizing the need of a better class of immigrants who will in time become good citizens, and also recognizing the undesirability of a large class of immigrants who come into the United States despite our present immigration laws.

"On the subject of monetary legislation, the message, I think, very properly leaves any action to a future time and merely suggests that the secretary of treasury ought to have authority to deal with the customs receipts as with the revenue receipts. So far as the treasury is concerned, there is no longer any reason for dealing differently with them now is there any reason why customs receipts should be kept out of the currents of commerce and trade any more than those from other sources of revenue."

Guarding the Message.

The greatest care is exercised to guard the president's message and keep it from getting to the public before it is submitted to congress. This afternoon the joint committee of congress called upon the president about 1 o'clock to formally notify him that both branches were in session and were ready to receive any communication he might have to make. Assistant Secretary Barnes, whose duty it is to deliver to congress all communications from the president, was ready and waiting for the formal notification. He had the engrossed copies of the message in his portfolio and he also had 800 printed copies bound in neat pamphlets for distribution among the senators, representatives and correspondents. These 800 copies were loaded into two cabs and stood waiting the signal to start. As soon as it was given, Mr. Barnes drove to the capitol, followed by the two cabs containing the printed copies, guarded by White House employes. As soon as Mr. Barnes had delivered the message to the senate and the house and the clerks had begun reading it, it was then released and the printed copies were quickly distributed among the senators and members so that they could follow the text as the clerk read.

Funeral of Mrs. Lawrence Dilworth.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Lawrence Dilworth will be held at 10:30 o'clock this morning at her late home, Fifth and Amberson avenues, after her remains will be buried in Homewood cemetery. The Rev. Dr. Richard S. Holmes, pastor of the Shadyside Presbyterian church, will have charge of the services. The pallbearers will be James H. Park, Harmar Denny, Harry Darlington, the Rev. Dr. W. J. Holland, Louis Dalzell and F. D. Kay. Mrs. Dilworth's remains were brought to Pittsburgh yesterday morning from New York in Charles M. Schwab's private car "Loretto," arriving here at shortly after 7 a. m. Mr. Dilworth, his two sons, Charles and Joseph, and two daughters accompanied the remains.

Cranks and the President.

The fact that three presidents of the United States have been assassinated shows the need of protecting the man who fills that office, and yet, with all the warnings that have been given by the history of attempts on the part of cranks to approach the president, the police have not learned how to keep all such persons back.—Denver Republican.

Waste of Good Cash.

The dowager empress of China is about to spend $2,000,000 in repairing old temples and building new ones. And to think that she could almost buy a canal site with that sum of money!—Indianapolis Journal.

The Death Roll.

Capt. Joseph Graham.

Capt. Joseph Graham, one of the best known rivermen, died at the Beaver County General hospital, Rochester, Pa., yesterday morning at the age of 65. Capt. Graham was crushed under a portable engine that was being lowered on the lock wall at Merrill dam last Tuesday. He was captain of the S. B. Gillette, owned by the Evansville Contracting Company, builders of Merrill dam. He had always been a riverman, having begun while a boy under the tutelage of his father, Capt. Lafayette Graham. He was master and part owner of several craft, among them being the Iron Cliff, Veteran, Coal Bluff and Venture. Capt. Graham was a veteran of the civil war, having served in company F, One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He was an Odd Fellow, a member of Harbor No. 25 Masters and Pilots' association of Pittsburgh, and the Methodist Episcopal church. A widow, four daughters, two brothers and three sisters survive. The harbor flag was draped with crepe yesterday and displayed at half mast. The pilots will attend the funeral in a body.

Funeral of William M. Springer.

The funeral of former Representative William M. Springer of Illinois, was held at the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church, Washington, D. C., yesterday. The Rev. F. M. Bristol, pastor of the church, officiating. Presiding Elder Naylor told of his experience as Mr. Springer's pastor for some years. There was a large attendance at the services, including many members of both houses of congress. The floral tributes were numerous. The honorary pallbearers were: Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster, United States Senators Cullom, Teller and Dubois, Representatives Hitt and J. R. Williams, H. J. Hamlin, attorney general of Illinois; James Todd of Chicago; Justice M. F. Morris, of the District of Columbia court of appeals, and Messrs. A. B. Brown, A. B. Duvall, T. J. Henderson and A. D. Lynch. The remains were placed in a receiving vault until the details of final interment shall have been decided.

Mrs. Elizabeth Henggi.

Mrs. Elizabeth Henggi, 77 years old, died yesterday morning at the home of her son, L. O. Henggi, at Oakmont, of pneumonia. She was the widow of Joseph Henggi and was born in Germany. She came to this country 35 years ago with her husband and settled in Oakmont, in which place the family has lived ever since. She was a member of the German Lutheran church. Mrs. Henggi is survived by one son, L. O. Henggi, and three daughters, Mrs. Charles Suckley and Mrs. F. W. Steinfield of Oakmont, and Mrs. W. C. Bennett of Verona. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. Catherine I. Curtin.

Mrs. Catherine I. Curtin, widow of the civil war governor, Andrew G. Curtin, died at her home at Bellefonte, Pa., yesterday of apoplexy. Mrs. Curtin was shopping and said to a friend that she felt unusually well and enjoyed the cold weather. She went home and sat down to luncheon. She was stricken with apoplexy while at the table and died in less than an hour. She was 84 years old and was a daughter of Dr. W. Wilson, one of the pioneer settlers of Pennsylvania. Four children survive, William W. Curtin, of Philadelphia; Mrs. George F. Harris, Mrs. M. B. Burnett and Mrs. Breese.

Bishop James Addison Ingle.

A cable message from Hankow, China, announcing the death of Bishop James Addison Ingle of the Protestant Episcopal church, was received at Cumberland, Md., yesterday. He was 56 years old. Bishop Ingle was graduated in 1888 from the University of Virginia. He took a three years' course in the theological seminary of Virginia, from which he was graduated in 1891. He was ordained by Bishop William Paret of Maryland in the same year and in October of that year sailed for China. He was elected bishop by the general convention held in San Francisco in 1901.

Remains of Henry Welsh Arrive.

The body of Henry Welsh, a former resident of Braddock, who died at the National Soldiers' home at Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 7, arrived in Braddock yesterday morning and was taken to the home of his brother, James Welsh, in Kirkpatrick avenue, North Braddock. The deceased was 74 years old and served throughout the civil war as a member of Company G, Twenty-third infantry. He resided for many years in Braddock and went west a few years ago. He is survived by one brother, James Welsh.

Mrs. Henry Hartman.

Mrs. Mary Hartman, 56 years old, wife of Henry Hartman, died yesterday morning at her home, 195 South Main street, West End. She was born in Wurtemburg, Germany, and came to Pittsburgh 36 years ago. Besides her husband, eight sons and one daughter survive. She was a member of the German Evangelical Lutheran church.

Bartholomew A. Burke Buried.

The remains of Bartholomew Aloysius Burke were bu

SELECT MEMBERS REMAINED AWAY

Only Nine Councilmen Responded to Call of President Wightman.

FEARED MURPHY'S MOTION

Only nine members responded yesterday to President James Smiley Wightman's call for a special meeting of select council, and a meeting was not held because of the lack of a quorum. It was charged that political managers changed the program because of the threat of John A Murphy to renew his motion to withdraw the Baltimore and Ohio street vacation ordinances from the survey committee. In confirmation of this accusation it was stated that 11 members had met at the office of Samuel J. Wainwright in Fourth avenue and had marched in a body to the office of Murry A. Verner in the Farmers National bank building. Common Councilman W. H. Stevenson said he had been reliably informed that Citizens members were turned away from the city hall by guards posted on the city hall steps. The nine members present were James J. Booth, Frederick Fichtel, W. E. Lang, John A. Murphy, Charles Stewart, John H. Voskamp, Charles H. West, W. J. Zahnlser and President Wightman. President Wightman waited until 2:15 o'clock, 15 minutes after the time set for the meeting, and then called the nine members to order. He announced that 26 votes would be a quorum and that a quorum was not present. He expressed regret that the members had stayed away and declared the meeting adjourned.

After the meeting President Wightman was asked to account for the absence of the members.

"I do not know," said he, "unless it was because they were afraid of Mr. Murphy's motion to withdraw the Baltimore & Ohio street vacation ordinance from the surveys committee."

After the adjournment a number of members went into the city hall, several of whom called at the office of Mayor William B. Hays. John Upperman was one of those seen in the hall. Some of the members who stayed away said they did so because they did not think there was any good reason for holding a special session.

CHARGES MADE AGAINST FORMER CITY DETECTIVE

Special Meeting of Fourteenth Ward School Board to Be Held Tonight.

A special meeting of the Fourteenth ward school board has been called by President Robert Thompson for tonight to hear charges that have been preferred against William McElroy, former city detective but now janitor of the Soho schoolhouse.

McElroy was a member of the Fourteenth ward school board for a number of years and resigned last summer to take the position of janitor. John Osterhouse was appointed a member of the board to fill McElroy's place. It was stated at the time that McElroy's appointment was agreed to by a majority of the board upon the condition that Osterhouse should be his successor. After giving up his position on the board McElroy is now threatened with the loss of his other position.

President Thompson said last night that there was no politics in the charges against McElroy and that both sides would be given a hearing. The nature of the charges against the ex-detective was not divulged. It is probable that a large number of witnesses against McElroy and in his favor will be heard tonight.

ASSISTANCE NEEDED.

Missionary Tells of Sad Plight of Survivors in Monastir Valley.

BOSTON, Dec. 7.—The American board of commissioners for foreign missions, has received a report from the Rev. E. B. Haskell, who has made a canvass of the Vilayet of Monastir, devastated by Turkish soldiers. It emphasizes the need for relief for the stricken people, the following being a summary of the canvass:

Burned villages, 17; burned houses, 1,300; houseless people, 7,300; villages partly looted or damaged, 3; unarmed men killed, 87 (10 after surrender); women killed, 9; children killed, 4; families injured, 1,366; women dishonored, 38. Total persons injured, 7,565; four churches and one monastery torn down; 14 churches gutted and defiled; 6 schools burned or torn down; 1 school gutted; 2,206 persons have no food.

MOTHER ENTERED SUIT.

On Behalf of Daughter, Charged Her Son-in-Law With Bigamy.

Mrs. Anna A. Richardson of McKeesport made information before Alderman James V. McMasters yesterday charging her son-in-law, James MacDonald, with bigamy.

MacDonald has been in jail for the last month on the same charge, made by his wife, but as a wife cannot prosecute a charge of this character, the grand jury ignored the bill yesterday. This entitled MacDonald to immediate release from jail on receipt of the order of court showing that the bill had been ignored.

Before the order arrived Mrs. Richardson had entered suit against MacDonald on behalf of her daughter. This commitment was lodged at the jail and will hold MacDonald until his case is again disposed of by the grand jury.

MacDonald is accused of marrying Florence L. Campbell last February without being divorced from his first wife.

BRUTAL HIGHWAYMEN.

Beat a Man Because He Did Not Have More Money.

Another hold-up took place at Oak Hill, opposite East Pittsburgh, early yesterday morning, making nearly a dozen at that place during the past month.

Mike Sotack, a Slav, was on his way to his home in Brinton shortly after 1 o'clock when three white men halted him and demanded his money. The Slav gave them $2.50, all he had. The small amount enraged the footpads and they beat him with a heavy club, knocking him down and inflicted several ugly wounds on his head.

Citizens of East Pittsburgh yesterday circulated a petition to the borough council asking that four additional policemen be placed on duty.

STEAL SMALLPOX BEDS FROM THE PESTHOUSE

FORT WAYNE, IND., Dec. 7.—The city pesthouse, just beyond the city limits, was burglarized last night and nearly everything portable, including the bedding, was carried away. Until recently the house has been almost constantly occupied with smallpox patients. It is not believed the robbers knew the character of the place they were burglarizing.

Two Hurt in Runaway.

William Ringley, a driver for the W. H. Keech Furniture Company, and Francis Pascotz, a wagonman for the company, were injured by being thrown from their wagon in a runaway in Fifth avenue yesterday morning. The animal frightened at Frant street and ran down the hill to Smithfield street, colliding with a show case in front of a store near Smithfield street. Ringley was hurt about the shoulders and cut by glass. With Pascotz he was removed to the Homeopathic hospital. Ringley, who lives at 324 Merrimac street, Mt. Washington, will be able to leave the hospital today.

Hose Used to Punish Pupils.

East McKeesport parents are indignant because some the teachers in the borough schools substituted pieces of garden hose for the old-fashioned rattan in the corporal punishment of unruly pupils. The matter was brought to light at the meeting of the school board a couple of nights ago and the board reprimanded the teachers, one of whom was the female assistant principal. The board also instructed the teachers to return to the use of the rattan.

JOHN LAULER TO FIGHT STEVENSON

He Will Oppose Citizens Party Ticket If Leader of Orphans Is Indorsed.

NOT A CANDIDATE HIMSELF

"If Stevenson is put on the Citizens ticket in the Fourteenth ward, the ticket will go up higher than a kit. I know scores of voters who will vote and work against the Citizens ticket if he is put on it," said Common Councilman John Lauler yesterday.

"I have heard of these stories that Stevenson might be put on the Citizens party ticket and the other Orphan nominees for councils in the Fourteenth ward left off, but I wish to say right here that if such a thing is done it will be the biggest mistake that the Citizens party managers could make. Stevenson has created all the dissension in the Citizens party in the Fourteenth ward and I will not support any ticket that has his name on it.

"I have been asked to become a candidate on the Citizens ticket myself, but I have decided that I will not run again for councils. This decision is final, and I will not consent to become a candidate under any circumstances. I decided this several months ago, but a few days ago a couple of men came to me and urged me to run again, but I told them I would not. A man in my business has no business in councils.

"The Orphans held a meeting out in Soho the other night and denounced every common councilman from the Fourteenth ward except Stevenson. Stevenson was with us until the Pennsylvania railroad ordinance came up, and then he clamored for compensation although he did all he could to put the Wabash ordinance through without even asking for compensation, although the Wabash was given the right to build a line up Carson street, the main thoroughfare of the South Side.

"Duquesne way is much less used than Carson street, and I consider that when the Pennsylvania company gives up its tracks in Liberty avenue it is compensating the city fully for the grant along Duquesne way. I would vote for the Pennsylvania ordinance again and I would also vote for joint use, if the Pennsylvania and other railroads agreed to it; but I do not think that necessary. That is a matter for the railroads to settle between themselves. The Pennsylvania would not refuse to haul the freight of any road over its tracks. This has always been arranged between the railroads and is not a matter for councils to decide."

Mr. Lauler said that his vote against the resolution making transfers in the public works department, at the last meeting of common council was a mistake, and was not done because of his political antipathy to Mr. Stevenson. He and Councilman Hogg were talking together and misunderstood the matter. When their names were called on the motion to pass the resolutions under a suspension of the rules, they both voted "no" and their votes defeated the motion.

STACKS OF MONEY WERE PROOF OF SOUNDNESS

Everything Moves Along in Normal Manner at Reopening of Allegheny First National.

Great stacks of money, actual cash, gold and silver in bags holding thousands of dollars, paper money, both green and yellow, in packages of hundreds of bills each, all in one pile on a table in the center of the banking room greeted the eyes of those who visited the First National bank of Allegheny yesterday, the first day of its reopening. Altogether close to $200,000 was in that pile. There was no need to touch it. The bank transacted on its first day under the new management a good normal business, both paying out and taking in fair amounts. The day closed without the totals on the books being altered to any large degree.

President Charles E. Speer of both the First Nationals, promptly at 9 o'clock opened the North Side bank's doors. A new depositor soon speared with $1,000 to entrust to the bank's care. Acting Cashier Thomas A. McNary and the other directors and officials of the bank had been at the bank an hour before the opening and made all the final arrangements, the assets of the institution being turned over to the new interests in control by Receiver E. J. Vaughn, in accordance with his authority from the comptroller of the currency.

The bank will be open for business every business day as always, and its connection with the strong First National of Pittsburgh is expected to add to its already excellent prestige.

Judges Considering Essays.

The judges who are to pass upon the essays submitted in the Carnegie museum contest held their first meeting yesterday afternoon at the museum. The 988 essays submitted were turned over to them and taken home for reading and comparison as to merit. The report of the judges will be made next week.

Will Hear Case on Merits.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The United States supreme court today denied for the present the motion to dismiss the case of the state of Minnesota vs. the Northern Securities Company, and postponed further consideration of the question until the case shall be heard on its merits.

Dr. Shoop's RHEUMATIC CURE

Costs Nothing If It Fails.

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. For years I searched everywhere to find a specific for Rheumatism. For nearly 20 years I worked to this end. At last, in Germany, my search was rewarded. I found a costly chemical that did not disappoint me as other Rheumatic prescriptions had disappointed physicians everywhere.

I do not mean that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into flesh again. That is impossible. But it will drive from the blood the poison that causes pain and swelling, and then that is the end of Rheumatism. I know this so well that I will furnish for a full month my Rheumatic Cure on trial. I cannot cure all cases within a month. It would be unreasonable to expect that. But most cases will yield within 30 days. This trial treatment will convince you that Dr Shoop's Rheumatic Cure is a power against Rheumatism—a potent force against disease that is irresistible.

My offer is made to convince you of my faith. My faith is but the outcome of experience—of actual knowledge. I KNOW what it can do. And I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my book on Rheumatism. I will then arrange with a druggist in your vicinity so that you can secure six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure to make its test. You may take it a full month on trial. If it succeeds the cost to you is $5.50. If it fails the loss is mine and mine alone. It will be left entirely to you. I mean that exactly. If you say the trial is not satisfactory I don't expect a penny from you.

I have no samples. Any mere sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, for it is dangerous to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood. My remedy does that even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met, and in all of my experience, in all of my 2,000 tests, I never found another remedy that would cure one chronic case in ten.

Write me and I will send you the book. Try my remedy for a month, for it can't harm you anyway. If it fails the loss is mine.

Address Dr. Shoop, Box 568, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases not chronic are often cured by one of two bottles. At all druggists.

PREPARING FOR SUIT.

Attorneys for James Blair and Family, Qualify for Appearance in Court.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—Henry T. Kent, J. F. Lee and A. Lee today entered appearance in the United States circuit court as counsel for James L. Blair, Mrs. Apolline Blair, Percy A. and Frank P. Blair in a suit brought against the Blairs by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York to cancel Blair's $200,000 policy taken out on January 8, 1902.

With the attorney's appearance a petition was filed for the appointment of a guardian for Percy A. and Frank P. Blair to represent them in the suit. Mrs. Blair, and her sons are defendants because they are named as beneficiaries of the policy.

WOMEN HARPISTS PASS UNION'S EXAMINATION

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—(Special)—Mme. Tagliavia and Mme. Weill, the two Metropolitan opera house harpists, to whom the musical union objected, today successfully passed through the ordeal of examination by a union committee, and were pronounced "artists up to the union standard." The opera can now proceed and Herr Conreid is happy.

W. M. Laird Co.

One Thousand Pairs $3, $3.50, $4 Men's Hand-Made Slippers

At $2 a Pair

Operas, Everettes, Romeos — many styles in all leathers — a splendid Holiday Bargain that cannot be equalled any place —Come early.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

431 to 437 Smithfield Street.
404 to 408 Market Street.

MARRIED.

SHERLOCK—M'VAY—On Saturday, December 5, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, at New Martinsville, W. Va., by the Rev. G. Walton King, D. D., WILLIAM POTTER M'VAY and MARGARET ANN SHERLOCK.

DEATHS.

BULLOCK—Suddenly, at his residence, Homestead, Pa., WILLIAM S. BULLOCK, in his 67th year.

Notice of funeral later.

(Philadelphia papers please copy.)

BECK—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 8:15 a. m., ELIZABETH BECK (nee Bigley), widow of Hugo Beck, aged 63 years.

Funeral from the residence of her son, Charles Beck, No. 7 Buchanan street, Troy Hill, Wednesday, December 9, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at Most Holy Name church at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CLUTTER—On Sunday, December 6, 1903, at 11 p. m., at Glenfola, near Carnegie, Pa., FRANK CLUTTER, at the residence of his uncle, Samuel Booth.

Funeral on Wednesday, December 9, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family respectfully invited to attend.

DILWORTH—In New York, suddenly on Saturday, December 5, 1903 VIRGINIA CROSSAN, wife of Lawrence Dilworth.

Funeral services at her late residence, corner Fifth avenue and Amberson avenue on Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

HENGGI—At Oakmont, Pa., on December 7, 1903, at 10 a. m., MRS. ELIZABETH HENGGI, relict of Joseph Henggi, in her 78th year.

Funeral services at the residence of her son, L. O. Henggi, Edgewater station, on Wednesday, December 9, 1903, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Oakmont cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HARTMAN—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at family residence, No. 105 South Main street, West End, MARY, wife of Henry Hartman, in her 57th year.

Funeral services at family residence Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Interment private.

[Buffalo (N. Y.) and Youngstown (O.) papers please copy.]

HOAK—On Saturday, December 5, 1903, at 10 a. m., WILLIAM ALEXANDER HOAK, aged 67 years, 5 months and 2 days.

Funeral services Tuesday, December 8, at 2 p. m., at late residence, No. 120 Twentieth street, South Side, Pittsburgh. Friends of the family and members of Col. J. W. Patterson post, No. 151, G. A. R., Great Western lodge, No. 945, K. of P., Keystone company, No. 52, U. R. K. of P. and the Pittsburgh police are respectfully invited. Interment in Minersville cemetery.

LUDDEN—On Sunday, December 6, 1903, at 12 m., DR. LEVI LUDDEN, in his 71st year.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of his son-in-law, Charles D. Armstrong, No. 300 Lexington avenue, Pittsburgh, today at 3 p. m. Interment private at Homewood cemetery.

LAYNG—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 7 p. m., MARY DEEMING LAYNG, daughter of the late Frank R. and Estelle Tower Layng, aged 23 years.

Funeral services, First Presbyterian church chapel, Allegheny, Wednesday afternoon, December 9, at 2:30 o'clock.

MEEDS—On Monday, December 7 1903, at 4:30 p. m., at his residence, No. 224 Amber street, HARRISON PUSEY MEEDS, in his 66th year.

Funeral services at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, December 8. Interment private, Wednesday morning.

MOORHOUSE—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 11:30 a. m., RICHARD, husband of Fanny Moorhouse (nee Willman), aged 59 years 2 months and 7 days.

Funeral services at his late residence, 4821 Cypress street, on Wednesday, December 9, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family and members of Lincoln Standard Lodge No. 43, Order Sons of St. George, and Keystone Castle No. 14, A. O. K. of M. C., are respectfully invited to attend.

RAPP—At her residence, 420 East Ohio street, Allegheny, on Sunday, December 6, 1903, at 5:30 p. m., ANNA MARIA RAPP, widow of Jacob Rapp, aged 74 years 5 months and 22 days.

Funeral from her late residence on Wednesday, December 9, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, Liberty and Nelson streets, Allegheny, at 9 a. m. Members of St. Mary's Women's sodality and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SCANDRETT—On Monday, December 7, 1903, at 10:40 a. m., at the residence of her parents, 1303 Esplanade street, Allegheny, Pa., MARY K., only child of Thomas B. and Lida K. Scandrett (nee Moore), aged 12 years 3 months.

Funeral service Wednesday, December 9, 1903, at 2 p. m.

SOHN—On Sunday, December 6, 1903, at 5 p. m., at the residence of her son, Dr. Charles Sohn, 1402 Liberty avenue, LOUISA FYRICH, widow of Valentine Sohn, in her 77th year.

Funeral services Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment at Monaca, Pa., on arrival of the train leaving Pittsburgh & Lake Erie depot at 1:50 p. m., city time.

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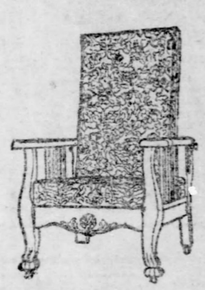

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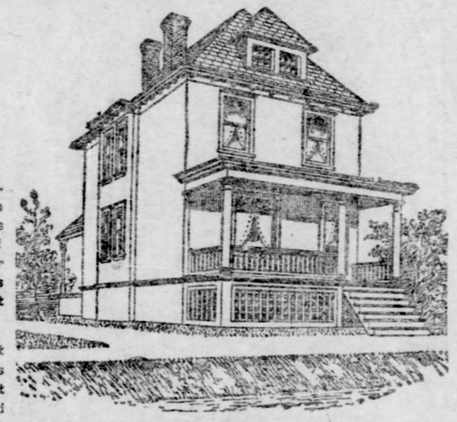

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We offer you this aid in selecting what you want by telling you of our line of sensible and useful presents.

HANDSOME DRESS FABRICS:

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All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, from .....6¼c to 25c
Pure Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, for Ladies and Gentlemen, 25c to 50c
White India Silk Handkerchiefs, elegant assortment, 35c to $1.00
Kid Gloves, black and colored, $1.00
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All-Wool Country Blankets, in white, red and grey, with fancy borders .....$3.50 to $8.50

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50 pieces new 1904 fancy silks—next season's ideas. 75c, $1.00, $1.25.

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Styles for waists and shirtwaist suits.

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THE STAIN OF GUILT With Rube Waddell.

Next Week—The Fatal Wedding. Melodrama

The Theatres Last Night

OPENING OF THE NEW NIXON

NEW THEATER IS DEDICATED

Continued from First Page.

firm, and Benjamin H. Marshall, the architect. Mr. Nixon said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: I am obliged to you for giving me this opportunity to publicly thank the people of this city for the generous support they have given my business associates and myself in our endeavor to demonstrate that this is, and for many years has been, an absolutely first-class "show town," as the expression goes.

Our facilities for presenting here all of the best attractions of the world have been somewhat restricted, with but one theater at our command. But henceforth we shall, with your continued support, do better. In erecting this Nixon theater, we have tried to give this city a place of amusement in keeping with the glorious advancement and development of this now justly famed spot upon the map of the world. If this house, in its entirety, and in its detail, shall satisfy your ideal of a first-class theater, we will feel compensated for the effort which we have put forth in erecting it.

A Magnificent Inauguration.

My partners in this house, the Messrs. W. J. Davis and H. J. Powers of Chicago and my son, Fred, heartily join me in thanking you who are here present, as well as the hundreds of others who would be here tonight if the house were large enough to make their presence possible, for this magnificent inauguration which you have given the Nixon.

And we also want to thank that no small army of men who have accomplished the building of the house—not only the "bosses," but the men, behind the bricks and mortar and brushes and all others who have worked so diligently night and day for many months.

The Nixon theater is finished—the babe is born—and we now submit it to the tender care of the people of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Nirdlinger, who almost lost his voice in his efforts to get the building ready for the opening performance, dedicated the theater again to local "first nighters," saying:

I had a voice when I started from Philadelphia, but I lost it en route. It's my delight to give credit where credit is due, and that is to Mr. Benjamin H. Marshall, who designed every line, color, tint and decoration under whose direct superintendency this theater was constructed. Ladies and gentlemen, he is a wonder. The little giant of architecture. In the last eight months he has built two theaters, the Iroquois in Chicago and this one—the former in five months and nine days; the latter in eight months, in spite of the greatest labor difficulties the country has ever known. But it was your liberal patronage that made such an edifice and project possible; therefore, in appreciation and conclusion, on behalf of Messrs. S. F. Nixon, Will J. Davis, Harry Powers and myself, I desire the honor to dedicate this theater to the theatergoing public of Pittsburgh.

Parties in the Boxes.

Those occupying boxes last night were:

Box A—Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Caley Marshall, Mr. Benjamin Marshall.

Box B—Mrs. Henry W. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Rea.

Box C—D. H. Jackson, Philadelphia; D. C. Ripley, George T. MacIntosh, F. R. Carens, J. F. Kirk, H. C. Fry, D. A. Ripley.

Box D—Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Burleigh, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Burleigh, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Kiehl.

Box E—Mr. P. J. McNulty, Miss Irene McNulty, Miss Margaret and Miss Inez McNulty, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Connolly, Mr. John R. Russell.

Box F—Mr. Loughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Totten.

Box G—Mr. and Mrs. Murray S. Bumheimer, New York; the Rev. J. Leonard Levy and Mrs. Levy, Mrs. Dorle Strauss of Philadelphia, Miss Laura Strauss.

Box H—Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Nixon-Nirdlinger, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Lehmayer, Baltimore; Mrs. S. W. Berko, Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone, Mrs. R. Feuchtwanger, Mr. H. Feuchtwanger.

Box K—Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Frauenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. O'Neill, Miss Katherine Vilsack, Miss Mercedes Vilsack.

Congratulatory telegrams were received from business men and theatrical managers in all parts of the country felicitating Mr. Nixon on the crowning triumph of his career.

"Erminie," A Bundle of Memories.

Into this beautiful setting of plush and gold was placed an old musical gem, which shone and twinkled quite as brilliantly, if a little nervously, as of yore. What a potpourri of memories the dedication of the new playhouse brought us, to be sure. It was as if a bright tuneful ribbon had been spun out of the past as a sort of pennant to float for the first time in this marvelous present epoch of theater building and adornment. There was Jakobowski's trickling music as the first memory. How delightful it was to recall its early glory amid such surroundings as the Nixon affords. Ever so many years ago, before we had our Anna Helds and our Drury Lane spectacles we had "Erminie." And how we used to crowd to hear it and to see it. It sang itself across the continent, and has been intermittently singing itself in summer stock opera and in amateur singing exhibitions ever since. But there was never but one real performance of "Erminie" and that has grown to be only a memory. There were wiseacres who said when "Erminie" was announced as the opening attraction of the new theater, "How odd to give us that old timer."

Well, the wisdom of it was shown in the fact that this "Erminie" is the incarnation of a memory. Did we not have Francis Wilson, the great and only Cadeau, and did he not spring the same old antics and pull his declining booties up with the other foot, just as in the old days. And then we had Jennie Weathersby, the original Princess, in the big hoop skirt. These revived memories were like bridging a span of 20 years and going back to the first "Erminie." Then there was the "Lullabye," and the brave marching song of De Launay and the rollicking minuet, and the dear old "Dickey Bird." But in the latter case memory stands aside for the actualities of modern life, and the things the Dickey Bird are supposed to say smack smartly of the present day affairs. What a pity, however, Pierpont Morgan could not have been eliminated and the little bird tell us what he thinks of the new theater.

But these were not all the memories that came trooping back to us from behind that rich gold and red plush curtain. There was Jessie Bartlett Davis, quite as handsome and quite as youthful as in the old Bostonian days. And as if to give this memory a perfect thrill we had "O, Promise Me," sung in almost, if not quite, the same mellow voice of yore. Then we had Madge Lessing, bright-eyed, nimble foot Madge, and straightway our memories ran back to "Jack and the Beanstalk" and a ravishing form in blue and gold tights. Still further along another memory was revived. "Joseph, James and John" was interpolated and "The Monks of Malabar" rose out of their graves. Of the new faces, Robert Broderick, who we have seen and liked in other surroundings, plays Ravenneg with fine skill and sang with possibly the best voice in the cast. To Mr. W. C. Weedon, the tenor, and Miss Marguerita Sylva, the "Erminie," belongs the credit of "next best" in singing. Mr. Weedon's "Star of My Life," solo, and Miss Sylva's "Lullabye," were both sung with grace and lyrical purity. Signor Perugini is the Chevalier, and while he, too, is a memory, it is of the brilliant days of the diva Lillian Russell, who is not of "Erminie" fame.

The production is beautifully costumed and the minor roles are played effectively. Miss Laura Butler as Cerise is not only an exceedingly handsome young woman, but like her Gainsborough associates is marvelously picturesque in costume. The audience was evidently not there to enthuse over "Erminie," even though both musically and scenically the opera equaled even the best interpretation of the old days. It was not memories that the great throng wanted. It was there to put the crown of its approval upon this newest and greatest playhouse. Therefore, enthusiasm for things on the stage was fitful and broke out in spots. When we come back from the wonder and admiration for the new theater we will find that, as a reviver of memories this new "Erminie" is quite the equal of the old as a basis for them.

Alvin—E. H. Sothern In "The Proud Prince."

Before an audience that seemed to have suffered but little by reason of the Nixon's opening, E. H. Sothern presented Justin Huntly McCarthy's new romantic drama at the Alvin last night. "The Proud Prince" is a sort of inverted version of Mr. McCarthy's former play, "If I Were King." In that, an ignoble one is exalted suddenly to high station; in this a king is by a miracle of retribution suddenly transformed into a motley fool. There are other points of resemblance between the two plays—each has a notably fine and strong first act; the first act of "The Proud Prince" closing with a climax so powerful that what comes after seems tame by comparison.

The play is based upon a medieval legend. King Robert of Sicily, a monarch in whom arrogance and villeness contend for the mastery, has set eyes upon Perpetua, the daughter of the public executioner, whose sword had rested during the preceding reign of Robert the Good. Perpetua does not know it is the evil king she has met, and when she learns it she recoils from him with horror. Enraged at her flight, he gives orders to his slaves to drag her to a den of infamy when she returns. But the cup of his iniquities is full, and as he is about to enter the church where his retainers are gathered, the archangel's statue, like the Commander's in "Don Giovanni," comes to life and visits a judgment upon the proud king, changing him into the foul shape of the fool Diogenes. The act closes with the abduction of Perpetua, which he tries vainly to prevent.

The second act plays in the den of infamy whither King Robert has ordered Perpetua to be taken. The king arrives in his misshapen body, and to degrade Perpetua utterly it is resolved to marry her to him. He is still a monster at heart, but when she uplifts a dagger, ready to die rather than submit to his impure love, he experiences a sudden change—a change utterly at variance with his character, unmotived by anything stronger than a lifted dagger, the first loud artificial note in the play. The act closes with a series of artificial and forced incidents—the sudden appearance of Hildebrand, the king's favorite, as a new persecutor, and a wild tale by the transformed king, playing upon the people's fear of the plague to rescue Perpetua.

The third act takes place in a church where he and Perpetua have found a refuge. By another uniucky chance, the persecutors of Perpetua have found this asylum out, and appear to drag her forth on a charge of witchcraft, another element of peril artificially introduced to bolster up the interest of the action. Then the king, in his guise of fool, now thoroughly penitent, finds his strength suddenly returned, nd, seizing a huge iron cross, gives battle to Hildebrand, who brought the charge of witchcraft, felling him with the cross.

In the fourth act, as preparations are being made to burn Perpetua, the king appears disguised as the challenger, and her father as her defender. After a feint at fighting, the king falls. Perpetua is set free, and he is led to the pyre instead. But as the flames ascend around him, the semblance of the fool's body leaves him; the king, who has reigned in his place reveals himself as the archangel: Robert is restored to his royal self, redeemed and purified, and he raises Perpetua to his throne.

Such are the main outlines of the drama's action. It never rises above the wonderful climax of act 1, although act 4 is better than the corresponding act of "If I Were King." As a whole the play is more labored than was the drama, the striking situations being patched together with less naturalness. The language is usually lofty and poetic, but sometimes descends to melodramatic bathos, as when Perpetua, charged with witchcraft, cries out, "'Tis the falsest story ever told."

Whatever technical defects the drama has, it reveals Mr. Sothern in new and unsuspected phases. He has always played heroic roles; here for the greater part of the evening he is loathsome to look upon. He proves that it is the actor's art, not the outward seeming, that holds the sympathy of the audience; that the young and handsome nero is not a dramatic necessity. In all his moods—pride, rage, despair, contrition, humility, self-sacrifice—he realized the character of ORbert fully, and redeemed much of the play's glaring artificiality. It is a role that must greatly tax his nervous energies and his voice.

His support is uniformly good. Miss Loftus was a very sweet Perpetua, and rose to every opportunity that was offered her. That sterling actor, Rowland Buckstone, as her father, did some splendid work. John Findlay, as Diogenes the fool, played with fine vim and abandon. The rest of the company did their parts justice, without special excellence.

The scenic ensemble, the riot of color in costumes and properties, the electrical effects—were all that could be asked. The auxiliaries were well drilled—in fact, they seemed to have been too well drilled. As a whole, the performance proved most satisfying to the large audience, who called Mr. Sothern before the curtain again and again.

There has been some censure of some scenes from a moral standpoint, but the objectionable matter, if it was there, must have been eliminated. The second act is not more offensive than a similar scenes in "When We Were Twenty-One," or, to cite as classical example, Shakespeare's "Pericles." It must be a very susceptible nose that can scent offense, and a very indurated heart that cannot learn some moral lesson from the drama.

Grand—"Garrett O'Magh."

It is to be doubted whether a more accurate copy of a Chauncey Olcott play, singing, atmosphere, dialect and spirit, could be provided than the Grand stock company is offering this week. Mr. Ingersoll's chief ability lies in the direction of Irish comedy of the type made familiar by Olcott. In "Garrett O'Magh" he repeats his success as "Conn, the Shaughraun," only in the present instance the romance is heightened and the setting more charming. Mr. Ingersoll's success is shared by his fellow players, while Mr. Huffman has helped along the general good effect by giving Pitou's jolly Irish comedy a handsome background. Amid the excellencies of the production the work of Mrs. Louise Rial, Miss Marion Berg, Charles Abbe and Miss Ida Adair may be specially mentioned. Miss Eva Taylor as Aileen never looked more charming or wore handsomer frocks, though her work as Pitou's heroine is hardly Irish in spirit and tone. If Mr. Ingersoll is listening to the syren song of the starring bee he should make it an Irish comedy role.

Duquesne—"Arizona."

Augustus Thomas' stirring drama of western life, "Arizona," held the rapt attention of a large crowd at the Duquesne last night. From the reception accorded the play it is evident that the company will receive the same very cordial treatment in Pittsburgh that it has found in other large cities where it has made such a notable success. The play itself although a realestic production of army life on the border land is entirely free from the objectionable features that so often characterize such dramas. Of excitement there is plenty but the blood curdling incidents of the cheap border production are entirely absent and the drama both in its plot is not a success as an actor, and there is no denying the fact that Rube is the whole show in the performance in which he appears. He wears no make up and needs none. He assumes his "three-strikes-and-out" smile, and this goes a long way in supplementing any shortcomings calculated to hinder his stellar advantages. Rube probably would not be able to read Shakespeare's lines with dramatic precision, but in rushing on the stage at the second curtain call to congratuate the suffering hero, he is without a peer. The melodramatic intensity of "The Stain of Guilt" is mellowed somewhat by the specialties introduced by Mattie Lockette and John Rucker.

Empire—"Hearts of Oak."

The company presenting "Hearts of Oak" at the Empire this week, well illustrates that trite, apologetic phrase, "Last but not least." This reference is made to the casting of characters. If the members of the company were cast according to merit little Lillian Kirby, who plays the child part of Chrystal, would be the headliner, while James Horne (not Hearne, as some of the advance notices declared), as Terry Dennison, the leading character, would find himself deservedly near the foot.

"Hearts of Oak," as the average playgoer knows, was written by the late James A. Hearne, who intended it as a simple portrayal of yet simpler types held together and presented as a whole by an absorbing story of domestic love and duty. The results, therefore, were intended by that sterling actor-dramatist to be attained by entirely natural means and not melodramatic bombast. How Hearne's ghost must shudder to hear Horne exclaim: "My Gawd! My Gawd!" and to be an unwilling witness to the in execrable ranting of Albert C. White Thanks to the play, there are opportunities for one or two others to redeem the performance. Despite the unfortunate things, the show will likely prove a fair attraction. The attendance last night was above the average.

Avenue Refined Vaudeville.

Every number on the bill at the Avenue theater this week is a good one. The star attraction is the Basque quartet, whose repertoire of high-class operatic selections pleased the audience exceedingly. For those who enjoy good acrobatic feats Hassan Ben Ali's troupe of Arabs combine fast work with many muscular difficulties. Sidney Grant's songs, stories and impersonations are too well known here to need praise, as are also the tuneful eccentricities of our old friends, the Dillon Brothers. Blocksom and Burns kept the audience in an uproar with their laughable acrobatic farce, and Waterbury Brothers and Tenney furnished their usual good musical specialities. Cressy and Dayne have a pleasing sketch of New England life in "The New Depot," and Doherty's poodles are cunning and amusing little canines. Hardy and Walker are pleasing singers and dancers. Other entertaining acts are Rose Lee Tyler, the creole nightingale; Davis and Walker, songs and dances; Eldora, juggler; Hiadaburia family of dancers and Brooks Brothers' comedy team.

Academy—Rose Sydell's London Belles.

There was no encroachment on the box office receipts at the Academy last night, as even the available standing room was taken before 8 o'clock. Rose Sydell's London Belles drew the crowd and sustained the reputation it has made with the patrons of this house. The Belles are an attractive lot, and no opportunity is neglected to display their charms. Their appearance in the closing act of the burletta called "Satan's Honeymoon" is all that could be desired from the burlesque standpoint. Rose Sydell is, of course, the leader of the Belles, and she has lost nothing in voice or attractiveness. Joseph A. Mitchell is one of the cleverest of "coon" interpreters in the business and he pleased the crowd immensely. Good specialty turns in the show are Ben Walker, parodist; Cadeaux, king of the wire; Cain sisters, pretty duetists; Primrose and Young, singers; the great O'Brien troupe of acrobats, and the only Johnnie Weber, comedian.

An Extraordinary Advance Sale.

The promised excellence and novelty of the performance, combined with the unusual preparations for the comfort of the people, attracted an extraordinary crowd to the opening sale of seats for the Christmas pantomime at the New Grand opera house yesterday morning. Certain it is, that never before in the history of Pittsburgh theatricals was such a crowd in attendance at an advance sale of seats as that which thronged the lobby and foyers of the Grand yesterday morning.

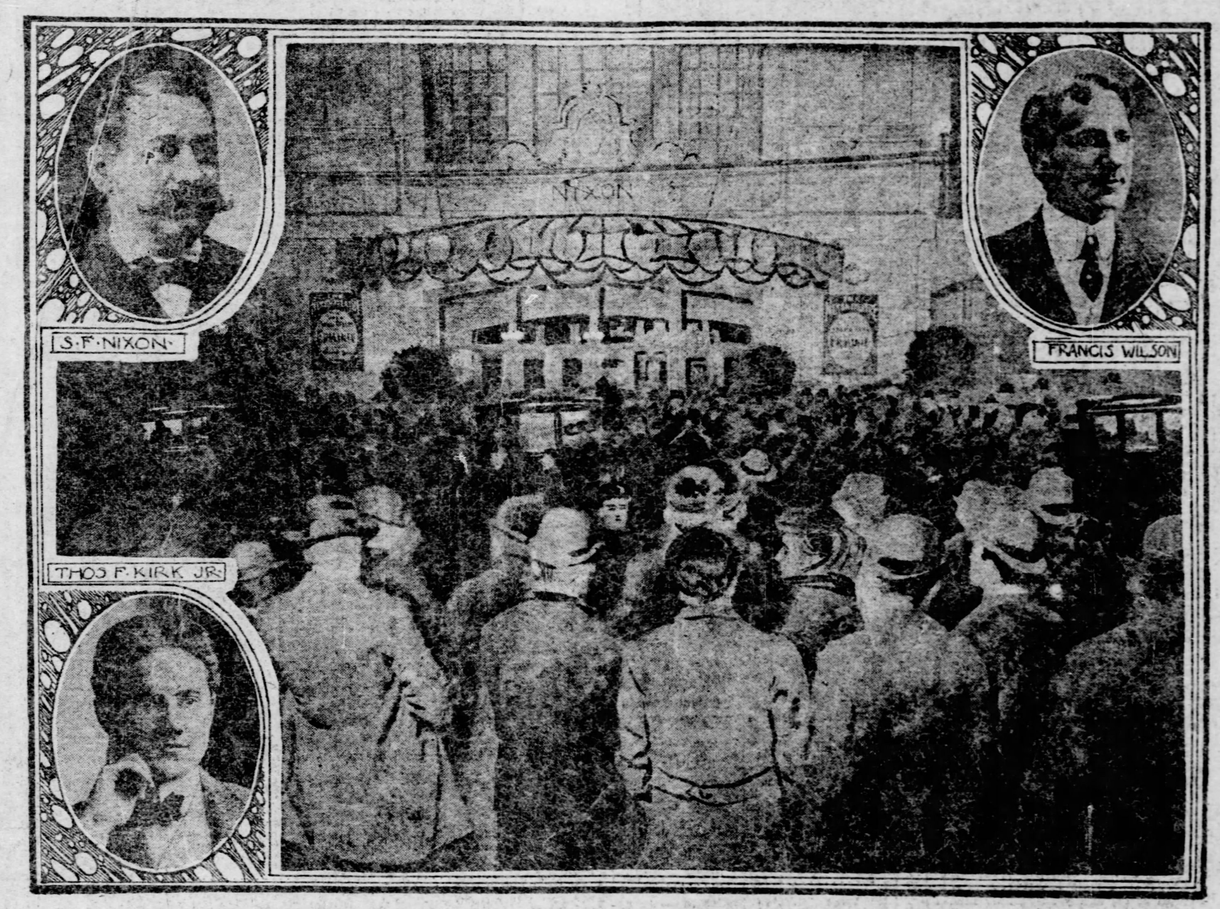
The sale continued spirited all through the day, and the line was apparently unbroken even as late as 6 o'clock. This year's pantomime is to be a very elaborate production, involving an expenditure of $50,000 for the scenery and costumes. A full score of 500 people will take part in the performance, including the Kiralfy ballet. The latter, consisting of over 100 dancers and singers, who are now rehearsing in New York, will arrive in Pittsburgh on Friday next.

Mrs. Carter Coming.

On next Monday in the new Nixon theater Mrs. Leslie Carter will present for the first time David Belasco's master work, "Du Barry." It is probable that this will be Mrs. Carter's last appearance in this play in this city. It has caused Mrs. Carter considerable regret that she has been unable, because of the great success of this piece in the Belasco theater, in New York, where she has held nightly triumphs 384 times, to appear in Pittsburgh, which she has hitherto found always eager to recognize her genius. The supporting company will be the same that has been with Mrs. Carter for the past two years.

"A Chinese Honeymoon."

"A Chinese Honeymoon" with its big No. 1 company and fine chorus comes to the Alvin next week for an engagement. This tuneful musical piece is one of the stage entertainments that will not soon wear out.



Crowds in front of the Nixon theater at the opening last night, with photographs of the owner, the star and the manager.

WILL BREAK UP GANG OF CHINESE SMUGGLERS

Three Arrests Made as Result of Drowning of Celestials at Buffalo.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Dec. 7.—The recent drowning of Chinamen who were being smuggled into this country from Canada, United States immigration inspectors say, will lead to the breaking up of a gang of smugglers which for several months has been making a specialty of bringing in contraband Chinamen.

Three arrests were made today by United States officials. The prisoners are George C. Kellar, proprietor of a livery stable; Charles G. Romer, employed at Kellar's, and Mrs. May Simpson, keeper of a boarding house at Ellicott and Clinton streets. They pleaded not guilty and were released on $1,000 bail each.

It was one of Kellar's wagons that carried a load of Chinamen into the canal a few days ago. The Chinamen had just been ferried across the Niagara from Canada. The inspectors say Romer was the driver of the wagon. Mattresses and pillows found in the overturned rig, it is alleged, belonged to Mrs. Simpson. Kellar says he did not know the wagon was being used to carry the Chinamen.

SENSELESS THREE WEEKS.

Workman at Steel and Wire Plant Hurt November 15.

Wesley J. Nowell of 106 Second street, Braddock, died yesterday at the Mercy hospital. He was hurt on November 15 at the American Steel and Wire Company's plant in Braddock and remained unconscious till he died.

Richard Lacey, a negro teamster, living in the rear of 1847 Locust street, dropped dead yesterday at 5 a. m. at the foot of of South Twenty-second street. His wife said he left home at 4 a. m. to go to work.

Charles Calligman, 60 years old, a tinner, was found dead in his bed at the McFadden hotel, East Pittsburgh, yesterday morning. It is thought he had heart disease.

The Belted Overcoat

Look at the folds in the back! This is no accident—it's genius! No "common or ordinary" tailor can make the big belted coat hang in this fashionable manner.

If luxury in dress appeals to you, or you want to buy a present that appeals to him, our store is the place.

Belted overcoats as low as $12.
Smoking Jackets, $2.50 to $12.
Gloves, $1 to $2.
Umbrellas, $1.50 to $5.

JACKSONS
954 and 956 Liberty St.

FOR GOODNESS SAKE EAT Mother's Bread
WARD-MACKEY BAKERIES

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The CENTURY MAGAZINE

"Four Roads to Paradise" is the title of a new serial story just beginning in The Century,—a love story of New York people, full of good character-drawing, wit, and observation of life,—and illustrated, too.

The Christmas Century, now for sale everywhere, is called the most beautiful number ever issued,—the color pictures in it include some of Maxfield Parrish's wonderful paintings of Italian Gardens.

CHRISTMAS NUMBER
A CHRISTMAS BOOK FOR 35 CENTS
The Century Co. Union Sq. New York

Headache
Earache
Toothache

How many long, weary days and sleepless nights have been filled with agony because of one of the above mentioned complaints? It is absolutely unnecessary that people should suffer from them.

Hamlins WIZARD OIL

will drive out the pain instantly. Why not keep it on hand for just such emergencies? There is sure to come time of need and Hamlins Wizard Oil will not fail you.

Great Bend, Kan.
I have been subject to Sick Headache for over five years. I used one bottle of Hamlins Wizard Oil as directed and have not had a Headache since.
MRS. A. C. SCHARFER.

San Diego, Tex.
I have suffered a great deal with Earache and by the use of Hamlins Wizard Oil I have been entirely cured. SARAH GILLESPIE.

Dennison, Iowa.
Hamlins Wizard Oil is the best remedy for Sore Throat and Toothache I have ever used. I have never known it to fail. P. H. SIMONS.

There is only one Wizard Oil—Hamlins—name blown in the bottle. Signature "Hamlin Bros." on wrapper. Take no substitute. 50c. and $1.00.

Hamlins Cough Balsam
Cures the Cold. Prevents Pneumonia. 25c. 50c.

Hamlins Blood & Liver Pills
Regulate the Liver. Cleanse the System. 25c

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Buy Furs Right.

McCORD & CO.

Announce a special and very interesting sale of

HOLIDAY FURS

New and desirable goods, just in and all bearing fashion's stamp of correct style—

Another feature—we have made our bargain prices NOW—Not waiting for January—NOW is when you want the goods.

Mink Sable Scarfs	from $10.00 up
Fox Scarfs	from $10.00 up
Black Lynx Scarfs	from $20.00 up
Blue Lynx Scarfs	from $25.00 up
Baum Marten Scarfs	from $33.50 up
Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs	from $50.00 up
Russian Sable Scarfs	from $50.00 up
Misses' Squirrel Sets	from $20.00 up
Women's Squirrel Sets	from $33.00 up
Mink Sets	from $25.00 up
Alaska Fox Sets	from $30.00 up
Hudson Bay Sable Sets	from $225.00 up
Russian Sable Sets	from $300.00 up

Yes—there's cheaper Furs—but these are the genuine—our reputation for the good won't permit us to handle trashy imitations.

EVERY GARMENT WARRANTED

Finest lines Women's and Men's Umbrellas in the city.

509---WOOD ST.---509

(Been Here for Seventy Years.)

Holiday Handkerchief Sale

All Oriental Rugs Reduced

HORNE-STEWART Co

DRY GOODS

Tuesday 8 December 1903

Your store mustn't forget that Winter is coming as well as Christmas—we keep store best when we remember everyday as well as holiday needs.

Popular Millinery Half-Price

Not merely here and there a hat or two but all the popular priced hats are out with a single cut and single object. They are cut to clear and all, without the first reserve, are cut to just one-half their former price as last week were the Paris Patterns.

All 8.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	4.25	All 5.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	2.50
All 9.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	4.50	All 5.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	2.75
All 9.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	4.75	All 6.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	3.00
All 10.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	5.00	All 6.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	3.25
All 10.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	5.25	All 7.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	3.50
All 11.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	5.50	All 7.50 Trimmed Hats Go For	3.75
All 12.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	6.00	All 8.00 Trimmed Hats Go For	4.00

When in Doubt Everybody Gives Gloves

There's reason for the truth of the headlines—no one ever had too many good ones and your store owns nothing doubtful.

Womens Gloves

Something Entirely New and especially good for Christmas is our Women's 8 Button White Suede with black diamond insert in cuff and black embroidery on back 2.50

Two and Three Pearl Clasp P. K. Glace 2.25
Three Clasp Overseam for dress wear ..... 1.50 and 2.00
Heavy Mannish Gloves ..... 1.00 to 2.00
One Clasp Silk Lined Mocha, heavy P. X. M. Black only 2.00
Two Clasp "Plevna," overseam, all colors and black and white 1.00
One Clasp Pique Glace 1.00

Long Evening Gloves

12, 16 and 20 Button Suedes in Black and White ..... 2.50 to 3.50
12, 16 and 20 Button Glace in White only ..... 3.00 to 4.00

Silk and Wool

3 Clasp Silk Lined Silk Gloves 1.00
2 Clasp Silk Lined Cashmeres 75
2 Clasp Silk Lined Golf Gloves, grey, white and black 75
2 Clasp Silk Golf Gloves, black and white 1.00
Heavy Knitted Golf Gloves, white, black and grey 75
Fancy Golf Gloves ..... 35 and 50

Boys and Girls Gloves

Boys Silk Lined Mocha and Silk Lined Kid Gloves 1.00
Boys One Clasp P. K. 000 to 6 ..... 1.25
Boys Fleeced Lined Kid Gloves 50
Boys Astrachan Back Fleece Lined Kid and Mocha 75c
Girls and Childrens Fancy Golf Gloves ..... 35 and 50
Girls Kid Gloves, 4½ to 6 ..... 1.00 and 1.50

Perfumery Perfection

Good lines in bulk, boxes and bottles and special boxes for Children and Christmas.

Richard Hudnut Colgate & Company Roger & Gallet

Colgate Boxes, 4 and 5 Bottles, 25 and 50. Extracts in Bottles and Boxes, 25 to 7.50.

Christmas Stationery

Fancy Boxed Papers 50 to 3.00 Hand Painted Dinner Cards
Fountain Pens Tally Cards

Engraving

Calling Cards Engraved Wedding Invitations and Announcements
At Home and Reception Cards Monograms Crests Coats-of-Arms

Shop by Mail 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE Buy by Phone

OVER HUNDRED APPEALS HEARD

Assessors Close Downtown Section and Take Up Lawrenceville District Today.

SIEBERT DEFENDS FIGURES

One hundred and fifty appeals were received yesterday by the city assessors from owners of property in the first 12 wards of Pittsburgh. This closed the appeals from the downtown section, and today the assessors will begin to hear appeals from the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Thirty-seventh wards. Assessor Elmer E. Siebert, who made the assessments in the Lawrenceville district, said yesterday that the increases there in valuations would be merely "nominal." "They will not be over 6 per cent," he added.

"We have heard more appeals from the lower part of the city today than in any three days of last week," he continued. "While we received about 150 appeals, many of them are not appeals, properly speaking, for they were merely formal statements and were not sworn to.

"I had a talk today with T. N. Miller, who presided at the meeting of dissatisfied Fifth avenue property owners Saturday night, and he refused to take an appeal. No appeal was filed from the assessment on the Grand Opera house property, nor by P. P. Keller, although both were represented at the meeting.

"There have been few appeals from property owners whose holdings downtown are the largest. For instance, H. C. Frick has taken no appeal. The Mellons, who own the entire block on Smithfield street from Fifth avenue to Virgin alley, asked the assessors to assess the property as one piece at so much a square foot, instead of so much a front foot on Smithfield street, Fifth avenue and Virgin alley. The reduction asked for by the Mellons is about 10 per cent.

"The recent business depression has not affected property values. While there have not been as many sales as before, prices for property have not gone down. The people are still holding them at the same figures as formerly. Today a Fifth avenue property holder came into the office and told us we did not know our business. His property had been assessed at $8,000 a front foot. I told him that if he would give me a 24 hours option on the property I would get him a buyer for it at $10,000. Later in the day he returned and said he would not sell his property for less than $175,000.

"I still maintain that the total increase in assessments will reach $80,000,000. It will not fall below that amount and may be near $90,000,000.

The assessors will probably not get through with the triennial assessment before the middle of January.

"Beginning today they will hold night sessions."

Assessor Siebert and Controller John B. Larkin denied yesterday that the controller had dictated the assessments.

"The controller has nothing to do with this office and he was not consulted about the assessments," said Mr. Siebert.

"It is not true that I have interfered with the assessors. I do not even know the assessment on the house I live in. I did say to the assessors that they should be careful and be able to maintain their assessments if taken into court," said Controller Larkin.

POSTMASTER ARRESTED.

Charged With Issuing Money Orders to Himself and Keeping the Cash.

Ross Highberger, assistant postmaster at New Stanton, Westmoreland county, was arrested yesterday on a charge of defrauding the government out of sums of money aggregating about $1,500. Highberger, it is claimed, issued money orders for amounts ranging from $10 to $100 drawn in favor of himself and collected the money on them. The specific amount Highberger is charged with having secured is $1,339 50, but it is thought the sum will greatly exceed this.

Highberger waived a hearing and furnished $1,000 bail for trial at the May term of the United States court.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

—Harry Bair is charged with embezzling $25 from David Lowenstein, an Allegheny merchant for whom he was a collector.

—Pupils of the McKeesport public schools will entertain their parents and friends during Christmas week.

—Joseph Magee, aged 19, of No. 128 Gray street, was burned about the face and hands yesterday by the explosion of a gasoline engine in the Wabash tunnel.

—Tony Engel, the Italian, of No. 505 River avenue, who slashed John Reff, engineer at the Brilliant pumping station, across the face with a razor on December 2, in front of the latter's home, on Meadow street, was last night held for court.

—A. R. Rodgers, employed on the new bridge across the Allegheny river at Brilliant, fell from the false work of the structure yesterday afternoon. He escaped by swimming ashore. He lives on Butler street extension.

—Dan Reagan, Jr., of No. 340 Thirty-seventh street, while heating a can of coffee at the Sterrett Thomas foundry, on Thirty-second street, yesterday, was badly burned about the face and body by the can exploding.

—John Heikle, a North Avalon dairyman, was shot in the arm yesterday while walking through a field near his home. It is alleged the bullet was fired by Charles Cole, who, with companions, was shooting at birds.

—Ida Kramer, who took possession of the home of Mrs. Annie Rosenthal, No. 47 Washington avenue, on Sunday, was yesterday committed to the insane ward at Marshalsea.

—Thieves robbed the store of Ellis Glass, at No. 2701 Penn avenue, of about $100 worth of goods Sunday night. During the morning the store was badly damaged by fire.

—An explosion of gas in a room on the third floor of the Monongahela house caused a small blaze yesterday. The gas had been left turned on in the room, and when an employe went to light it the explosion resulted.

—Mrs. Rachel Manning was arrested yesterday on a charge of larceny made by Mrs. William Guest of No. 2704 Arlington avenue, who alleges Mrs. Manning stole a pocketbook containing $53.

—The barn of William Hastings, near Shousetown, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon by a spark from a passing engine on the P. & L. E. railroad. Loss, $500.

—Peter Hill of Compromise street, Allegheny, fell from the Fort Wayne wall at Hope street yesterday and broke his right ankle.

—J. J. Henneberry of Kansas City was fined $50 or 90 days to the workhouse yesterday. Detectives testified that Henneberry had been arrested several times in other cities. John Golden, who was taken with Henneberry, was fined $25 and costs, although the detectives said they knew nothing about him.

—Mrs. Kreiling, who is 55 years old and blind, was perhaps fatally burned at her home, No. 3701 Mill wood avenue, yesterday afternoon, by her dress catching fire from an open grate.

TWICE ESCAPED FROM SIBERIA.

Count Savin Is Again on His Way to Exile, During Adventurer's Amazing Career.

Count Savin, who is now on his way to exile in Siberia for the third time, having escaped from there on two previous occasions, has had a career more wonderful than the wildest dreams of romance.

He was at one time a street car conductor in Chicago, fought in the Cuban campaign, was a claimant for the throne of Bulgaria, was the friend and companion of kings and princes, succeeded in duping four governments at once, borrowed money from King Edward, and is altogether one of the most picturesque and daring adventurers the world has ever seen.

The facts relating to his career have been gathered from all parts of Europe by Curtis Brown, The Gazette's London correspondent, and his amazing story will be told for the first time in the next issue of The Sunday Gazette.

CAMPBELL'S.

First Glimpse of Spring at the Silk Counter.

The 1904 Spring Foulards are on view. Cluster spots, different combinations of ring and polka dots and other dainty devices, happily displayed on navy, cadet, sky blue, reseda, Nile green, old rose, gray, tan and brown grounds are the effects. Everything is small and neat. These new Spring Foulards warranted all pure silk, start the season at 45c yard.

Want a Furnished Room?

Perhaps you are a stranger in the city and are looking for a nice, comfortable room, or it may be you are not satisfied with your present room or wish a pleasanter or more convenient location. In any event you will be interested in the splendid list of furnished rooms advertised in The Pittsburgh Gazette. Among them you are certain to find just what you want. There were 195 of them advertised yesterday in The Gazette and the list is growing every day.

LARKIN WILL BE CROSS-EXAMINER

Controller and Stevenson Will Pick Sub-Committee on Appropriations Today.

FOUR ORPHANS TO BE CHOSEN

The sub-committee to prepare the annual appropriation ordinance for the various city departments for 1904 will be appointed this afternoon at a meeting of the joint finance committee of councils. The sub-committee will be appointed by Chairman W. H. Stevenson. The sub-committee does the bulk of the work on the appropriations but its acts must be ratified by the general committee before the report is made to councils. It was stated yesterday that the members of the sub-committee would probably be J. P. Shaw, W. C. Reitz, Jacob Soffel, W. J. Zahnliser and George W. McNeil. This would give select council but one member and would insure the absolute control by Chairman Stevenson and Controller John B. Larkin.

Mr. Stevenson, as chairman of the general committee, will be an ex-officio member of the sub-committee. Mr. Stevenson and Controller Larkin will be the most conspicuous persons in its proceedings, as they were last winter. Although Controller Larkin is not a member of the committee, he took a more prominent part in the proceedings last winter than any member and bids fair to surpass himself in this respect this time.

Whenever a department chief was called before the committee to explain his estimates he was subjected to a cross-examination by Controller Larkin, which led to many exciting scenes. The controller's visit to Cleveland and the visit of Auditor F. A. Kimball to Cincinnati, at the controller's request, prove that the controller hopes to fix the appropriations for next year. The controller has gathered a mass of figures which he will unload upon the sub-committee to show that Pittsburgh is not getting as much for the money she spends as other cities of the same size. The controller refused yesterday to give any information concerning Auditor Kimball's visit to Cincinnati.

The estimates of the directors of the various departments will probably be submitted to councils at the next meeting by Mayor Hays. The estimates will then be referred to the finance committee and by it to the sub-committee. The work of the sub-committee will be based upon these estimates. The city charter requires that the annual appropriations shall be submitted to councils not later than the first Tuesday in February, but this provision was violated last year, the finance committee not making its report until March.

PITTSBURGH CONCERN OBTAINS CONTRACTS

Westinghouse Brake Makes Remarkable Showing on Railroads in Great Britain.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The Washington people have just closed some interesting British and South American contracts. One contract is for equipment to be installed in the electric traction plant at Blackpool, the Atlantic City of England. Another substantial order calls for transformers for the Portsmouth (South of England) lighting system. Still another British contract comes from the municipal authorities of Bath for magnetic brakes to be used on the tramway lines at that fashionable west of England watering place.

The Ytu Light and Power Company has awarded a contract to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company for the electrical equipment for its hydraulic power plant to be located on the River Tiete in the vicinity of Ytu, a small city situated in the state of Sao Paulo, Brazil.

The British board of trade returns as to the operation of continuous breaks during the half year ended December 31 last show that trains with Westinghouse automatic breaks ran 33,717,927 miles and returned but 274 faults, thus making the average miles run per fault no less than 123,054.

The British engineering firm of Buck & Hickman of No. 2, Whitechapel road, London, which concern handles substantial quantities of the products of Pittsburgh plants and other works in that vicinity, has been chosen to supply tools and engineering supplies for the coming year to the London County council. As that body is one of the largest purchasers of such equipment in Great Britain Pittsburghers can look forward to receiving come gratifying orders shortly.

HERRON SEES COUNCILMEN.

Supt. of Electricty Objects to Private Companies Using City's Wires.

Superintendent John A. Herron of the bureau of electricity talked with President John S. Wightman, W. H. Stevenson and other councilmen at the city hall yesterday, trying to secure their assistance in amending the ordinance of the Pittsburgh Time and Signal Company when it is considered in select council. The measure is now in the corporations committee of select council.

The company asks for the right to erect a signal system connecting stores and residences with the fire and police stations. One clause in the ordinance provides that the company shall have the right to connect with the wires of the city to enter the police and fire stations. Another clause provides that the company shall have 48 hours in which to make repairs. Superintendent Herron is opposed to both provisions and wishes them stricken from the ordinance. He claims the proposed connection would interfere with the city's service in case of an accident to any part of the company's lines.

W. I. CRAIG MEMORIAL.

Bar Association Met to Do Honor to Late Attorney's Memory.

The Bar association yesterday met out of respect to the memory of the late Wesley I. Craig, attorney. Joseph Hays, Esq., presided, and the vice presidents were the Hon. Frederick H. Collier, the Hon. Robert S. Frazer, the Hon. J. M. Kennedy and the Hon. J. J. Miller. The secretaries were W. E. Fulton, George H. Lepper and W. R. Jones.

A committee on resolutions was appointed as follows: George W. Acklin, Alfred Kerr, John F. Cox, Robert S. Sill and William F. Hope.

While the committee was preparing its report Attorneys Maj. R. M. Stewart, Charles A. O'Brien, Willis A. Booth, William A. Golden, Joseph Forsythe, Joseph Hays, George W. Acklin and others made remarks eulogistic of the dead attorney.

EX-MAYOR'S DAUGHTER ATTACKED AT MARIETTA

MARIETTA, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—While going home late last night Katherine Richardson, daughter of ex-Mayor Charles Richardson, was attacked by an unknown man. After a desperate struggle she succeeded in escaping from her assailant. Hurrying to a nearby house she related the story and was taken home. The police were notified and have since conducted a vigorous search. This afternoon Peter Myers, a plumber, was arrested. Miss Richardson described her assailant as being young and dressed as a working man. Meyers answers in some respects to the description. The police expect to make other arrests shortly.

WINDOW GLASS WORKERS REFUSE TO QUIT WORK

The employes of the Palmer Window Glass Company, which operates a 60-blower factory at Shiglehouse, refused to come out because the company has not affiliated with the proposed window glass manufacturers' company. The new company is formed to act as a selling agent and the Palmer company prefers to be independent. The Palmer company obtained a temporary injunction on Saturday in the United States court to prevent the officers of the worker's organization from interfering with their employes.

TROUBLED WATERS NEED SMOOTHING

Andrew Carnegie Will Adjust Washington Institute Matters at Today's Meeting.

COLLEGES HAVE GRIEVANCES

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie arrived here tonight and will remain for the next three days. Tomorrow at 10 o'clock the trustees of the Carnegie institution will meet at the New Willard with Mr. Carnegie as presiding officer.

The majority of the trustees are expected, as there is much important business to discuss and two vacancies on the board to fill. These were caused by the death of Abram S. Hewitt and William E. Dodge. The board of trustees is composed of five ex-officio officers, including the president of the United States and the speaker of the house and the following executive board, most of whom are already here or expected early tomorrow: Dr. John S. Billings, Seth Low, Lyman J. Gage, D. O. Mills, all of New York City; William N. Frew of Pittsburgh, who came on the train with Mr. Carnegie; Henry L. Higginson of Boston, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, Secretary of State Hay, Charles L. Hutchinson of Chicago, Senator John C. Spooner of Wisconsin, Daniel C. Gilman of Baltimore, William Lindsay of Kentucky, Wayne MacVeagh and Dr. S. Weir Mitchell of Pennsylvania; Secretary of War Root, Justice Edward D. White, William W. Morrow of San Francisco and Charles D. Walcott and Carroll D. Wright of this city.

There is universal interest in this meeting because it is generally known that some criticism of the work of the executive committee has reached Mr. Carnegie and there will be a free discussion of ways and means to meet this criticism in the future. The greatest discontent has been expressed by scientific men throughout the country because of the absolute secrecy which envelops the work.

No public report has been made of the work and there are conflicting rumors about important matters, and some of the leading universities claim that their institutions are injustly discriminated against in the matter of research fellowships which the institution bestows every year. At present Johns Hopkins in Baltimore, Cornell, and the Universities of Michigan and Wisconsin enjoy the monopoly of fellowships.

The University of Pennsylvania has shared but little in Mr. Carnegie's beneficence, although he is a great friend of the establishment. Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and the great universities of the Pacific coast have also been slighted.

During the past year the institution has spent thousands of dollars in sending expeditions to distant parts of the world to gather data. At present Prof. Bailey Willis is making explorations in China. He has with him 10 companions, including Chinese interpreters and assistants. Prof. Raphel Pumpely of Newport, R. I., has just returned from a four months' sojourn in Turkestan, where he made a general survey of the human occupation of the region in relation to its physiography.

Tomorrow night the trustees will tender a dinner to Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie at the New Willard. Mrs. John Hay and Mrs. D. C. Gilman will act as hostesses.

Helpful Suggestions

Are you hunting for Christmas gift ideas?—
Come here—
The store is full of happy suggestions for men and women—boys and girls—
A set of handsome furs—made to order—
will fill any woman's heart with delight—
Elegant Ermine, Chinchilla, Russian and Hudson Bay Sables, Blue Fox or White Fox—
Long scarfs with large pillow Muffs—
Perhaps your daughter needs an opera coat or evening hat—
These rich black broadcloth coats are perfect beauties—
Large picture hats in almost any color or shade—
Or if you wish to be more practical—
There are tailored suits—smart street hats—topcoats of cloth or velvet—

Umbrellas

A handsome umbrella is the gift of all gifts for a man or woman—The very latest designs in handles and the largest assortment we have had for many a year—can be found here now—

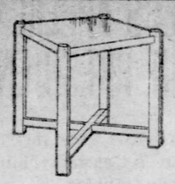
J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
New Stores.
Wood and Fifth.

Shoes & Stockings that look well, fit well, wear well. Styles at hand for every taste and prices for every purse

B. LOVELESS Co.
Sixth & Penn

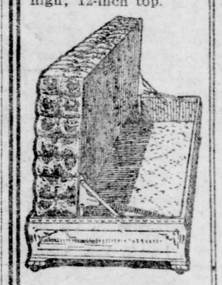
STORAGE
APARTMENTS FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS
BUILDINGS CLEAN AND DRY. GOODS PACKED FOR SHIPMENT. PADDED VANS FOR MOVING. WAGONS FOR GENERAL HAULING LOWEST FIRE INSURANCE.
Haugh & Keenan Storage and Transfer Co.,
Third St. and Duquesne Way, City, and Center Ave., Opp. Euclid, East End.

DOUBLEDAY-HILL ELECTRIC CO.,
919 Liberty St. Manufacturers and Dealers in Electrical Supplies. Nernst lamps, the new electric light. Saves ¾ electric light bill. Improves quality of light. Electrical equipment of every description. Highest grade, lowest prices, quickest delivery.



75c Taboret
Round or square top. Golden oak. Height 16 inches.

This Pedestal $2.75
Mahogany finish or golden oak; two feet high; 12-inch top.



Box Couches $15 to $35
Handsome in appearance. Convenient and comfortable. Tops are lifted by large springs. Wardrobe box beneath seat. All kinds of coverings.

$8.50 Golden Oak Chiffonier
Five drawers with lock on each. Bevel mirror. Gilt handles. A $12 value.

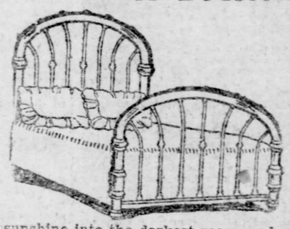
$20 This Parlor Suit
Not a poorly made suit—as the low price might convey. Mahogany finished frames, neat in design and well finished. Spring seats with figured damask covering. Positively worth $30.

Odd Chairs
Several hundreds of them—a display such as no other store ever attempts to make.

Comfort Rockers, $1.65 to $5
Parlor Rockers, $4 to $20
Library Rockers, $6 to $35
Morris Chair...$10 to $35
Easy Chairs....$14 to $75
Corner Chairs....$7 to $25
Roman Chairs...$12 to $20
Hall Chairs.....$5 to $25
Reed Rockers....$3 to $15

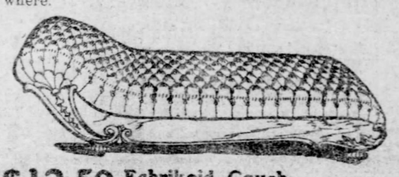
Everyone—man, woman, child—appreciates a nice chair or rocker. Put one or two on your list.

Brass Bedsteads $25
For this Brass Bed. Full size. Heavy posts. Curved fillers. Large Husks.



Brass bedsteads are decidedly decorative, bringing sunshine into the darkest room, and aside from their intrinsic beauty, their sanitary advantages should commend them. Easily kept clean, a simple wiping with a soft cloth being all that is necessary to keep them looking bright and new.

Our stock is specially large and varied this season—every style and finish, in designs not obtainable elsewhere.



$12.50 Fabrikoid Couch
This price will surely bring a crowd of buyers; $20 values. Golden oak frame and carved. Fabrikoid covering—the best substitute for leather. Seven rows deep tufts. Fine construction. Long steel springs.

Lamps For Parlor and Library

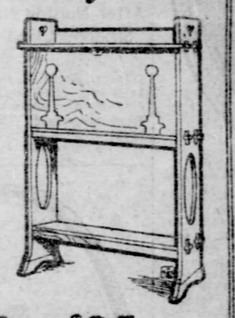
$1.50 to $15
Good lamps for every home. The best burners we can buy. Pretty decorated globes and bowls. All the newest features. Prices positively lower than ever before.

SPECIAL
Body Brussels Room-Size Rugs
Size 9 ft. by 12 ft. Borders woven on to the body of rug. Good patterns. All colors.
$15.75

$13.75 Good Luck Gas Range
Large baking-oven with broiling oven beneath. Four gas-saving burners on top. Pilot light. Flue connections. Cast iron frame. Full nickel trimmed. Value $17.50. A present the housewife will appreciate.

$25 This Parlor Suit.
Spring seats covered with handsome Veronas. Mahogany finished frames. Light carvings on back panels. A better suit than $35 buys usually.

Parlor and Library Desks.
Here's a $12 Desk, that will make a pretty present for someone. A quaint design made in beautiful quartered oak. Hundreds of others in every size and shape, and all the popular woods.

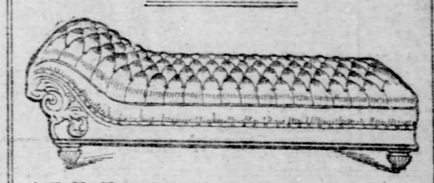


Library Tables, $5 to $50
Suitable in most homes. Golden, antwerp and weathered oak, or in mahogany.

Parlor Tables $1 to $25.
All sizes, shapes and styles. How about using one for a Christmas gift?

Davenport Sofa-Bed $48

Frame is fine quarter grained golden oak. Covering is a handsome green velour. Deep tufts. Long steel springs. Back lets down, making a double bed, 6 ft. 2 in. long. No hard ridge through the middle. Large box beneath seat for the storage of clothing or bed clothes.

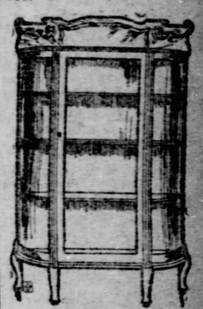


$27.50 Genuine Leather Couch
The best low-priced Leather Couch we have ever shown. Deep tufted top. All tufts sewed to keep them in place. Long steel springs. Newest construction. Golden oak frame.

$1.25 Taboret
Golden Oak. Hexagon or square top. 16 inches high.

$12.50 Dressing Table
Quartered golden oak, serpentine front; bent legs. French bevel pattern mirror, as shown, or with oval mirror.

$15 Dresser
Golden oak. Serpentine top. Swell fronts on two top drawers. Pattern French bevel mirror.



$22.50 China Closet
Quartered golden oak. Bent glass ends. French bevel mirror on top. Adjustable shelves.

GOODS ORDERED NOW WILL BE STORED FREE UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

DON'T Put Off Till Tomorrow the Shopping You Can Do Today.

Stocks are fullest today. The Christmas crowds will grow larger each business day until Christmas Eve. A piece of furniture is always welcome and a delightful Christmas surprise. Although the cost is more than for some mere trifle—thrifty financiering is necessary. Keech's method of easy payment makes present giving easy.

W. H. KEECH CO.

KEECH'S FURNITURE MAKES HAPPY HOMES

923 TO 931 PENN AVE.

A Christmas Bank Account

The most practical present you can give a boy or girl is a bank book showing a first deposit in

The Union Savings Bank of Pittsburgh

You can open an account for any amount from $1 up and the money will draw 4 per cent interest, compounded every six months—

All bank books intended for Christmas giving are put up in beautifully Embossed Envelopes—Suitable to the Season—

Write today — for one of our handsome little Calendar Banks—A help to saving—Address Department M—

Frick Building, Pittsburgh

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

CHAS. SHIELDS.
JACOB MERTZ.
JAS. DICKSON.
Viewers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

HARRY M. STEIN, Attorney-at-Law, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice. Application will be made to the court of common pleas No. 1 of Allegheny county, at No. 1,001 December term, 1903, on the 19th day of December, 1903, at 9:30 a. m., by Elizabeth Kantor, Andrew Kantor, Morris Kantor, Steven Popp and Mary Tobias, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The First Pittsburgh and Glenwood Hungarian Beneficial association," the character and object of which is to lend medical and pecuniary assistance to its members when sick or disabled, to provide funds to aid and assist members in distress, and to assist the families and dependents of deceased members in defraying the funeral expenses of such members, in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., and for this purpose to have and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and the supplements thereto. Harry M. Stein, attorney for applicants.

TO the Shareholders of The Bank of Pittsburgh, N. A. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of The Bank of Pittsburgh, National Association, has been called by the board of directors for the 15th day of December, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the banking rooms in the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, No. 226, 228 and 230 Fourth avenue, to vote upon a resolution to increase the capital stock of the bank from $1,200,000 to $2,400,000, in accordance with the provisions of the act of congress of May 1, 1886; also to vote upon a proposed amendment to Article III of the articles of association, so that the same shall provide that the board of directors of this bank shall not be less than fifteen members nor more than twenty-seven members, also to vote upon a proposed amendment to Article VII of the articles of association, so that the directors shall be authorized and empowered to elect one or more vice presidents as the business of the bank may require; and for the transaction of such other business relating thereto as may come before the meeting. By order of the board.

W. F. BICKEL, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, October 27, 1903.

MARION H. MURPHY, Attorney-at-Law, Bakewell building. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on Thursday, December 31, 1903, by Edwin M. Noone, Lee J. Coyle and Marion H. Murphy, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Iron City Construction Company, the character and object of which is the erecting, constructing, inspecting and repairing buildings, structures, works or improvements of public or private use or utility, and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights and benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and the supplements thereto. Marion H. Murphy, solicitor for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on December 29, 1903, by John Seil, Alfred Dickson and Edmund Englert, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter of incorporation to be called "The Goodwin Company," the character and object of which is the manufacture of automatic temperature regulators from metal, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and the supplements thereto.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

NOTICE—In the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 153, February term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of James Stewart heirs for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses and assess the benefits for the widening of Division street, from Lithgow avenue to Clayton avenue, Second ward.

The undersigned, having been appointed by the court viewers in the foregoing matter, hereby give notice that they will on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., meet on the line of said improvement at the corner of Division street and Lithgow avenue, proceeding thence over the line of said improvement, viewing the same and the premises affected thereby, and will hear all parties interested therein and their witnesses.

S. T. M'CLELLAND.
JAS. R. REDMAN.
CHAS. F. HESELBARTH.
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 195, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefit for grading, paving and curbing River avenue, from Federal street to Sycamore street, Fourth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers,

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN the court of common pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county, No. 504 April term, 1903. In re voluntary assignment of Lucinda and James H. Snowden, doing business as L. & J. Snowden & Son, to William Barclay, for the benefit of creditors. Notice is hereby given that at the above number and term, the petitions of Lucinda Snowden and James H. Snowden, assignors, and William Barclay, assignee, were presented to court, representing that arrangements for a release of all debts against their assigned estate had been made with all their creditors and praying the court to make an order authorizing their assignee to make a deed of reconveyance of all of said estate to said assignor, upon their complying with terms of said release; the court made the following order: And now, to wit, December 5, 1903, the within petitions and exhibits presented in open court, and upon consideration thereof the same are ordered to be filed. It is further ordered and decreed that notice of the petition be given by advertisement in The Pittsburgh Gazette and McKeesport News once a week for three successive weeks that the decree prayed will be granted on Saturday, January 2, 1904, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., unless exceptions be filed thereto in the meantime. Charles W. Hamilton, attorney.

Otto Hattle S. Otto, executors.

F. P. GLASSER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 1827 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Johanna Husak, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. F. P. Glasser, administrator. No. 1827 Park building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LEGAL NOTICES.

S. S. ROBERTSON, Attorney-at-Law, 421 Frick building. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Saturday, December 26, 1903, by Robert Walsh, John A. Friday and George L. Junge, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Walsh Furnace Company, the character and object of which is the manufacturing of furnaces and having devises and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of assembly and the supplements thereto. S. S. Robertson, solicitor.

PETTES & M'ALLISTER, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 415 Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Emma C. Horst, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Samuel L. Otto, Hattie S. Otto, executors.

J. M'F. CARPENTER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 400 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Gormley, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. James T. Gormley, executor, Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE

PITTSBURGH SUNDAY GAZETTE

MAKES ONE OF THE VERY BEST CHRISTMAS GIFTS

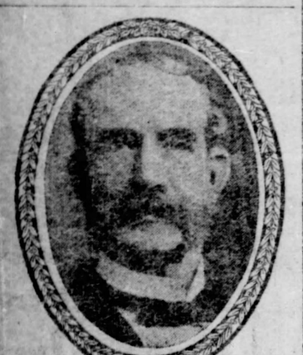
THINK IT OVER

HOMESTEAD MAN DROPPED DEAD

William Smith Bullock, Prominent in Borough Affairs, Dies of Apoplexy.

HIS LONG AND ACTIVE LIFE

William Smith Bullock, aged 67 years, prominent in business, church and municipal affairs of Homestead, dropped dead on Ann street shortly after 7 o'clock last evening while on his way to attend a meeting of the Homestead school board in the Fifth avenue high



William Smith Bullock.

school building. Mr. Bullock had been complaining for the past several days, having contracted a cold last week while in the performance of his duties in connection with the Homestead board of health, of which he was president.

Mr. Bullock left his home in Ninth avenue last evening in company with Robert Carr, Louis Jones and George Wickerham, members of the board. When near the school house he staggered, and before his companions could catch him he fell to the pavement dead. He was carried to the office of Dr. C. C. Huff nearby, but life was extinct. Apoplexy is thought to have been the cause of death.

William S. Bullock was born in Philadelphia, January, 1837, and in 1849, in company with his uncle, John Bullock, he went to Port Perry to work on lock No. 2 on the Monongahela river. In 1865 he was appointed superintendent of the city poor farm, which at that time was on the present site of the Homestead steel works of the Carnegie Steel Company. He continued in that position until 1875, when he engaged in the builders' supply business in this city, with offices in Liberty avenue. He was elected superintendent of the Homestead Carnegie library in 1898, but resigned after serving one year. He was the second burgess of Homestead and at the time of his death was serving his fifth term as a member of the school board, of which he had been president for several years. He was also president of the borough school board of health and devoted much of his time in attending to the duties incident to the office.

Mr. Bullock was a member of the First Baptist church of Homestead and superintendent of the Sunday school of the congregation. He was interested in many enterprises, but devoted the greater portion of his time to the Enterprise Land and Improvement Company, of which he was president. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, the Knights of Malta, and the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Bullock married Miss Adelaide Hargrave in this city in 1867. Mrs. Bullock, who has been an invalid for several years, survives her husband, as do two daughters, the Misses Adelaide and Sue Bullock. One brother, John Bullock of Philadelphia, and one sister, Miss Sue Bullock, matron of the Allegheny county jail, also survive.

QUEER MAN FOUND IN ALLEGHENY ATTRACTED A CURIOUS CROWD

One of the most picturesque characters ever landed in the Allegheny lock-up was put there late yesterday afternoon by Detectives John King and Ben Ehrhardt. The man's appearance was so unusual that the trio were followed from near the corner of Sandusky and East Ohio streets to the station by several hundred people.

From the pocket of one of the prisoner's overcoats dangled a string, to the end of which were attached two rabbit feet. His hair had not been cut for probably a year, and he confessed that he did not remember the last time he had been washed or shaved. On each wrist was buckled a broad strap, to which were fastened two sleigh-bells.

The detectives were walking along Ohio street when they noticed a crowd in front of a notion store. The doors were closed and the detectives on inquiring were informed that a strange-looking man had been acting suspiciously in the store. When taken to the lock-up and searched a can of corn, 13 cents and two potatoes were found in his pockets. He had two overcoats and two vests on. To Sergeant Sherry he gave the name of James Mellott and said he was 55 years old and lived at 1320 Miller street, Pittsburgh.

LIEUT. CASPER DEAD.

After Nursing His Wife Through Smallpox, He Died of Typhoid Fever.

Lieut. Louis F. Casper of the Second battalion, Third regiment, Boys' Brigade, died Sunday night at his residence, 305 Reynolds street, East End, after an illness of typhoid fever.

Mr. Casper was born in Pittsburgh 38

Lieut. Louis F. Casper.

years ago and has always lived here. He is well-known in the Boys' Brigade and basketball circles. Mr. Casper was connected with the crack Homestead and the D. C. and A. C. teams. He had just nursed his wife through an attack of smallpox when he was taken with typhoid fever. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Alice Patterson Casper, and two sons, William and Charles. The funeral will take place this afternoon. The Second battalion will turn out in uniform.

Basket Factory for Coshocton.

COSHOCTON, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—D. Marathout & Co. of Allegheny, basket manufacturers, will establish a branch factory here, employing 100 persons. They are attracted by wealth of fine timber in this vicinity.

LETTER TO MURDERER WAS FOUR DAYS LATE

Words of Christian Consolation That Canovsky Did Not Get, Because He Was Hanged.

A letter intended for Canovsky, the wife murderer hanged last Thursday, was received at the jail yesterday. It was contained in an envelope addressed to the warden of the jail and was accompanied by a note for the warden. The writer is a Dr. A. Skarvan of Onex, near Geneva, Switzerland. Warden Lewis would not give out the letter for publication. It was written in Polish, but the warden has had it translated.

The warden did say, however, that Skarvan wrote that he was a countryman of Canovsky's; he had read that Canovsky had no friends and he thought a letter containing words of Christian consolation might benefit the condemned man. This information was in the letter addressed to the warden, and written in passable English. The warden says the letter was as the doctor stated, filled with words of consolation advising the murderer to repent of his crime and reminding him that in God's infinite mercy there was hope for every soul, no matter what crimes might stain it. The warden will write to Dr. Skarvan and inform him that the letter came four days after Canovsky was hanged. The doctor did not know Canovsky.

UNIVERSITY CLOSED.

Diphtheria in Family of Chief Engineer Causes Suspension of Studies.

A case of diphtheria in the family of Albert Stoffel, chief engineer at the Western university, has caused a suspension of work in the collegiate and engineering departments of the school. Chancellor John A. Brashear held a consultation yesterday with several prominent physicians and later informed the under-graduates that until further notice there would be no sessions at the university.

The little son of Engineer Stoffel is critically ill with diphtheria and two of his daughters are ill with what is thought to be scarlet fever.

In speaking of the action taken yesterday, Chancellor Brashear said that it was to avert any possibility of a spread of the contagion that caused the faculty to close the school. Most of the boys went home yesterday.

DEATH CAUSED BY BOILER EXPLOSION

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—By the explosion of a boiler of the Washington Oil Company at Taylorstown this afternoon, one man was instantly killed and another so badly injured that his death is expected at any moment. The explosion was caused by a too high pressure of steam in a boiler which was being tested. The dead man is Frank H. Green, aged 31 years and single, of Washington. The injured man is Daniel Varner, aged 25, of Crothers. He was taken to the Haskins hospital at Wheeling.

MAD HORSE DRAGS DRIVER TO DEATH

Man Breaks Smallpox Quarantine to Rescue Survivor from Drowning.

LATTER'S MIND UNBALANCED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CANTON, O., Dec. 7.—In a runaway accident tonight Harry Smith, age 23, was drowned, and Edward Willig, a companion, badly injured. The two men were returning to the Willig home in a light buggy when the horse frightened and started at a terrific rate down South Cherry street which crosses Nimishillen creek in several places. The animal leaped through a clump of bushes along the roadside and buggy and occupants and horse fell into the water, between 20 and 30 feet below the level of the street. Smith was drowned. Willig fell into the water and the horse was killed.

A man named Bartel, living a few hundred feet away, broke quarantine at his house, on account of the sickness of a member of the family with smallpox, and hastened to rescue Willig, who was crying wildly for help. Willig, half deranged, imagined that his brother was in the creek and a search was at once instituted. A few minutes later, however, the brother arrived on the scene and it was then realized that Willig was out of his mind.

Bartel in the meanwhile talked of the accident to the large crowd which gathered, but when it was learned that he had come direct from a house quarantined on account of smallpox, the bystanders rushed away, and Bartel, realizing the danger of spreading the disease, hastened back home.

Smith and Willig were out on a pleasure drive. The horse was a bad animal and had figured in several exciting runaways. Smith was employed at the Aultman works in the foundry.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

WARREN, PA.—A company is being organized here to manufacture concrete building block material. It is expected to have the plant in operation by January 1.

AKRON, O.—A convent of the Sisters of Dominican Sisterhood is to be established here. An option has been taken on a valuable residence property and 100 nuns are to be housed.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—The valuation of city property here will this year be raised from less than $14,000,000 to about $18,000,000. This will result in quite a decided cut in the millage.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—As a result of the different plants in the valley resuming operations, crews on all the railroads entering the city which have been laid off for weeks have been put back to work.

KITTANNING, PA.—It is expected that the Kittanning Iron & Steel Company will start its blast furnace, with a capacity of 200 tons per day, at this place, on December 14. It has been shut down for six weeks.

GREENSBURG, PA.—The four-months-old son of George Myers of East Greensburg died of smallpox. Mrs. Myers had just recovered from an attack of the infection. Mr. Myers and two other children are seriously ill.

KITTANNING, PA.—Denny Wolf, a telegraph lineman for the Pennsylvania railroad, was struck by a passenger train near Schenley. He was brought to the Kittanning general hospital, but there is no chance for his recovery. His home is at New Kensington.

CANTON, O.—Alfred E. Pettit, a local insurance agent, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head at his home tonight. He had been suffering from melancholia for several months. He was 63 years old. A widow and three children survive him.

CLEARFIELD, PA.—Thomas Korencick, aged 24, was shot and killed by George Hudok while a dance was in progress at a Slav home in Grass flat. Hudok was 50 years old, has a large family and has always borne a good reputation. He is believed to be hiding in the mines.

ALTOONA, PA.—A new industry to be known as the Altoona Concrete & Construction Company, has been chartered at $100,000. The concern will commence the erection of a molding plant and manufacture building blocks, also sidewalk and ornamental blocks. The capacity of the proposed industry will be 600 blocks daily.

STRIKERS APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT

Ask Him to Use Federal Authority in Colorado Mining Troubles.

HE CANNOT GRANT REQUEST

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—President Roosevelt again today declined to interfere in the strike conditions in Telluride, Col. He would not go so far even at this time to order an investigation into the conditions.

An appeal from the Western Federation of Miners was presented to the president today by Senators Teller and Patterson of Colorado, urging him to exercise federal authority in bringing about an adjustment of the situation which has arisen between the miners and the authorities of the state of Colorado. Following is the text of the telegram laid before the president by the senators:

"In behalf of the metalliferous miners of the state of Colorado, will you personally request President Roosevelt to immediately investigate conditions in the San Juan and Cripple Creek districts of Colorado?"

The telegram was sent by Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners. At the conclusion of the conference between the president and the Colorado senators the latter sent the following telegram to President Moyer:

"The president states to us that under present conditions he has neither the power nor the right to take such action as you request."

This telegram summarized the result of the interview of Senators Teller and Patterson with the president, and, it is said, the form of the telegram was agreed to by the president. As stated previously the president maintains that neither the right nor the authority of the United States government has been invaded in the Colorado situation and that, therefore, he would not be justified at this time in interfering in the matter in any manner.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Charles Demolli, president representative of John Mitchell, who is leading the strike in the coal fields, was strongly urged today to leave Utah by Gov. Wells after a lengthy conference. Demolli declined to quit the state and announced that he would return to the strike center tonight. Demolli said that he expected to be arrested when he arrived at the mines.

ARMENIAN REFUGEE FINDS FRIENDS IN POLICEMAN

George Saloum, 16 years old, an Armenian, was yesterday taken to the South Side police station, where he showed the officers a letter in which it was stated that the boy's parents had been massacred by Turks during the last uprising. The boy said he arrived in New York 10 days ago and came to Pittsburgh to get work. He said there are four young children of his family still in Armenia, and he hopes to support them from the wages he heard he could get here for his services. The sergeants and officers made up a purse for the boy and a South Side resident secured him work and lodging.

Blow to His Esthetic Taste.

David Williams, a coal miner, living at Sygan, near Carnegie, was injured in a peculiar manner yesterday afternoon. He was standing on a small stool hanging a picture when the stool slipped, throwing him to the floor breaking his right arm. The picture fell with him and the glass struck him, cutting a deep gash in his cheek.

BRIDE STARTLES GROOM WITH HER GREAT WEALTH

Woman Supposed to be Poor Is Married in Washington County, Pa., and Discloses Secret of Her Fortune.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 7.—At the parsonage of the Pigeon Creek Presbyterian church in Somerset township today Miss Emma B. Nixon of Cincinnati and William J. Marshall were united in marriage by the Rev. Fayette E. Vernon, the pastor of the church. After the ceremony the bride, who was supposed to be a woman of comparatively small means, informed her husband that she was extremely wealthy and that she had made arrangements for an extended wedding trip.

The disclosure caused the greatest surprise. Mrs. Marshall while young inherited a large fortune and determined as she grew older that she would marry no one who knew of her wealth. She had many suitors, but refused them all, believing they desired her money rather than herself.

Some time ago she met Marshall, who was in Cincinnati on business. A friendship sprang up and a few weeks ago Miss Nixon came to near Washington to visit a sister. She and Mr. Marshall became engaged and the wedding was set for today. Mr. Marshall desired a large wedding, but the bride refused and they were married quietly in the church parsonage.

Mr. Marshall had made arrangements for a short but inexpensive wedding trip, but after the ceremony he was informed by his wife that tickets had been purchased for an extended trip to the south, and that her income would easily meet all expenses connected with the trip.

ROCKEFELLER WINS OPPOSITION OVER

Great Oil Company Will Be Formed to Control World's Product.

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—It is said here that John D. Rockefeller has finally succeeded in winning over the opposition to the Standard Oil Company, and that in the very near future an international oil company will be formed, which will control the entire output of oil in the world, with the exception of a few wells which belong to the Russian government.

The details of the formation of the new company are at the present time being discussed by representatives of American, Russian, German and Austrian oil companies. It is said that the Standard Oil Company has had to concede several very important points to the European oil magnates owing to the large increase in the sale of American oil in European markets, but those who are familiar with the methods of John D. Rockefeller in America predict that the advantages gained by the European companies will only be of short duration, and that the new international trust in oil will increase the annual income of the American oil king to many millions of dollars a year.

ALLEGHENY NEEDS MONEY.

Finance Committee Favors Issue of $81,000 Worth of Bonds.

The committee on finance of Allegheny councils last night ordered printed for councils an ordinance authorizing the transfer of $1,000 from the appropriation for contractors' claims to the bureau of health. Supt. James McLaughlin stated that the smallpox epidemic on the North Side was costing the city over $3,000 a month for quarantine officers alone.

The ordinance authorizing the issue of $21,487 Superior avenue bonds, was reported favorably as was the ordinance for the issue of $81,000 worth of temporary loan bonds to meet the expenses of the bureau of public lighting.

Orchestra En Tour Again.

The Pittsburgh orchestra with Victor Herbert conductor left yesterday morning on the second concert tour of the season. Last night they were heard in Warren, where they made a great success, and this evening they will play in Buffalo, at Convention hall, where Madame Brizzi, a well-known singer there, will co-operate as soloist. The concert in Buffalo is one of a series guaranteed by representative business men. The orchestra returns Wednesday morning.

WORKED AN OLD GAME.

Three Thieves Get Away With Two Gold Watches in Broad Daylight.

Three thieves worked an old game on the jewelry firm of Studer & Gaus, 215 Federal street, Allegheny, yesterday, and got away with two gold watches valued at $100. Shortly after 5 o'clock two men entered the store and asked to see some watch charms. J. H. Studer waited on them and found them hard to satisfy. Several cases of charms were laid before them, but none seemed to please.

In the meantime another man came in and asked to see some gold watches. A clerk brought several out, but the stranger asked to see more. While in the back part of the store the clerk noticed his supposed customer suddenly leave the building, and thinking he had decided to buy nothing the clerk put back the watches he was bringing to the front of the store. The other men then decided they wanted nothing and thanking Studer, walked out into Federal street. They had his supposed customer suddenly leave the building, and thinking he had decided to buy nothing the clerk put back the watches he was bringing to the front of the store. The other men then decided they wanted nothing and thanking Studer, walked out into Federal street. They had been gone only a few moments when the clerk discovered that two watches were missing.

Studer says the three men were very well dressed and looked like business men.

BIRDS HAVE FLOWN.

Ringleaders of "Black Hand" Gang of New York Forfeit $2,000 Bail Each.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Terrified by death threats from the "Black Hand" branch of the Mafia, Nicholas Parella has fled from his home at No. 253 Pacific street, Brooklyn. Parella has been notified that his life would be forfeited if he appeared in the Bushwick avenue court today against four members of the band, accused of attempting a murderous assault upon him for refusing to yield to blackmailing threats.

Carmini Carrara and Guiseppe Ciscimo, said to be leaders of the gang, were not in court, and their $2,000 bail will be forfeited. The police say that with 25 others of the gang who were frightened by the recent threat of the police to wipe the Mafia out of existence, they sailed for Italy Saturday on the steamer Neapolitan Prince.

Want to Import American Rails.

MOSCOW, Dec. 7.—The town council of Moscow is discussing the proposal to ask the government's permission to import American street car rails, which are badly needed, because of the failure of Russian firms to supply the heavy rails required by the new lines. The failure is due to lack of proper machinery.

MISS BARTON REFUSES TO RESIGN HER PLACE

President of the Red Cross Objects to Retreating Under Enemy's Fire.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Miss Clara Barton will not relinquish her position as president of the National Red Cross under fire. Several times at annual meetings during the last half-dozen years Miss Barton has tendered her resignation, but it was never accepted.

Now the "Washington minority," or the score of members who were suspended at the last meeting, are warring on her, and she said tonight that she had no intention of tendering her resignation. She also declared that there was no foundation for the report that she would leave America, never to return, if her administration of affairs of the Red Cross was not sustained at the meeting tomorrow. That she will be sustained there is little doubt, for the suspended members last Saturday rejected peace overtures from her and declined to come into the meeting.

Miss Barton will read her annual report tomorrow, but it will contain only brief mention of the dissensions in the Red Cross. She remarked tonight:

"You will have no occasion to say that Miss Barton is fighting. She is not. The Red Cross goes where other people fight. It does not fight itself."

HE PLEADED IGNORANCE,

J. Odgen Armour Unable to Throw Light Upon Affairs of Porter Bros. Co.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—Protesting that he had no personal knowledge of the accounts of the Fruit Growers Express Company, or of any agreement which that concern may have had with Porter Brothers Company, J. Ogden Armour today, when placed on the witness stand by Bankruptcy Referee Wean, declared that he could not help the creditors of Porter Brothers Company to discover how much money President James I. Watson received as rebates.

The witness said that Armour & Co. had made large loans to Watson and the Porter Brothers Company, though he did not know how much or for what purpose. Mr. Armour declared that the company's only claim against the Porter Bros. estate today was for $80,000, which is secured by Mr. Watson's life insurance policy and stock of the bankrupt company.

BLIND MAN IS NOW FREE.

Charles Owens, Whose Eyes Were Shot Out, Leaves Riverside for Philadelphia.

Charles Owens of Emsworth was released from the Western penitentiary yesterday morning after serving two years and three months of a three-year term for attempted burglary. Owens is blind and in poor health and during his term was the object of much pity from the keepers and inmates of Riverside. Owens was convicted of having attempted to rob the store of Charles Wagener in Ben Avon in the summer of 1901. He was detected in the act and shot at by Wagener. The discharge of buckshot struck Owens in the face and destroyed his sight. He was assisted to a car yesterday by one of the keepers and later taken charge of by relatives. Owens intends going to Philadelphia to consult an eye specialist in the hope of having his sight partially restored. He was formerly a paper carrier in Emsworth and bore an excellent reputation.

Charles Porter, alias Black Jack, and Harry Chambers were sentenced 10 years each for being implicated with Owens in the attempted crime.

Standard Oil Increases Capital.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 7.—The Standard Oil Company of New York city, today filed with the secretary of state, a certificate of increase of capital stock from $7,000,000 to $15,000,000. This is a subsidiary corporation of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the capital of which is $96,000,000.

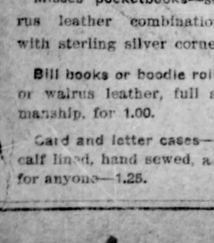
Christmas with its spirit of joy and gladness, with its happy custom of gift exchanging will soon be with us. Let us assist you towards supplying your many Christmas desires. In your excitement you may forget a thing or two. The abundance of news that demands telling now would require a whole newspaper to do it justice, so we cannot tell you of everything every day. "The Big Store's" daily page of store news will assist you mightily, don't fail to read it.

KAUFMANN'S

"THE BIG STORE"

Our store news tells of wear things, of household things, of jewelry and silverware, of books, of novelties of every description, of dolls and toys—but the list is endless. Sufficient that it sets you thinking. "The Big Store" is exhaustive in its preparations to supply quickly the multitude of things, little and big—demanded by the multitude of people. There is no place like Kaufmann's to suggest the unknown thing, to inspire ideas, to give suggestions, to practice economy.

Women's neckwear



THE feminine heart always has a soft spot for neckwear, and something new is always welcomed.

The daintiest creations here await your choosing. Beauty, originality and effectiveness are most charmingly blended. Exclusiveness and price are other stones in the foundation upon which we've reared this great neckwear business.

New windsor bows — with fancy stitching, black and colors, two splendid lines at 48c and 98c.

Lace and batiste stock collars—with pointed tab, hand work Bulgarian embroidery — exceptional value at 75c.

Lace and chiffon stock collars — with chiffon bows, very rich and effective neck dressing—1.48.

Handsome silk stocks—two long tabs with lace ends, in lovely French knot and beaded effects, 1.48.

Scarfs and squares—great profusion of dainty styles, in liberty silk, crepe and chiffon, plain or figured—48c to 4.50.

Scrim collar and cuff sets—with hand work Bulgarian embroidery, very dainty sets, at 48c.

Large lace collars — the new circular shape, in dainty Venise lace, very beautiful styles, at 2.25.

Chiffon and maline pompons—plain or with solid and ring dots, each put up in box—for 48c.

Gift hints in leather and fancy goods

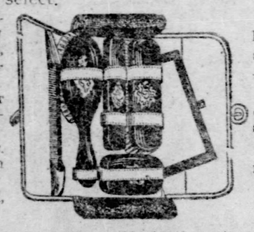
IF in quest of new ideas, novel and practical, you'll find our leather and fancy goods department most helpful to you. It's stocked with such a great diversity of styles, shapes, sizes and kinds of appropriate Christmas gifts as to pleasantly puzzle one as to which to select.

Wrist bags—solid leather, seal, morocco, walrus or alligator; moire silk lined, entirely new shape, with nickel or royal copper mountings, complete with purse, card case and smelling bottle—75c.

Carriage bags—real leather, black, tan or brown, silk lined, with fittings to match bag—complete for 1.00.

Netsuke bags—the latest thing in leather. Very pretty designs in Japanese leather, with heavy chain and ivory knob—2.75.

Imported liquor flasks—half leather covered, patent cork—50c to 10.00.



Misses' pocketbooks—solid seal or walrus leather combination pocketbooks, with sterling silver corners—at only 50c.

Bill books or boodle rolls—made of seal or walrus leather, full size, best workmanship, for 1.00.

Card and letter cases—of genuine seal, calf lined, hand sewed, a very useful gift for anyone—1.25.

Collar and cuff boxes—the combination kind, in leather, fancy celluloid or plush, nicely lined with silk—something most any man would appreciate—price 1.00.

Smoker sets—complete outfit of pipe, cigar and cigarette tubes and match boxes, fitted in a handsomely silk lined fancy box—for 1.98.

Work boxes—with all the sewing requisites, fancy painted celluloid box—for 1.48.

Musical Albums—playing 2, 3 or 5 tunes—plain or on easel—2.89 to 15.00.

Toilet cases—solid leather traveling cases, with complete toilet outfit, for only 2.25.

Toilet cases—in fancy painted celluloid, plush and cocobola wood, lined with silk, containing complete women's toilet outfit—at 4.98.

Shaving sets—consisting of mug, brush, comb, mirror, razor and scissors, in pretty decorated silk lined boxes—5.00.

Full size albums—with fancy gold tinted leaves, fancy celluloid or leather backs; spaces for cabinet or small size photos—1.00.

Cigar cases—in black or colored real leather, silk lining pocket, made of pigskin—complete with scissor clippers for 1.98.

Cigar cases—real seal or walrus leather, pig skin lined and heavy nickel mounted—2.75.

By far the greatest book store

IT'S as big or perhaps bigger than the three next largest in Pittsburgh. You'll be amazed at its size and the immensity of its stock. Men who have been around the country and know whereof they speak, tell us that there's only one other department store book section in the country that is bigger. Since the opening of this newly enlarged book store, book lovers by the thousand have eagerly swarmed through its spacious aisles. And it goes without saying that this big stock affords the widest possible field for judicious selection. It practically is limited only by the literature of the world. It must indeed be a rare book that cannot be supplied here. Come, rummage through this great book store and share the great economies that it offers you! Entire 1st Floor, New Annex.

New books

The Little Shepherd of Kingdom Come, 1.08.
Col. Carter's Christmas, 1.08.
The Maids of Paradise, 1.08.
The Main Chance, 1.08.
The Sherrods, 1.08.
Lady Rose's Daughter, 1.08.
Rebecca of Sunny Brook Farm, 90c.
Lovey Mary, 72c.
The Adventures of Gerard, 1.08.
The One Woman, 1.08.
The Fortunes of Fifi, 1.08.
The Long Night, 1.08.
The Daughter of a Magnate, 1.08.
Barlasch of the Guard, 1.08.
The Filigree Ball, 1.08.
Hesper, 1.08.
The Courtship of Miles Standish, Christy edition, 1.98.
A Checked Love Affair, 1.44.
Wanted, A Chaperon, 1.44.
Wanted, A Matchmaker, 1.44.

Copyright books

Bound in cloth—formerly published at $1.50, choice, 45c.

Among the hundreds of titles are:
Senator North,
The Little Minister,
Checkers,
In Connection With the De Willoughby Claim,
The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes,
The Cardinal's Snuff Box,
Quisante,
Second Thoughts of an Idle Fellow,
Three Men on Wheels,
The Jessamy Bride,
Rockhaven,
Uncle Terry,
The Hound of the Baskervilles,
Janice Meredith,
Resurrection,
The Garden of Swords,
John March, Southerner;
J. Devlin, Boss;
Arms and the Woman,
The Black Douglass,

Books for boys and girls

New Henty Series for Boys, 25c. 42 of the best titles of this popular author, fine cloth binding, 25c.

Best Books for boys, including all the favorite authors: Alger, Optic, Castleman, Stratmeyer, Ellis, Kellogg, Winfield, Bonehill, etc. Fine cloth binding, hundreds of best titles—45c.

Elsie Books, 69c.
Alcott Books, 98c.
Birds' Christmas Carol, 39c.
Capt. January, 39c.
Peck's Bad Boy, 39c.
New Chatterbox, 90c.
Denslow's Mother Goose, 98c.
McClure's Children's Annual, 98c.
Two new Henty books: With the Allen's Topekan, 1.20 — Through Three Campaigns, 1.20.
Helen's Babies, illustrated, 39c.
Two Little Savages, 1.75.
The Girl Rough Riders, 1.00.
More Five-Minute Stories, 1.00.
Five Little Peppers, 25c.
Black Beauty, 25c.
Pussy Meow, 25c.
Beautiful Joe, 25c.
Grimm's Fairy Tales, 25c.
Lives of the Presidents, 25c.
Alice in Wonderland, 25c.
Young People's speaker—containing recitations, speeches, etc., for the young—69c.
Illustrated Holiday editions, 48c—favorite classics for the young folks, fine cloth bindings, including the following titles:
Arabian Nights,
Robinson Crusoe,
Grimm's Fairy Tales,
Child's History of England,
Publisher's price $1, special at 48c.

Famous Poets

Famous poets — padded leather binding—59c.
Longfellow, Tennyson, Shakespeare, Browning, Milton, Moore, Whittier and Burns, 59c.
5 vol. cloth bound sets, 69c. Cooper, Holmes, Coreili, Carey, Abbott, Caine and Optic.
Roycroft's series of Classics, 69c—Roycroft style of binding—including:
Sesame and Lillies, Lucile, Lady of the Lake, Reveries of a Bachelor, Longfellow's poems, Emerson's essays, etc.—publishers' price $1, special at 69c.
Riley's Love Lyrics—illustrated edition of Riley's Love Lyrics and Child Rhymes, and Farm Rhymes, 89c.
Pelcubet's Notes on Sunday School lessons, 79c.
Illustrated Teacher's Bible, fine overlapping cover, red under gold edges—1.29.

Standard Sets

Shakespeare's works, fine cloth binding, gilt top, 13 volumes, at set, 2.48.
Dickens' works, plain cloth, 15 volumes, 3.98.
Prescott's Conquest of Mexico—3 volumes at 98c.
George Eliot's work, 6 volumes, 1.98.
Rollin's Ancient History—cloth binding, 4 volumes, 1.98.
Bulwer-Lytton's works — cloth binding, 13 volumes, 5.50.
John Ruskin's works—fine cloth binding, 13 volumes, 9.75.
Alexander Dumas' works — cloth binding, 6 volumes, 1.89.
Gibbon's History of Rome—in cloth binding, 5 volumes, 1.98.
Cooper's Leather Stocking Tales—fine cloth binding, 5 volumes, 1.39.
Victor Hugo's works, cloth binding, 7 volumes, 1.98.

Novelties in plated and sterling silver

THE same safeguards hedge about the sale of silverware here as with clothing, hats, shoes or anything else. Experts look out for the varying degrees of fineness; and over all is the Kaufmann guarantee.

Prices? Well, at the least calculation, they're 20 to 50 per cent below the exclusive jeweler's. Comparison will prove this.

Sterling silver toilet sets of comb, brush and mirror, in fancy embossed French designs, put up in lined box—6.75.

Shaving sets—cup and brush, fancy or plain designs, butler finish, in the best apollo silver plated ware—1.98.

Cut glass perfume bottles—with sterling stoppers, in fancy French gray designs, 98c.

Babies' sterling silver toilet sets — of brush, comb and rattle, put up in fancy lined box—1.49.

Sterling silver military brushes — with heavy fancy backs, put up in solid leather case—4.98.

Sterling silver novelty pieces—such as nail files, shoe hooks, tooth brushes, talcum, tooth powder and tooth brush bottles, etc.—25c.

Puff boxes—of apollo silver, fancy embossed designs, butler finish, gold lined—2.48.

Silver plated toilet sets — of comb, brush and mirror, polished or gray silver—4.89.

Men's sterling toilet or brush sets, of cloth brush, hat brush, pair military brushes and comb, fancy pattern, plain center for monogram, put up in satin lined box—8.48.

Dolls

A CITY of dolls—a city whose inhabitants run into the thousands and comprise all classes, from the stately and haughty queen to the poor little rag baby. Was there ever such a doll display? Once you see it you'll answer with us—no. Cold type can't do it justice. Be sure to bring the little girls—they'll jump for joy.

Babyland rag dolls

These are practically indestructible—the faces are painted in lifelike colors—the dresses are made to put on and take off at will—they'll afford the child endless enjoyment—and look how little they cost:

The American maid dolls—13 in. long, all complete with neat dress for 50c.

Babyland rag dolls, 14 in. long all complete with dress for 98c.

The babyland beauty dolls—16½ in. long, completely dressed with cap, shoes and stockings—1.98.

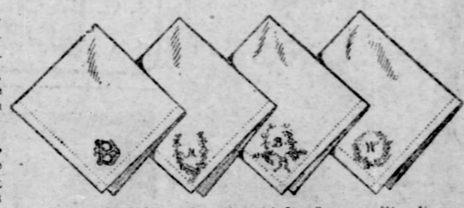
The real big handkerchief business

CENTERS at "The Big Store." That's not at all unusual—for the real big business of any particular commodity centers at "The Big Store." And such a handkerchief business as we're doing—can hardly handle it—and yet we've tripled the selling space and sales-force—think of it. But we'll take care of your wants—depend upon it—even if we've got to get more counter room and more sales-folk. Nearly a million handkerchiefs represent "The Big Store's" original holiday stock. Beautiful handkerchief presentation boxes free with purchases of a dollar or over.

Women's sheer linen initial handkerchiefs—embroidered and scalloped edge, also plain linen handkerchiefs, ⅛, ¼ and ½ in. hem, hemstitched, also pretty lace trimmed handkerchiefs — worth regularly 15c and 20c, at 10c.

Women's fine hand embroidered, hemstitched or scalloped edge handkerchiefs, over 100 different styles—best ever offered at this price, 25c.

Magnificent lace handkerchiefs—most beautiful assortment of dainty lace trimmed handkerchiefs you ever saw, trimmed with dainty Val. and Mechlin laces, dozens of patterns, also sheer linen convent embroidered handkerchiefs — three grand lots at 98c, 75c and 48c.



Women's initial handkerchiefs—fine quality linen, with hand embroidered initials, surrounded with embroidered wreaths—half dozen in pretty box for 1.50.

Pillow top handkerchiefs—the great fad for making those pretty pillow tops, kimonos, etc., new designs, lily of the valley, jack rose, chrysanthemum, sunflower, etc., each, 8c.

Children's initial handkerchiefs, with colored borders, initial embroidered in the corner—3 handkerchiefs in a box—box of three for 25c.

Men's handkerchiefs—linen finished, washed ready for use, neat initial in corner—half dozen 60c, each 11c.

Men's pure linen handkerchiefs—unlaundered, with dainty initial—each, 12½c.

Men's fine linen handkerchiefs—with pretty initials, laundered ready for use—put up 6 in a box, for 1.00, or, each, 19c.

Men's handkerchiefs — of pure Irish linen, with hand worked initial, laundered ready for use—put up six in fancy box for 1.35—or each, 25c.

Men's silk handkerchiefs—large size, with pretty embroidered initial—regular 50c value—special at 3 for 1.00, or each, 35c.

BUSTER BROWN,
THE FUNNIEST AND MOST REFINED OF COMIC PAGES, IN THE SUNDAY GAZETTE.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.
PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 8, 1903.—PAGES 9 TO 16.

DOINGS OF THE
COON HOLLOW BUNCH
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE
WILL MAKE YOU LAUGH.....

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TREATS ON ALL PUBLIC MATTERS AND IS ESPECIALLY STRONG ON PANAMA

Consistent Policy of the Government Is to Hold in Check the Unscrupulous Man, Whether Employer or Employe.

COMMERCE AND LABOR DEPARTMENT BEGAN AND IS DOING GREAT WORK

After Fifty-Seven Years of Revolution on the Isthmus, During Which the Government Was Protected from Disintegration by the United States, Colombia Proved Ungrateful and Unfair—Finances, Postal Frauds, Gold and Silver Standard Conference, The Hague Peace Tribunal, Venezuela International Arbitration, and Great Questions of the Day Get Attention in the Document Submitted to Congress—Investigation and Improvement of Merchant Marine Recommended.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7.

President Roosevelt's message, submitted to congress today, is especially strong on Panama and the canal treaty. On corporations and labor unions he follows an impartial path, declaring that unscrupulous men, whether employers or employes, must be held in check by the government. The work of the new department of commerce and labor is reviewed and commended, and attention called to its great importance. Improvement of the merchant marine, after careful investigation as to its needs, is recommended, and no one of the important national or international questions of the day is overlooked in the document.

The message in full, which will bear careful perusal and thoughtful consideration, follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The country is to be congratulated on the amount of substantial achievement which has marked the past year both as regards our foreign and as regards our domestic policy.

With a nation as with a man the most important things are those of the household, and therefore the country is especially to be congratulated on what has been accomplished in the direction of providing for the exercise of supervision over the great corporations and combinations of corporations engaged in interstate commerce. The

Corporations.

congress has created the department of commerce and labor, including the bureau of corporations, with for the first time authority to secure proper publicity in the workings of these great corporations as the public has the right to know. It has provided for the expediting of suits for the enforcement of the federal anti-trust law, and by other law it has secured equal treatment to all producers in the transportation of their goods, thus taking a long stride forward in making effective the work of the interstate commerce commission.

The establishment of the department of commerce and labor, with the bureau of corporations thereunder, marks a real advance in the direction of doing all that is possible for the solution of the questions vitally affecting capitalists and wage-workers. The act creating the department was

Department of Commerce and Labor.

approved on February 14, 1903, and two days later the head of the department was nominated and confirmed by the senate. Since then the work of organization has been pushed as rapidly as the initial appropriations permitted, and with due regard to thoroughness and the broad purposes which the department is designed to serve. After the transfer of the various bureaus and branches to the department at the beginning of the current fiscal year, as provided for in the act, the personnel comprised 1,377 employes in Washington and 8,846 in the country at large. The scope of the department's duty and authority embraces the commercial and industrial interests of the nation. It is not designed to restrict or control the fullest liberty of legitimate business action, but to secure exact and authentic information which will aid the executive in directing existing laws, and will enable the congress to enact additional legislation if any should be found necessary, in order to prevent the few from obtaining privileges at the expense of diminished opportunities for the many.

The preliminary work of the bureau of corporations in the department has shown the wisdom of its creation. Publicity in corporate affairs will tend to do away with the need of, and will afford facts upon which intelligent action may be taken.

Bureau of Corporations.

Systematic, intelligent investigation is already developing facts the knowledge of which is essential to a right understanding of the needs and duties of business world. The corporation which is honestly and fairly organized, whose managers in the conduct of its business recognize their obligation to deal squarely with their stockholders, their competitors, and the public, has nothing to fear from such supervision. The purpose of this bureau is not to embarrass or assail legitimate business, but to aid in bringing about a better industrial condition—a condition under which there shall be obedience to law and recognition of public obligation by all corporations, great or small. The department of commerce and labor will be not only the clearing house for information regarding the business transactions of the nation but the agency through the government to aid in strengthening our domestic and foreign markets, in perfecting our transportation facilities, in building up our merchant marine, in preventing the entrance of undesirable immigrants in improving commercial and industrial conditions and in bringing together on common ground those necessary partners in industrial progress—capital and labor. Commerce between the nations is steadily growing in volume, and the tendency of the times is toward closer trade relations. Constant watchfulness is needed to secure to Americans the chance to participate to the best advantage in foreign trade, and we may confidently expect that the new department will justify the expectation of this watchfulness, as well as by the businesslike administration of such laws relating to our internal affairs as are intrusted to its care.

In enacting the laws above enumerated the congress proceeded on sane and conservative lines. Nothing revolutionary was attempted; but in each case a needed and successful effort was made in the direction of seeing that corporations are so handled as to subserve the public good. The legislation was moderate. It was characterized throughout by the idea that we were not attacking corporations, but endeavoring to provide for doing away with any evil in them; that we drew the line against misconduct, not against wealth; gladly recognizing the great good done by the capitalist who, alone, or in conjunction with his fellows, does his work along proper and legitimate lines. The purpose of the legislation, which purpose will undoubtedly be fulfilled, was to favor such a man when he does well, and to supervise his action only to prevent him from doing ill. Publicity can do no harm to the honest corporation. The only corporation that has cause to dread it is the corporation which shrinks from the light, and about the welfare of such corporations we need not be oversensitive. The work of the department of commerce and labor has been conditioned upon this theory, of securing fair treatment alike for labor and for capital.

The constant policy of the national government, so far as it has the power, is to hold in check the unscrupulous man, whether employer or employe; but to refuse to weaken individual initiative or to hamper

Capital and Labor.

or cramp the industrial development of the country. We recognize that this is an era of federation and combination, in which great capitalistic corporations and labor unions have become factors of tremendous importance in our industrial centers. Hearty recognition is given the far-reaching, beneficient work which has been accomplished through both corporations and unions, and the line as between different corporations, as between different unions, is drawn as it is between different individuals; that is, it is drawn on conduct, the effort being to treat both organized capital and organized labor alike, asking nothing more than the intelligent observance by each of the rights of others, whether corporations or individuals, then, where the federal government has jurisdiction, it will see to it that the misconduct is stopped, paying not the slightest heed to the position or power of the corporation, the union or the individual, but only to one vital fact—that is, the question whether or not the conduct of the individual or aggregate of individuals is in accordance with the law of the land. Every man must be guaranteed his liberty and his right to do as he likes with his property or his labor, so long as he does not infringe the rights of others. No man is above the law, and no man is below it; nor do we ask any man's permission when we require him to obey it. Obedience to the law is demanded as a right; not asked as a favor.

We have cause as a nation to be thankful for the steps that have been so successfully taken to put these principles into effect. The progress has been by evolution, not by revolution. Nothing radical has been done; the action has been conservative and moderate. Therefore the work will stand. There shall be no backward step. If in the working of the laws it proves desirable that they shall at any point be expanded or amplified, the amendment can be made as its desirability is shown. Meanwhile they are being administered with judgment, but with independence upon obedience to them, and their speed has been emphasized in signal fashion by the events of the past year.

From all sources, exclusive of the postal service, the receipts of the government for the last fiscal year aggregated $561,784,000. The expenditures for the same period were $506,000,007, the surplus for the fiscal year being $54,257,667. The indications are that the surplus for the present fiscal year will be very small, if indeed there be any surplus. From July to November the receipts from customs were approximately $9,000,000 less than the receipts from the same source for a corresponding portion of last year. Should this decrease continue at the same ratio throughout the fiscal year, the surplus would be reduced by, approximately, $30,000,000. Should the revenue from customs suffer much further decrease during the fiscal year, the surplus would vanish. A large surplus is certainly undesirable. Two years ago the war taxes were taken off with the express intention of equalizing the governmental receipts and expenditures, and though the first year there still showed a surplus, it now seems likely that a substantial equality of revenue and expenditure will be attained. Such being the case it is of great importance both to economy and economy in appropriations, and to scan sharply any change in our fiscal revenue system which may reduce our income. The need of strict economy in our expenditures is emphasized by the fact that we can afford to be parsimonious in providing for what is essential to our national well-being. Careful economy wherever possible will alone prevent our income from falling below the point required in order to meet our genuine needs.

The integrity of our currency is beyond question, and under present conditions it would be unwise and unnecessary to attempt to the construction of our entire monetary system. The same liberty should be granted the secretary of the treasury to deposit customs receipts as is granted him in the deposit of

Needs of Financial Situation.

receipts from other sources. In my message of December 2, 1902, I called attention to certain needs of the financial situation, and I again ask the consideration of the congress for these questions.

During the last session of the congress, at the suggestion of a joint note from the republic of Mexico and the imperial government of China, and in harmony with an act of the congress, I appointed a commission to pay the expenses thereof, a commission was appointed to confer with a similar body of European countries in the hope that some plan might be devised whereby a fixed rate of exchange could be assured between the gold-standard countries and the silver-standard countries. This commission has filed its preliminary report, which has been made public. It deem it important that the commission be continued, and that a sum of money be appropriated sufficient to pay the expenses of its further labors.

Conference Between Gold-Standard and Silver-Standard Countries.

A majority of our people desire that steps be taken in the interests of American shipping, so that we may once more resume our former position in the ocean carrying trade. But hitherto the differences of opinion as to the proper method of reaching this end have been so wide that it has proved impossible to secure the adoption of any particular scheme. Having in view these facts, I recommend that the congress direct the secretary of the navy, the postmaster-general and the secretary of commerce and labor, associated with such a representation from the senate and house of representatives as the congress in its wisdom may designate, to serve as a commission for the purpose of investigating and reporting to the congress at its next session what legislation is desirable or necessary for the development of the American merchant marine and American commerce, and incidentally of a national ocean mail service, of adequate auxiliary naval cruisers and naval reserves. While such a measure is desirable in any event, it is especially desirable at this time, in view of the fact that our present governmental contract for ocean mail with the American Line will expire in 1905. Our ocean mail act was passed in 1891. In 1895 our 20-knot trans-Atlantic mail line was equal to any foreign line. Since then the Germans have put on 23-knot steamers, and the British have contracted for 24-knot steamers. Our service should equal the best. If it does not, the commercial public will abandon it. If we are to stay in the business it ought to be with a full understanding of the advantages to the country on one hand, and on the other with exact knowledge of what sum and what methods of carrying it on. Moreover, lines of cargo ships are of even more importance than fast mail lines; save so far as the latter can be depended upon to furnish swift auxiliary cruisers in time of war. The establishment of new lines of cargo ships to South America, to Asia, and elsewhere would be much in the interest of our commercial expansion.

Merchant Marine.

We cannot have too much immigration of the right kind, and we should have none at all of the wrong kind. The need is to devise some system by which undesirable immigrants shall be kept out entirely, while desirable immigrants are properly

Immigration.

Continued on Page 10.

BASEBALL MAGNATES GATHERING FOR ANNUAL MEETING

BARNEY DREYFUSS AN EARLY ARRIVAL

Pittsburgh President at Meeting Grounds, Looking to Trade for Players.

BARROWS DENIES BIG OFFERS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Dec. 7.

The annual meeting of the National league will not begin until tomorrow, but the advance guard of club owners and club managers are already here, and the lobby of the Victoria, where the meeting is to be held, is the scene of much baseball chatter.

The general opinion is that the meeting itself will be somewhat of a cut-and-dried affair, but the business to be transacted on the outside when the rival club owners and managers get together is what will be of greatest interest to the followers of the game.

One of the earliest arrivals was Barney Dreyfuss, owner of the Pittsburgh club, who is just as pleasant and just as mysterious as ever. Barney admits in the most candid manner that he has several deals on for players, and also admits that no later than this morning he sent a contract to a new man, but that's as far as he will go. He says that the deals are sure to materialize during the next three days; then he will make the names of the new men known. He also intimates that he has a pleasant surprise or two in store for the baseball public of Pittsburgh. Secretary Locke is here with Mr. Dreyfuss, and he is equally as reticent as the club owner.

The annual meeting of the Pittsburgh club is to be held over in Jersey City Wednesday, and it will be a love feast, as there is not the least bit of friction among the officials. It is not likely that Manager Fred Clarke will be at the meeting, although he was invited by the club owner, but sent back word from Kansas that he has just completed a new home, and he would not care to leave there until he has fitted the house up. The same letter, however, contained Manager Fred's ideas on the players to be secured, and Col. Barney always follows his manager's advice on matters of that kind.

Barrows Laughs at Dreams.

Ed Barrows, manager of the Detroit club of the American league, was an early arrival today and says he will stay for the meeting and may push a deal through if anything tempting comes his way. Eddie, since his departure from the Smoky City, has assumed aldermanic proportions and is as jolly as ever. He was enjoying a hearty laugh this morning over that story which originated in Pittsburgh, wherein the Pirate owners were alleged to have offered $10,000 for Pitcher "Wild Bill" Donovan, and as a return joke Barrows offered $20,000 for Wagner and Leach.

The Detroit manager said there was about as much hope for any of these deals going through as there is for Cyclone Kirkland of Coxey fame to be elected president.

Barrows expressed surprise when informed that Ban Johnson was supposed to have been in Pittsburgh on Saturday working up capital for American league clubs. He says that so far as the Detroit club is concerned there is no need for Pittsburgh capital, as the club is now solid financially. There was a shake-up out there about a month ago, when Owner Angus took in two young business partners who have plenty of cash, and, just to show there was no hard feelings, Barrows was let in on a nice chunk of the stock.

"Muggsy" McGraw, manager of the Giants, who has been picking a lot of good things at the Bennings track, dropped over this morning and had a conference with John T. Brush, another of the clubs, the fault of which was the announcement that under no circumstances will Roger Bresnahan be permitted to get away from the New York team. There have been reports that Bresnahan was trying to get to the Cincinnati club for Ci Seymour, but this action of the New Yorkers puts an end to Joe Kelley's hopes in that direction.

Speaking of his team for next season Manager McGraw said that some few changes will be made which will strengthen the Giants greatly, and he hoped to give the Pirates a closer run for the flag than was shown last season. In reply to a question McGraw said:

"I look for the Pittsburgh team to be stronger than ever next season, because I know Dreyfuss is hustling to strengthen his club for us Yorkers puts an end to Joe Kelley's hopes in that direction.

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"I look for the Pittsburgh team to be stronger than ever next season, because I know Dreyfuss is hustling to strengthen his pitching staff. Adams has been a big help to Fletcher's box, I think pretty well of that Pirate bunch as it stands now and would willingly swap teams with Barney."

When this proposition was made known to the Pirates' president he smiled and simply said: "Not on your life."

Selee Was Joshing.

Frank Selee, manager of the Chicago team, got in from his home near Boston today and set it from his remarks he was merely "joshing" when he said that the Pirates would be lucky to finish as good as third next season. Selee says that the Chicago club was not anxious to get rid of Pitcher Jack Taylor, and that the only reason he was let go was because it seems to think that he has been with the Chicago club too long. Selee hates to part with the pitcher, but will trade him if he can get a suitable player in return, as he does not wish to hold a player against his will.

Selee also says that "Jock" Menefee, the Tennessean toby maker, who has been on the Chicago staff for several seasons, will not be with the team next season. He says that Menefee is still a good twister, but the Chicago team has so many young pitchers that some of the old ones must be let out.

"Between Love and Duty" is a little one-act play that Harry Pulliam is starring in at present. Harry has his hands full looking after the club owners just now and to add to his troubles along comes a bunch of Louisville brewers and distillers, all of whom are close friends of the Pirates' ex-secretary and who expect to be properly entertained. Harry has elected Barney Dreyfuss and Will Locke into service and has hopes to pull through all right. Pulliam, by the way, will be unanimously re-elected president of the National league, which will be deserved recognition for faithful services.

Patented Baseball Bat.

Ball players all over the land will be glad to learn that some fellow or another has just patented a baseball bat which is guaranteed never to break, and the players who have favorite "sticks" will be able to hold onto them forever, that is, unless some one swipes them. The new bat is wound with a fine malleable wire which is sunk into the wood in such a way that the ball cannot be injured.

The sponsor for the stick is Will C. Bryan of Washington, an ex-ball player and promoter of the game. The only thing that stands in the way is a baseball law which forbids the use of anything but wood in a bat. Bryan would like to have that bit of law done away with and seeks the assistance of President Pulliam, but it is not likely that his wish will be granted.

The first men of the club owners when they get into session tomorrow morning will be to present the Pittsburgh club with its third pennant. President Dreyfuss will propound a baseball speech for the occasion and will spring it, even if he has to present each club owner with a typewritten copy.

JAMES M. NELLIS.

NEWARK GETS GATINS.

Wilmerding Shortstop Goes from Milwaukee to Eastern League.

Frank Gatins of Wilmering has signed to play shortstop on the Newark Eastern league team the coming season. Gatins was with Hugh Duffy at Milwaukee, which team won the Western league championship last season. Gatins is a first-class fielder and good hitter. He played on independent teams in Western Pennsylvania before going to the minor leagues. He was with the Brooklyn Nationals for an engagement two seasons ago. James Cockran, third baseman at Milwaukee last year, has also signed with Newark.

The president of the New England league has made public the batting average of "Ron" Calhoun, the Alleghenian who managed the Haverhill club part of last summer. Calhoun hit at .299, according to the official scoring. Calhoun's average was inadvertently omitted when the list was announced.

Keene Stable Disposes of Horses.

NEWMARKET, ENGLAND, Dec. 7.—There was a fair attendance today at the auction of the horses belonging to the Keene stable. The sale started with Citrine, which brought 130 guineas. Crepuscule followed and was sold for 1,000 guineas. The interest fluctuated as Bobrinski was led out and he finally was knocked down for 5,600 guineas. Surbiton sold for 1,500 guineas, Whitechapel 400. Lancashire brought 2,900, Love Dart 1,300 and Valley 200 guineas. Ripping was sold for 2,800. Dust for 175 and Flying Prince for 700 guineas. Sweeper was withdrawn at 2,400 guineas.

Letter for Harry Tate.

There is a letter at this office for Harry P. Tate, the baseball player.

Hogan Elected Captain of Yale Eleven on First Ballot.

JAMES J. HOGAN,
Elected Captain of Yale Eleven.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—James J. Hogan was tonight elected captain of the Yale football eleven for next year. The choice was made on the first ballot and was unanimous. A banquet for the 16 men who played in the Princeton and Harvard games was served afterward at the University club.

Hogan's home is in Torrington, Conn. He played four years at Phillips, Exeter, and in his senior year was captain. He made the Yale eleven a tackle as a freshman and has played three years. He is working his way through Yale. He is 25 years old. When the choice became known on the campus tonight the students cheered, for Hogan is extremely popular.

WEST VIRGINIA FACULTY INVESTIGATING W. & J. TEAM

Morgantown Business Men Responsible for Teas Being on Eleven at Washington.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., Dec. 7.—The faculty of the University of West Virginia is investigating the eligibility of some of the players used in the Washington and Jefferson game. The council, the disciplinary body of the university, called the athletic committee to the front which the chairman made at a recent meeting of the council.

The president of the university and the members of the disciplinary body refuse to say what action was taken about the matter, but because several of the prominent business men appeared before the athletic committee and insisted that they were responsible for Teas being on the team, it is thought that the subject will be quietly dropped.

It is known, however, that the president of West Virginia university in a correspondence with the Washington and Jefferson president, the suspension of athletic relations between the two institutions being the subject under consideration. Many of the professors have feel that the use of a ringer in the Washington and Jefferson game was entirely due to the intense rivalry between the two colleges, and that a suspension of all athletic contests will decrease the bitterness which has arisen between the students of each institution. President Purington has not heard from Dr. Moffatt yet, but without doubt there will be no athletic contests between West Virginia university and Washington and Jefferson for the next few years.

An effort is being made to have the Princeton and Michigan elevens play in St. Louis November 24, 1904. The game, if arranged, will be decided at the stadium on the Washington university campus during the fall carnival. A representative of the fair association is in the east trying to arrange the match. Princeton and Michigan could play in either New York or Chicago to a $50,000 house.

John C. Johnson, fullback, has been elected captain of the Bucknell university team for next year. He has played on the team three years.

Michigan plans to send a relay team to the Pennsylvania invitation meet April 27 at Philadelphia and one to the Olympic games at St. Louis in August.

Glenn S. Warner, coach of the Carlisle Indian team, says he has not yet been officially notified by Cornell that he is wanted to coach that team next season, but the indications will have to be big before he leaves the Indians.

The Montclair High school hockey team will play the Bellevue Hill Clinton school on Montclair January 6, Lawrenceville Preparatory school at Lawrenceville January 23 and the St. Paul school at Montclair February 6.

The Chicago members of the Michigan board of control, in recent meeting, were asked: "How long will it be before Michigan follows the lead of Wisconsin and Illinois and has a graduate coaching?" "Not so long as we can keep Yost," was their reply.

Tom Coursey, the Homestead L. A. C. catcher, is playing a guard position on the Geneva (N. Y.) basketball team. Geneva played the Cornell university five Saturday night at Ithaca and was beaten, 57 to 12. Coursey threw four goals from foul.

The executive committee of the Intercollegiate Track association will meet in New York January 16 to select the place for the 1904 championship meet, which will be held in New York, Cambridge or Philadelphia, May 27 and 28.

"TOD" SLOAN CASE UP.

Action Against French Jockey Club Further Argued, and Courts Adjourn.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—The case of "Tod" Sloan, the American jockey, against the French Jockey club for $40,000 damages for being warned off the turf in connection with Rose de Mai's winning the Prix de Diane at Chantilly in May last, was further argued today and adjourned for a fortnight, when a decision will be rendered.

Keene Horses Arrive from London.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Six of the string of English race horses owned by James R. Keene arrived home from London on board the Atlantic transport liner Minnetonka. The horses, which included some of his best racers, were Hurst Park, Dalesman, Dazzling, Can and Bells. Out of Reach and a yearling filly by Cyllen-Lady Minton.

Annual Trap Shooters Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Western Pennsylvania Trap Shooters' league has been called for December 29 at 8 p. m. at the office of the Sportsmen's Supply Company, No. 623 Smithfield street. All clubs in Western Pennsylvania are respectfully requested to have one or more representatives present.

Elected Football Officers.

The Sewickley Y. M. C. A. football team selected officers last evening as follows: Captain, Eugene McDonald, and manager, H. C. Bartholomew. The same team will be put in the field next year, with perhaps a few changes.

"Red" Smith Is Wanted.

James "Red" Smith of Allegheny, who pitched on the West Virginia nine last spring, is requested to be at this office this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

PITTSBURGH TEAM WINS FROM ATHLETES 5 TO 0

Victors Have Little Difficulty in Capturing Game, Which Once Is Interrupted.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Lawrenceville	2	0	1.000
Pittsburgh	1	1	.500
Athletics	0	2	.000

The Athletes sustained their second defeat of the season last evening at Duquesne garden when they were beaten by the Pittsburg team, 5 to 1. The victors showed to their best, and had little trouble in winning. In the second half the Banker players crowded on the ice, and the game had to be delayed for five minutes while they were being cut off. Johns, Hilands and Grove were strong factors in the scoring for the Pittsburgs. The teams played as follows:

Pittsburgh—5.	Athletics—1.
Engstrome	Goal	N. Cordell
Borchers	Point	Price
Truschel	Cover Point	A. Cordell
John	Forward	McHenry
Grove	Center	Doehl
Hilands	Left Wing	Hill
Duffy	Right Wing	Edwards

Referee—McKinnie. Goals—Johns 2, Grove, Hilands, Truschel, Hill.

DUVAL JOINS VICTORIAS.

Will Be at Old Position Tonight Against the Banker Seven.

The season's third Western Pennsylvania league hockey game will be played at Duquesne garden tonight. The Victorias will play the Bankers. Billy Duval has arrived from Ottawa and will take the place of Bish on the Victoria team.

The Bankers will make a shift in order to get better team results. Individually the men played well last Tuesday night, but they did not work together. The lineup will probably be:

Victoria.	Bankers.
Mackay	Goal	Graham
Spittal	Point	Phymister
Duval	Cover Point	Ross
E. Roberts	Center	Campbell
A. Sixsmith	Forward	J. Roberts
Henry	Left Wing	McLaughlin
G. Sixsmith	Right Wing	Gourley

BASKETBALL NOTES.

Mt. Oliver versus Pittsburgh Lyceum Juniors is the game scheduled for Wednesday evening.

The Newman club would like to hear from all teams. Address manager Newman club, Lange and Kelly streets, East End, city.

The South Side Eagles would like to hear from all 11 to 11½-year-old teams having balls. Address William Alton, 1927 Mary street, South Side.

The Victors want games with all 13-year-old teams having balls. The lineup is as follows: L. F. Brenna, captain; R. F. Jacobs, C. Schein, L. G. Levin, R. G. Davis or Frank.

The manager of the Nonpareils denies the score that the Wilmerding team published. The Nonpareils would like to hear from the Standards for this week. Address E. M. Steengagel, rooms 405-406 Peoples Savings Bank building, city.

The Acorn team will line up against the Lyceum Juniors at Lyceum hall, Washington street, on Thursday night with the following players: J. Wels or Torrent, right forward; Oberlien or B. Wels, left forward; Cullison or Carr, center; Roberts, right guard; McAteer or Ehrig, left guard.

THREE FAVORITES ARE LEFT BEHIND

Clangor, Sarah Maxim and Malster Are Beaten at New Orleans. Fair Card.

WINNERS HAVE CLOSE SHAVES

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 7.—Clangor, Sarah Maxim and Malster today were defeated favorites. Judges Clarence McDowell and Hall arrived today from Benning. The card was only fair, but in the last three races the winners scored by narrow margins. Weather fine. Track slow. Summaries:

First race, 5 furlongs—Sea Shark, 106, Helgerson, 7 to 1, won; Diaphanous, 110, L. Walsh, 5 to 1, second; King's Counsel, 108, W. Hicks, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:03 1-5.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Ben Chance, 107, R. Davis, 9 to 10, won; Aladdin, 109, W. Hicks, 3 to 1, second; Fairbury, 104, Cochran, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:52 2-5.

Third race, mile—Mamselle, 93, McIntyre, 8 to 1, won; Sarah Maxim, 98, H. Phillips, 11 to 5, second; Free Admission, 105, Hoffler, 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:45.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Cypriene, 106, W. Robbins, 10 to 1, won; Worthington, 112, Crawford, 10 to 1, second; Aggie Lewis, 104, Helgerson, 11 to 3, third. Time, 1:16 2-5.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs—Bard of Avon, 105, H. Phillips, 13 to 5, won; Balm of Gilead, 106, R. Davis, 5 to 1, second; Alpaca, 105, McCafferty, 15 to 5, third. Time, 1:21 1-5.

Sixth race, 6½ furlongs—MacBeth, 109, W. Hicks, 9 to 5, won; Emma A. M., 105, Helgerson, 7 to 2, second; Baronet, 110, Livingston, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:24.

EVADING EAST PITTSBURGH.

Association Football Teams Not Willing to Play for Supremacy.

Are all the association football teams in Western Pennsylvania afraid to play the East Pittsburgh team? is a question that Capt. John Chambers of the later team is trying to solve. East Pittsburgh had such good success last year, and thus far this year has been doing better than anticipated, and for this reason East Pittsburgh thinks all other teams are not willing to tackle them.

The chamber of Reserve team, which was played a tie November 14 at East Pittsburgh, is sidestepping another game, and letters sent to Bridgeville, Madison and Gallitain have not been answered. Chambers says Roscoe is afraid to play on any grounds, as the speed of his team surprised them in the first game. Any association team wishing games for Saturday should call up Chambers on 'phone 55, ring 2, Turtle Creek.

The Day at 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—Results at Oakland (weather clear, track fast):

First race, 7 furlongs, selling—El Piloto, 103, Hildebrand, 4 to 1, won; Telephone, 92, Greenfield, 3 to 1, second; Ellis, 89, Anderson, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:27.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Dargin, 108, Otis, 11 to 5, won; Instrument, 108, Powell, 8 to 1, second; Harbor, 108, King, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:01⅘.

Third race, 1 mile and 50 yards, selling—Kitty Kelly, 96, Lewis, 5 to 2, won; Constellator, 104, J. Martin, even, second; Achilles, 107, Prior, 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:43⅖.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Double Six, 102, Larson, 5 to 2, won; Glendenning, 103, Foley, 6 to 5, second; Albemarle, 103, Hildebrand, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:06⅘.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Mowaho, 111, Sandford, 3 to 1, won; Three Hunt, 104, Henderson, 11 to 5, second; St. Winifreda, 99, Foley, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:28⅖.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, selling—Hortense, 112, J. Martin, 3 to 1, won; Romarie, 96, Hildebrand, 6 to 1, second; Redwald, 104, J. Booker, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:43⅖.

EAST LIVERPOOL BEATEN.

Ohio Champions Fall Before Fast Manchester at the Raleigh, 32 to 20.

The East Liverpool (O.) five lost to the Manchester team of the County league last night at the Raleigh 32 to 20. The Ohio champions made a very good impression. As the visitors played the A. A. U. rules and the Manchester team the National rules, it was agreed to play the first half under the former rules and the second under the National. The officials were Little of Manchester and Zang of East Liverpool. A single kick was registered by either captain throughout the game. The scoring in the second half was 17 to 11 in Manchester's favor, making the final score 32 to 20. Following is the lineup:

Manchester—32.	East Liverpool—20.
Selbel	R. F.	Allison
Koch	L. F.	Bloor, Powell, Rigby
Bricker, Hay	C.	Rigby, Powell
Graham	R. G.	Watkins, Chadwick
Burry	L. G.	Watkins, Chadwick

Goals from field—Selbel 6, Koch 4, Burry, Chadwick 3, Allison 2, Rigby, Watkins. Goals from foul—Graham 10, Chadwick 4, Rigby 2. Officials—Zang and Little. Scorer—H. Roth. Timer—E. Lowrie.

The preliminary was played by the Manchester Juniors and the Homestead third team, the home boys winning 28 to 11. Lineup:

Manchester Juniors—28.	Homestead—11.
Tannehill	R. F.	Ross, Rose
O'Neil	L. F.	Getsinger
King	C.	Steele
Graham, Stewart	L. G.	Tunstall, Parker
Dillon	R. G.	Halloway

Goals from field—Tannehill 5, King 4, O'Neal 2, Alton 2, Steele 3, Getsinger 2, Steele. Goals from foul—Tannehill 2, Getsinger 2, Steele. Referee—Little. Scorer—F. Miller, Timer—E. Lowrie.

WANTS AUTO TOURNEY.

U. of P. Sends Challenge to Yale, Harvard, Princeton and Cornell.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—The University of Pennsylvania Automobile club wants a college tournament. Challenges have been sent Yale, Harvard, Princeton and Cornell, it being stipulated that the races shall take place either at Atlantic City or Point Breeze, the city. Dates are asked.

An intercollegiate automobile tournament has never taken place and the suggestion appeals very strongly to the students. The boys, who feel rather broken over the poor showing of Penn's football team, see in the proposition a chance to regain lost laurels. They say that in interest and fierceness of competition, it will be quite as thrilling as the gridiron battles, and promises as many casualties. Ben Hur's chariot race will be a walk-around in comparison.

All of the colleges challenged have auto clubs and acceptances are expected.

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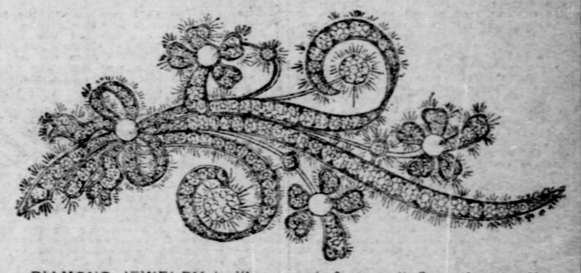

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erly distributed throughout the country. At present some districts which need immigrants have none; and in others, where the population is already congested, immigrants come in such numbers as to depress the conditions of life for those already there. During the last two years the immigration service at New York has been greatly improved, and the corruption and inefficiency which formerly obtained there have been eradicated. This service has just been investigated by a committee of New York citizens of high standing, Messrs. Arthur Brisben, Leo K. Frankel, Eugene A. Philbin, Samuel Hyndman and Ralph Trautman. Their report deals with the whole situation at length, and concludes with certain recommendations for administrative and legislative action. It is now receiving the attention of the secretary of commerce and labor.

Investigation of Immigration Service at New York.

The special investigation of the subject of naturalization under the direction of the attorney general, and the consequent prosecutions, reveal a condition of affairs calling for the most searching action by the congress. Forgeries and perjuries of shameless and flagrant character have been perpetrated, not only in the dense centers of population throughout the country; and it is established beyond doubt that very many so-called citizens of the United States have no title whatever to that right, and are basely hypocritical in claiming the benefits of the same through the grossest fraud. It is never to be forgotten that citizenship is, to quote the words recently used by this administration, a "precious heritage," whether it proceeds from birth within the country or be obtained by naturalization; and we poison the sources of our national life and destroy its strength at the fountain, if the privilege is claimed and exercised without right, and by means of fraud and corruption. The body politic cannot be sound and healthy if many of its constituent members claim their standing through the prostitution of the high right and duty of citizenship. It should mean something to become a citizen of the United States; and in the process no loop-hole whatever should be left open to fraud.

Naturalization Frauds.

The methods by which these frauds—now under full investigation with a view to meting out punishment and providing adequate remedies—are perpetrated, include many variations of procedure, but usually false certificates are forged in their entirety; or genuine certificates fraudently or collusively obtained in blank are filled in by the criminal conspirators; or certificates are obtained on the statements of aliens as to the time of arrival and residence in this country; on imposition and substitution of another party for the real petitioner occurring en route; or, certificates are made the subject of barter and sale and transferred from the rightful holder to those not entitled to them; or certificates are forged by erasure of the original names and substitution of the names of other persons not entitled to the same.

Public Land Frauds.

It is not necessary for me to refer here at large to the causes leading to this state of affairs. The desire for naturalization is heartily to be commended where it springs from a sincere and permanent intention to become citizens, and a real appreciation of the privilege. But it is a source of untold evil and trouble where it is traceable to selfish and dishonest motives, such as the effort by artful and designing politicians in an illegitimate fashion to create voters who are ready-made tools of corrupt politicians, or the desire to evade certain labor laws creating discrimination against aliens, or the greed of aliens, whether naturalized or native born, are equally interested in protecting our citizenship against fraud in any form, and, on the other hand, in affording every facility for naturalization to those who in good faith desire to share alike our privileges and our responsibilities.

Need for Treaties Making Bribery Extraditable.

The federal grand jury lately in session in New York City dealt with this subject and made a presentment which states the situation briefly and forcibly and contains important suggestions for the consideration of the congress. This presentment is included as an appendix to the report of the attorney-general. In my last annual message, in connection with the subject of the due regulation of combinations of capital which are or may become injuries to the public, I recommended a special appropriation for the better enforcement of the anti-trust law, such as now stands to be expended under the direction of the attorney general. Accordingly (by the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation act of February 2, 1903, 32 stat., 854, 904), the congress appropriated for the purpose of enforcing the various federal trust and interstate commerce laws, the sum of $500,000, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general in the employment of special counsel and agents in the department of justice to conduct proceedings and prosecutions under said laws in the courts of the United States. I now recommend, as a matter of the utmost importance and urgency, the extension of the purposes of this appropriation, so that it may be available, under the direction of the attorney general, and under the joint control of the **Interstate Commerce Laws,** due enforcement of the laws of the United States in general and especially of the civil and criminal laws relating to public lands and the laws relating to postal crimes and offenses and the subject of naturalization. Recent investigations have shown a deplorable state of affairs in these various branches of the service, by various frauds and by forgeries and perjuries, thousands of acres of the public domain, embracing lands of different character in every section of the country, having been dishonestly acquired. It is therefore necessary to urge the importance of recovering these dishonest acquisitions, stolen from the people, and of promptly and duly punishing the offenders. I repeat in another form the recommendation of the message of the widespread crimes by which the inestimable right of citizenship is falsely asserted and that "inestimable heritage" perverted to base ends. By similar means—that is, through frauds, forgeries and perjuries, and by shameless briberies—the laws relating to the proper conduct of the public service in general and to the due administration of the postoffice department have been notoriously violated, and many indictments have been found, and the consequent prosecutions are in course of hearing or on the eve thereof. For the reasons thus indicated, and so that the government may be prepared to enforce promptly and with effect the criminal and penal remedies for such violations of law, and to this end may be furnished with sufficient instrumentalities and competent legal assistance for the investigations and trials which will be necessary at many different points of the country, I urge upon congress the necessity of making the said appropriation available for immediate use for all such purposes, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general.

Postal Frauds.

Steps have been taken by the state department looking to the making of bribery an extraditable offense with foreign powers. The need of more effective treaties covering this crime is manifest. The exposures and prosecutions of official corruptions in St. Louis, Mo., and other cities and states have resulted in a number of givers and takers of bribes becoming fugitives from justice in foreign lands. Bribery has not been included in extradition treaties heretofore, as the necessity for it has not been specially felt as it may have been as much official corruption in former years, there has been more developed and brought to light in the immediate past than in the preceding century of our history. It should be the policy of the United States to leave no place on earth where a corrupt man fleeing from this country can rest in peace. There is no reason why bribery should not be included in all treaties as extraditable. The recent amended treaty with Mexico, whereby this crime was put in the list of extraditable offenses, has established a salutary precedent in this regard. Under this treaty the state department has asked, and Mexico has granted, the extradition of one of the St. Louis bribe givers.

Need for Treaties Making Bribery Extraditable.

There can be no crime more serious than bribery. Other offenses violate one law while corruption strikes at the foundation of all law. Under our form of government all authority is vested in the people and by them delegated to those who represent them in official capacity. There can be no offense heavier than that of him by whom a bribe is given, or worse than the bribe proposed, who sells it for his own gain and enrichment; and no less heavy is the offense of the bribe giver, who is worse than the thief, for he first robs the individual of his honor, and corrupt official plunders an entire city or state. He is as wicked as the murderer, for the murderer may only take one life against the law, while the corrupt official shares with the law corrupts the official alike aim at the assassination of the commonwealth itself. Government of the people by the people, for the people will perish from the face of the earth if bribery is tolerated. The givers and takers of bribes stand on an evil pre-eminence of infamy. The exposure and punishment of public corruption is an honor to a nation, not a disgrace. The shame lies in toleration, not in correction. No city or state, still less the nation, can be injured by the enforcement of law. As long as public plunderers when detected can find a haven of refuge in any foreign land and avoid punishment, just so long encouragement is given them to continue their practices. If we fail to do all that in us lies to stamp out corruption we cannot escape our share of responsibility for the guilt. The first requisite of successful self-government is unflinching enforcement of the law and the cutting out of corruption.

Extension Recommended of Purposes of Appropriation for Enforcing Trust and Interstate Commerce Laws.

For several years past the rapid development of Alaska and the establishment of growing American interests in regions heretofore unsurveyed and imperfectly known brought into prominence the urgent necessity of a practical demarcation of the boundaries between the jurisdiction of the United States and Great Britain. Although the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia, the provisions of which were copied in the treaty of 1867, whereby Russia conveyed Alaska to the United States, was positive as to the section, first by Russia and later by the United States, of a strip of territory along the continental mainland from the western shore of Portland canal to Mount St. Elias, following and surrounding the indentations of the coast and including the islands to the westward, its description of the landward margin of the strip was indefinite, resting on the supposed existence of a continuous ridge or range of mountains skirting the coast, as figured in the charts of the early navigators. It had at no time been possible for either party in interest to lay down, under the authority of the treaty, a line so obviously correct according to its provisions as to command the assent of the other. For nearly three-fourths of a century the absence of tangible local interests demanding the exercise of positive jurisdiction on either side of the border left the question dormant. In 1878 questions of revenue administration on the Stikine river led to the establishment of a provisional demarcation, crossing the channel between two high peaks on either side about 24 miles above the river mouth. In 1893 similar questions growing out of the extraordinary development of mining interests in the region about the head of Lynn canal brought about a temporary modus vivendi, by which a convenient separation was made at the watershed divides of the White and Chilkoot passes and to the north of Klukwan on the Klehini river. These partial and tentative adjustments could not, from the very nature of things, be satisfactory or lasting. A permanent disposition of the matter became imperative.

Alaskan Boundary.

After unavailing attempts to reach an understanding through a joint high commission, followed by prolonged negotiations, conducted in an amicable spirit, a convention between the United States and Great Britain was signed January 24, 1903, providing for an examination of the subject by a mixed tribunal of six members, three on a side, with a view to its final disposition. Ratifications were exchanged on March 3 last, whereupon the two governments appointed their respective members. Those on behalf of the United States were Hon. Elihu Root, secretary of war; Henry Cabot Lodge, a senator of the United States, and George Turner, an ex-senator of the United States, while Great Britain named the Rt. Hon. Lord Alverstone, lord chief justice of England; Sir Louis Amable Jette, K. C. M. G., retired judge of the supreme court of Quebec, and A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., of Toronto. The tribunal met in London on September 3, under the presidency of Lord Alverstone. The proceedings were expeditious, and, marked by a friendly and conscientious spirit. Each party respected the cases, counter cases and arguments presented the issues clearly and fully. On the 20th of October a majority of the tribunal reached and signed a decision upon the matters submitted by the terms of the convention. By this award the right of the United States to the control of a continuous strip of border territory, including all the mainland waters, water inlets and sinuosities of the coast, is confirmed; the entrance to Portland canal (concerning which legitimate doubt appeared) is settled in favor of the United States and to the northwest of Wales and Pearse islands; a line is drawn from the head of Portland canal to the 56th degree of north latitude, and the islands lying to the southward of this line and connecting certain mountain summits lying between Portland canal and Mt. St. Elias, and running along the crest of the divide separating the waters flowing into Lynn canal watershed at the only part of the frontier where the drainage ridge approaches the coast within the distance of 10 marine leagues stipulated by the treaty, as the extreme width of the strip around the heads of Lynn canal and its branches.

While the line so traced follows the provisional demarcation of 1878 at the crossing of the Stikine river, and that of 1899 at the summits of the White and Chilkoot passes, it thus makes much better provision for the future than the temporary line of the later modus vivendi, and leaves the entire mining district of the Porcupine river and Glacier creek within the jurisdiction of the United States.

The result is satisfactory in every way. It is of great material advantage to our people in the far northwest. It has removed from the field of discussion a long standing cause of irritation liable to become more acutely accentuated with each passing year. Finally, it has furnished a signal proof of the fairness and good will with which the two governments, each without sacrificing its determined views involving national sovereignty and by their nature incapable of submission to a third power for adjudication.

The Award.

The award being on the vital points. To make it effective as regards the others, it only remains for the two governments to appoint, each on its own behalf, one or more accomplished experts, who shall with due convenient speed, proceed together to lay down the boundary line in accordance with the decision of the majority of the tribunal. I recommend that the compensation of the members of the tribunal, the appointment, compensation and expenses of the members to serve on this joint boundary commission on the part of the United States.

Claims Against Venezuela

It will be my duty at the next session of the present congress, at the second session of the present congress, Great Britain, Germany and Italy formed an alliance for the purpose of blockading the ports of Venezuela and using such other measures as would secure a settlement of claims alleged to be due certain of their subjects. Their employment of force for the collection of these claims was terminated by an agreement brought about through the offices of the diplomatic representative of the United States at Caracas and the government at Washington, thereby ending a situation which was bound to cause increasing friction, and very likely, before many years of the continent. Under this agreement Venezuela agreed to set apart a certain percentage of the customs receipts of two of her ports for the payment of the claims, the specific amount of which might be ascertained by mixed commissions appointed for that purpose to be due her, not only to the three powers already mentioned, but to various others who had resulted in a state of war, but also to the United States, France, Spain, Belgium, the Netherlands, Sweden and Norway and Mexico, by which not only the question of the payment of the claims alleged to be due to certain of their citizens.

Reduction in Cost of Maintaining Consular Service.

A demand was then made by the so-called blockading powers that the sums ascertained to be due to their citizens by such mixed commissions should be accorded payment in full before anything was paid upon the claims of any of the so-called peace powers. Venezuela, on the other hand, insisted that all her creditors should be paid upon a basis of exact equality. During the efforts to settle this dispute it was suggested by the powers interested that it should be referred to me for decision but I was clearly of the opinion that a far wiser course would be to submit the question into the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague, which seemed to me to offer an admirable opportunity to advance the practice of the peaceful settlement of disputes between nations and would furnish a most effective precedent a memorable increase of its practical importance. The nations interested in the controversy were so numerous and in many instances so powerful as to make it evident that beneficent results would follow from their appearance at the same time before that august tribunal of peace.

Claims Submitted to the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

Our hopes in that regard have been realized. Russia and Austria are represented in the persons of the learned and distinguished jurists who compose the tribunal, while Great Britain, Germany, France, Spain, Italy, Belgium, the Netherlands, Sweden and Norway, Mexico, the United States and Venezuela are represented by their respective agents and counsel. Such an imposing concourse of nations presenting their arguments to and invoking the decision of that high court of international justice and international peace can hardly fail to secure a like submission of many future controversies. The nations now appearing there will find it far easier to appear there a second time, while no nation can imagine its just pride will be lessened by following the example now presented. This triumph of the principle of international arbitration is a subject of warm congratulation and offers a happy augury for the peace of the world.

Exemption of Private Property at Sea from Capture by Belligerent Powers.

There seems good ground for the belief that there has been a real growth among the civilized nations of a sentiment which will permit a gradual substitution of other methods than the method of war in the settlement of disputes. It is not pretended that as yet we are near a position in which it will be possible wholly to prevent war, or that a just regard for national interest and honor will in all cases permit of the settlement of international disputes by arbitration; but by a mixture of prudence and firmness with wisdom we think it is possible to do away with much of the provocation and excuse for war, and so diminish greatly the probability of its occurrence and more rational method for the settlement of disputes. The Hague court offers so good an example of what can be done that it should be encouraged in every way.

Further steps should be taken. In President McKinley's annual message of December 5, 1898, he gave the following recommendation:

"The experiences of the last year bring forcibly home to us a sense of the burdens and the waste of war. We desire, in common with most civilized nations, to reduce to the lowest possible point the damage sustained in time of war by peaceable trade and commerce. It is true we may suffer in such cases less by the state of uneasiness and apprehension into which an outbreak of hostilities throws the entire commercial world. It should be our object, therefore to minimize, so far as practicable, this inevitable loss and disturbance. This purpose can probably best be accomplished by an international agreement to regard all private property at sea as exempt from capture or destruction by the forces of belligerent powers. The United States government has for many years advocated this humane and beneficent principle, and is now in a position to recommend it to other powers without the impediment of conflicting treaty obligations. I therefore suggest for your consideration that the executive be authorized to correspond with the governments of the principal maritime powers with a view of incorporating into the permanent law of civilized nations the principle of the exemption of all private property at sea, not contraband of war, from capture or destruction by belligerent powers."

I cordially renew this recommendation.

The supreme court, speaking on December 11, 1899, through Peckham, J., said:

"It is we think historically accurate to say that this government has always been, in its views, among the most advanced of the governments of the world in favor of mitigating, as to all combatants, the hardships and horrors of war. To accomplish that object it has always advocated those rules which would in most cases do away with the right to capture the private property of an enemy on the high seas.

I advocate this as a matter of humanity and morals. It is anachronistic when private property is respected on land that it should not be respected at sea. Moreover, it should be borne in mind that shipping represents, internationally speaking, a much more generalized species of private property than is the case with ordinary property on land—that is, property found at sea is much less apt than is the case with property found on land really to belong to another nation. Under the modern system of corporate ownership the flag of a vessel often differs from the flag which would mark the nationality of the real ownership and money control of the vessel; and the cargo may belong to individuals of yet a different nationality. Much American capital is invested in foreign ships; and among foreign nations it often happens that the capital of one is largely invested in the shipping of another. Furthermore, as a practical matter, it may be mentioned that, while commerce destroying may cause serious loss and great annoyance, it can never be more than a subsidiary factor in bringing to terms a resolute foe. This is now well recognized by all of our naval experts. The fighting ship, not the commerce destroyer, is the vessel whose feats add renown to a nation's history, and establish her place among the great powers of the world.

Last year the interparliamentary union for international arbitration met at Vienna, 600 members of the different legislatures of the civilized countries attending. It was provided that the next meeting should be held at St. Louis, subject to our congress extending an invitation. Like The Hague tribunal, this interparliamentary union is a great agency tending towards peace among the nations of the earth and it is entitled to our support. I trust the invitation can be extended.

Meeting of Interparliamentary Union Re Invitation for International Arbitration.

Early in July, having received intelligence, which happily turned out to be erroneous, of the assassination of our vice-consul at Beirut, I dispatched a small squadron to that port for such service as might be found necessary on arrival. Although the attempt on the life of our vice-consul had not been successful, yet the outrage was symptomatic of a state of excitement in the community which demanded immediate attention. The arrival of the vessels had the happiest result. A feeling of security at once took the place of the former alarm and disquiet; our officers were cordially welcomed by the consular body and by the foreign merchants, and ordinary business resumed its activity. The government of the sultan gave a considerate hearing to the representations of our minister, the official who was regarded as responsible for the disturbed condition of affairs was removed. Our relations with the Turkish government remain friendly; our claims are being given candid treatment and some of our schools and missions appear to be in process of amicable adjustment.

Relations with Turkey.

The signing of a new commercial treaty with China, which took place at Shanghai on the 8th of October, is a cause for satisfaction. This act, the result of long discussion and negotiation, places our commercial relations with the great oriental empire on a more satisfactory footing than they have ever been heretofore. We are enjoyed. It provides not only for the ordinary rights and privileges of diplomatic and consular officers, but also for an important extension of our commerce by increased facilities of access to Chinese ports, and for the relief of trade by the removal of some of the obstacles which have embarrassed it in the past. When the Chinese government engages, on fair and equitable conditions, which will probably be accepted by the principal commercial nations, to abandon the use of likin and other arbitrary dues throughout the empire, and to introduce other desirable administrative reforms. Larger facilities are to be given to our citizens who desire to carry on manufacturing in China. We have secured for our missionaries a valuable privilege, the recognition of their right to rent and lease in perpetuity such property as their religious needs may require in all parts of the empire. And, what was an indispensable condition for the advance and development of our commerce in Manchuria, China, by treaty with us, has consented to open to commerce the cities of Mukden, the capital of the province of Manchuria, and Antung, an important port on the Yalu river, on the road to Korea. The full measure of development which our commerce may rightfully expect can hardly be looked for until the settlement of the present abnormal state of the Chinese empire; but the foundation for such development has at last been laid.

Relations with China.

I call your special attention to the territory of Alaska. The country is developing rapidly, and it has an assured future. The mineral wealth is great and has as yet hardly been tapped. The fisheries, if wisely handled and kept under national control, will be a business as permanent as any in the United States and of the utmost importance to the people. The forests is properly guarded will form another great source of wealth. Portions of Alaska are fitted for farming and stock raising, although the methods must be adapted to the peculiar conditions of the country. Alaska is situated in the far north; but so are Sweden and Norway and Finland; and Alaska can prosper and play its part in the New World just as those nations have prospered and played their parts in the Old World. Proper land laws should be enacted; and the survey of the public lands immediately begun. Coal land laws should be provided whereby the coal land entryman may make his location and secure patent under methods kindred to those now prescribed for homestead and mineral entrymen. Salmon hatcheries, exclusively under government control, should be established. The cable should be extended from Sitka westward. Wagon roads and trails should be built and the building of railroads promoted in all legitimate ways. Light houses should be built along the coast. Attention should be paid to the needs of the Alaskan Indians; provisions should be made for an officer, with deputies, to study their needs, relieve their immediate wants and help them adapt themselves to the new conditions.

Development of Alaska.

The commission appointed to investigate, during the season of 1903, the conditions and needs of the Alaskan fur seal fisheries has finished its work in the field, and is preparing a detailed report thereon. A preliminary report reciting the measures immediately required for the protection and preservation of the salmon industry has already been submitted to the secretary of commerce and labor for his attention and for the needed action.

I recommend that an appropriation be made for building lighthouses in Hawaii, and taking possession of those already built. The territory should be reimbursed for whatever amounts it has already expended for lighthouses. The governor should be empowered to suspend or remove any official appointed by him, without submitting the matter to the legislature.

Hawaii.

Of our dealings and relations the Philippines and Porto Rico it is gratifying to say that their steady progress has been such as to make it unnecessary to spend much time in discussing them. Yet the congress should ever keep in mind that a peculiar obligation rests upon us to further in every way the welfare of these communities. The Philippines should be knit closer to us by tariff arrangements. It would be possible so to frame these as to greatly raise the people of the islands to the high pitch of industrial prosperity and of governmental efficiency to which they will in the end by degrees attain, and the caution and moderation shown in developing them have been among the main reasons why this development has hitherto gone on so smoothly. Scrupulous care has been taken in the choice of provincial agents, and the entire elimination of partisan politics from the public service. The condition of the islanders in its material things far better than ever before, while their government, intellectual, and moral advance has kept pace with their material advance. No one people ever benefited another people more than we have benefited the Filipinos by taking possession of the islands.

The Philippines and Porto Rico.

The cash receipts of the general land office for the last fiscal year were $11,624,745.85, an increase of $4,762,816.47 over the preceding year. Of this sum, approximately $8,461,440 will go to the credit of the reclamation fund, making the total of this fund, up to the 30th of June, 1903, approximately $16,191,836.

Receipts of General Land Office.

A gratifying disposition has been evinced by those having unlawful inclosures of public lands to remove their fences. Nearly 2,000 miles of fences so inclosed have been thrown open to demand. In but comparatively few cases has it been necessary to go into court to accomplish this purpose. This work will be vigorously prosecuted until all unlawful inclosures have been removed.

Removal of Fences About Unlawful Inclosures of Public Lands.

Experience has shown that in the western states themselves, as well as in the rest of the country, there is widespread misapprehension as to certain of the public-land laws and the resulting administrative practice no longer meets the present needs. The changed uses of many of the remaining public lands differ widely from those of the public lands which congress had especially in view when these laws were passed. The rapidly increasing rate of disposal of the public lands is not to the best interests of the country. Much of the remaining public lands should be held rigidly for the home builder. The attention of the congress is especially directed to the timber and stone laws, the desert-land law and the commutation clause of the homestead law, which in their operation have in many respects completely failed to accomplish their purpose. Discussions in the congress and elsewhere have made it evident that there is a wide divergence of opinions between those holding opposite views on these subjects; and that the opposing sides have strong and convinced representatives of weight both within and without the congress. I have called attention before to the embarrassment in which the executive finds himself in the matter of just such facilities as there are for obtaining information as to the proper methods of meeting the needs of the present to answer the larger needs for which it is designed. Further legislation is not recommended until the necessities of change are more definitely developed.

Necessity for Revision of Public Land Laws.

The study of the opportunities of reclamation of the vast extent of arid land shows that whether this reclamation is done by individuals, corporations or the national government, the available water supply must be effectively protected and the reservoir guarded by the preservation of the forests on the watersheds of the streams. The engineers making the preliminary examinations continually emphasize this need and urge the withdrawal of public lands at the headwaters of the important streams of the west be reserved to insure permanency of water supply for irrigation. Much progress in forest reservation has been made during the past year. The necessity for perpetuating our forest resources, whether in public or private hands, is recognized to-day as never before. The demand for forest reserves has became insistent in the west, because the west must use the water, wood and summer range which, only such reserves can supply. Hundreds of settlers are striving, through forestry, to give their business permanence. Other great business interests are awakening to the need of forest preservation. The report of the government's forest expert will soon be submitted to the congress. I shall recommend that all matters pertaining to forest reserves, except those involving or pertaining to land titles, be consolidated in the bureau of forestry of the department of agriculture.

Forests. Preservation of

The cotton-growing states have recently been invaded by a weevil that has done much damage and threatens the entire cotton industry. I suggest to the congress the prompt enactment of such remedial legislation as its judgment may approve.

Cotton Weevil.

In granting patents to foreigners the proper course for this country to follow is to give the same advantages to foreigners here as the countries in which these foreigners dwell extend in return to our citizens. Our laws should extend the benefits of our patent laws on inventions and the like where in return the articles would be patentable in the foreign countries concerned to American citizens who get a corresponding patent in such countries.

Patents to Foreigners.

The Indian agents should not be dependant for their appointment on the caprice of office-seekers or on the clamor of partisan politics; the practice of appointing, when possible, ex-army officers or bonded superintendents of the various Indian agencies that occur is working well. Attention is invited to the widespread illiteracy due to lack of public schools in the Indian territory. Prompt heed should be paid to the need of education for the children in this territory.

Indian Affairs.

In my last annual message the attention of the congress was called to the necessity of enlarging the safety appliance law, and it is gratifying to note that this law was amended in important respects. With the increasing railway mileage of the country, the greater number of men employed, and the use of larger and heavier equipment, the urgency for renewed effort to prevent the loss of life and limb upon the railroads of the country, particularly to employes, is apparent. For the protection of the watercraft and the life-saving service upon the water the congress has built up an elaborate body of protective legislation and a thoroughly method of inspection and by annually spending large sums of money. It is encouraging to observe that the congress is alive to the interests of those who are employed upon our great railroad systems of communication—those who safely transport millions of passengers and billions of tons of freight. The federal inspection of safety appliances, for which the congress is now making appropriations, is a service analogous to that which the government has upheld for generations in regard to vessels, and it is believed will prove of great practical benefit, both to railroad employes and the traveling public. As the greater part of commerce is interstate and exclusively under the control of the congress the needed safety and uniformity must be secured by national legislation.

Safety Appliance Law.

No other class of our citizens deserves so well of the nation as those whom the nation owes its very being, the veterans of the Civil war. Special attention is asked to the excellent work of the pension bureau in expediting and disposing of pension claims. During the fiscal year ending July 1, 1903, the bureau settled 251,582 claims, an average of 993 each working day of the year. The number of settlements since July 1, 1903, has been in excess of last year's average, approaching 1,000 per day, and it is believed that the work of the bureau will be current at the close of the present fiscal year.

Pensions.

During the year ended June 30 last 25,562 persons were appointed through competitive examinations under the civil-service rules. This was 12,672 more than during the preceding year and 46 per cent of them who passed the examinations. This abnormal growth was largely occasioned by the extension of classification to the rural free-delivery service and the appointment last year of over 9,000 rural carriers. A revision of the civil-service rules took effect on April 1st last, which it is confidently believed will greatly improve the completion of the reform of the civil service is recognized by good citizens everywhere as a matter of the highest public importance, and the success of the reform depends largely upon the effectiveness of the rules and the machinery provided for their enforcement. A very gratifying spirit of friendly co-operation exists in all the departments of the government in the enforcement and uniform observance of both the letter and spirit of the civil service act. Executive orders of July 2, 1903, March 30, 1903, and July 26, 1902, require that appointments of all unclassified laborers, both in the departments at Washington and in the field service, shall be made with the assistance of the United States civil service commission, under a system of registration to test the relative fitness of applicants for appointment or employment. This system is competitive, and is open to all citizens of the United States qualified in respect to age, physical ability, moral character, industry, and adaptability for manual labor, except that in case of veterans of the civil war the element of age is omitted. This system of appointment is distinct from the classified service and does not qualify persons for mere laborer under the civil service act and rules. Regulations in aid thereof have been put in operation in several of the departments and are being gradually extended to other parts of the service. The results have been very satisfactory, as extravagance has been checked by decreasing the number of unnecessary positions and by increasing the efficiency of the employes remaining.

Executive Orders Extending Civil Service Rules.

The congress, as the result of a thorough investigation of the charities and reformatory institutions in the District of Columbia by a joint select committee of the two houses which made its report in March, 1898, created and established the office of the board of charities for the district of Columbia, appointed by the president of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, each for a term of three years in succession, and President Roosevelt and McKinley appointed five men who had been active and prominent in the public charities of Washington, all of whom upon taking office at once severed from their connection with the charities which they had been connected. The members of the board have been responded in successful and effective work under the commissioners of the District of Columbia. The board gave its first year to a careful and impartial study of the special problems before it. Its second year was devoted to putting into practice the results of its first year's study in the light of the best practice in public charities elsewhere. Its recommendations in its annual reports to the congress through the commissioners of the District of Columbia "for the economical and efficient administration of the charities and reformatories of the District of Columbia," as required by the act creating it, have been based upon the principles commended by the joint select committee of the congress in its report of March, 1898, and approved by the best administrators of public charities, and make for the economical administration and improvement of the affairs under its supervision. They are worthy of favorable consideration by the congress.

Reports of Board of Charities for District of Columbia.

The recommendation providing a general staff for the army and for the more effective use of the national guard has been excellently made in recent years. Such schools as those erected at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley and the institution of the War college have accomplished satisfactory results. The good effect of these maneuvers upon the national guard is marked, and a similar appropriation should be made to enable the guardsmen of the several states to share in the benefit. The government should as soon as possible secure suitable permanent camps where the militia maneuvers in the various sections of the country. When made it is to last for the ages. It is to alter the geography of a continent and the trade routes of the world. We have shown by every treaty we have negotiated with reference to or affecting with the peoples in control of the isthmus and with foreign nations in reference thereto our consistent good faith in observing our obligations, and the scrupulous care we have taken to guard the rights of those who are subject to the jurisdiction of the isthmus, and on the other hand to the civilized world whose commercial rights we are safeguarding and guaranteeing by our action. We have performed to others the letter and in spirit, and we have shown the utmost forbearance in exacting our own rights.

The Army.

Last spring, as the above referred to, a treaty was concluded between the representatives of the republic of Colombia and of our government was ratified by the senate. This treaty was entered into after full consideration by the people of Colombia, and after a body of experts appointed by our government especially to go into the matter of the routes across the isthmus had announced in favor of the Panama route. In drawing up this treaty every concession was made to the people and to the government of Colombia. We were most desirous to bring to them a generosity was such as to make it a serious question whether we had not gone too far in their interest at the expense of our own; for in our scrupulous desire to pay all possible consideration to the real but even to the sentimental rights of our weaker neighbor, who already owed so much to our protection and forbearance, we yielded in all possible ways to her desires in drawing up the treaty. Nevertheless the government of Colombia not merely repudiated the treaty, but repudiated it in such manner as to make it evident by the time the Colombian congress adjourned that not the smallest hope remained of ever getting a satisfactory treaty from them. The government of Colombia made the treaty and yet when the Colombian congress came to pass upon it the vote against ratification was unanimous. It does not appear that the government made any real effort to secure ratification.

Repudiation of Treaty by Colombia.

Immediately after the adjournment of the congress a revolution broke out in Panama. The people of Panama had long been discontented with the republic of Colombia, and they had been kept quite fully informed of the conclusion of the treaty, which was to them a matter of vital concern. When it became evident that the treaty was hopelessly lost, the people of Panama rose literally as one man. Not a shot was fired, not a life lost in the isthmus in the interest of the Colombian government. The Colombian troops stationed on the isthmus, who had long been unpaid, made common cause with the people of Panama, and with astonishing unanimity the new republic was started. The duty of the United States in the premises was clear. It was fixed in strict accordance with the principles laid down by Secretaries Cass and Seward in the official documents above quoted, that the United States gave notice that it would permit the landing of no expeditionary force, the arrival of which would mean chaos and destruction along the line of the railroad and of the proposed canal, and an interruption of transit as an inevitable consequence. The de facto government of Panama was recognized in the following telegram to Mr. Ehrman:

Revolution in Panama.

"The people of Panama have, by apparently unanimous movement, dissolved their political connection with the republic of Colombia and resumed their independence. When this is done and reported to me that it is effectively established as a de facto government, republican in form and without substantial opposition from its own people, has been established in the state of Panama, you will enter into relations with it as the responsible government of the territory and look to it for all due obligations of the treaty, including the sanitation of the isthmus, and on the other hand to the civilized world whose commercial rights we are safeguarding and guaranteeing by our action. We have performed to others the letter and in spirit, and we have shown the utmost forbearance in exacting our own rights.

Course of United States.

"From this treaty it cannot be supposed that New Granada invited the United States to become a party to the intestine troubles of that government, nor did the United States become bound to aid in the maintenance of the power of New Granada. The United States did guarantee New Granada in the sovereignty and property over the territory. This was as against other governments or combinations.

Importance to United States of Control of Means of Undisturbed Transit Across Isthmus.

For four hundred years, ever since shortly after the discovery of this hemisphere, the canal across the isthmus has been planned. For two centuries after the treaty of Utrecht it was vain to hope that it is to last for the ages. It is to alter the geography of a continent and the trade routes of the world. We have shown by every treaty we have negotiated with reference to or affecting with the peoples in control of the isthmus and with foreign nations in reference thereto our consistent good faith in observing our obligations, and the scrupulous care we have taken to guard the rights of those who are subject to the jurisdiction of the isthmus, and on the other hand to the civilized world whose commercial rights we are safeguarding and guaranteeing by our action. We have performed to others the letter and in spirit, and we have shown the utmost forbearance in exacting our own rights.

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NEW WABASH DEAL MYSTIFIES MANY

Auxiliary of Pennsylvania Railroad Gets Gould Bridge Contracts.

DISCOUNTS OLD RUMORS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Press Building.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Dec. 7.

The awarding of several contracts by the Wabash railroad to the Pennsylvania Steel Company, which is controlled by Pennsylvania railroad interests, for bridge iron is regarded as an evidence that the relations between Mr. Gould and Mr. Cassatt are not nearly so strained as had been supposed.

It was thought in the trade that the Pennsylvania Steel Company would have no chance for the business of the Wabash, but Pennsylvania railroad officials not only made no opposition, but encouraged the Pennsylvania Steel Company in its effort to get the business. The contracts aggregate 7,000 tons of structural iron and will be utilized for the erection of some 20 bridges on the western extension of the Western Maryland railway line which is a part of the Gould system.

About a month ago the Pennsylvania Steel Company secured a contract from the Wabash for structural iron for terminal purposes at Pittsburgh. The steel company has also contracts for four or five bridges abroad and the bridge works is full of orders, and the demand for structural steel is also growing.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

JUDGE SHAFER TELLS OF LOCALITIES' NAMES

Interesting Address Made Before Men's Social Union at Trinity Church.

In an interesting address before the Men's Social union of Trinity Protestant Episcopal church, at the Trinity parish house last evening, Judge J. D. Shafer of the common pleas court told how names came to be given to places in and about Pittsburgh, including rivers, townships, boroughs, streets and churches. He said that names are not arbitrary; they come from something that has existed before. The oldest names are those of rivers and streams and generally the names of rivers in the interior are of Indian origin. There are many Indian names, designating localities and rivers, current in Allegheny county. The French were early settlers and their influences of that sort are found in Chartiers creek and Montour's run.

Among the original townships were Moon, named after the old Moon family; St. Clair, named after the explorer, and Mifflin, named after the head of the government of the state. From these Judge Shafer showed how other townships were formed and named, including Pitt, Jefferson, Versailles, because of the famous Versailles treaty of peace, and Elizabeth.

Coming down to the boroughs he said Birmingham, now the South Side, was so named by the people living there in the early days, because they produced iron like they did in Birmingham of the old country. Mt. Washington, because it leads to Washington road. In reply to questions, Judge Shafer told the origin of the name Tarentum. The story revealed a great deal of early history. H. M. Brackenridge, a famous genius, and son of H. H. Brackenridge, was the author. He got the name from Tarentum, Italy. Its origin is based upon a mythological tale. Brackenridge married the daughter of a famous French woman who was here in the latter part of the eighteenth century, whose husband had deserted her. John Wolde, who, said the speaker, laid out most of Pittsburgh, deeded land to the French woman's daughter. The daughter was married by Brackenridge and the circumstances of the young couple's life so coincided with the story in mythology, that Tarentum came to Brackenridge's fertile mind. Judge Shafer said Smithfield street was named after Smithfield street, London, presumably.

SCANDINAVIAN CONCERT.

Chorus of Northerners Will Give Second Entertainment at Braddock.

"Thule" is the title of the selection for the second concert to be given by the Pittsburgh Scandinavian club's male chorus in Carnegie hall, Braddock, next Saturday evening.

The club is 18 months old. Its chorus has already won a place for itself among the singing organizations of this vicinity, the first concert, given in Penn hall, Wilkinsburg last spring, having been a pronounced success.

The membership of the chorus is: Director, K. Bergiof; first tenors, K. Erickson, C. Nelson, Y. Rorvik, second tenors, C. Fleming, C. Cellertz, Y. Heyerdahl, G. Morsing; first bassos, L. Christensen, O. Eng, C. Larsen, L. Wilk; second bassos, Y. Boyesen, H. Falk, P. Hansen, O. Kruse, Y. Landstead, T. Wennberg and P. Wisnes.

ARE AFRAID OF FIRE.

Sealed Letter in Bennett Will Case to Be Placed in Safety Deposit Vault.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 7.—Having serious doubts as to the safety of the vault of the probate court as a protection against fire, ex-Judge Henry Stoddard, counsel for Mrs. Philo S. Bennett, appeared in court today and asked that the sealed letter which is the subject of controversy in connection with the will of Mr. Bennett be placed in a safe deposit vault.

The letter provides for a gift of $50,000 to William J. Bryan and family. Judge Cleveland acquiesced in the suggestion, and counsel for Mr. Bryan and Mrs. Bennett will confer as to the proper receptacle for the much discussed document.

SHOT ANOTHER'S WIFE THEN KILLED HIMSELF

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Lester C. Fitzgerald, member of a glass manufacturing firm of this city, shot and killed Mrs. Matilda Wood at a hotel in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn early today and then committed suicide with the same weapon. Mrs. Wood was the wife of a newspaper compositor, who said he believes that Fitzgerald committed the crime because Mrs. Wood repelled his advances. Fitzgerald was married, but his wife had secured a divorce from him and had since remarried.

TO INVESTIGATE LICENSING OF PHYSICIANS BY NEW YORK

HARRISBURG, Dec. 7.—The state medical council, at a meeting today in this city, appointed a committee to investigate the standard of licensing physicians in New York for the purpose of ascertaining whether the indorsement by Pennsylvania of licenses from that state should be continued. Pennsylvania accepts licenses issued by New York, but that state does not accept those issued by Pennsylvania.

OPINION REFUSED IN COFFEE GLAZING CASE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The supreme court of the United States today dismissed for want of jurisdiction the case of John Arbuckle vs. Dairy Commissioner Joseph Blackburn, of Ohio. The case involved the question as to whether the glazing of coffee is in violation of the dairy food law. The effect of the dismissal is favorable to the contention of the state that it is.

Had a Long Hospital Stay.

John Flannigan, charged with shooting and seriously wounding Charles Head, last July, in a house in Watson street, will be given a hearing this morning before Magistrate Thomas D. Stewart at Central station. Head, who was seriously wounded in a quarrel about a woman, was discharged from a hospital yesterday. Flannigan escaped after the shooting, but some months later was arrested and brought back to Pittsburgh by Special Officer Robert Dennison.

IMMENSE FRAUDS WERE PRACTICED

New York Fire Adjuster Confesses to Aiding in Thefts from Insurance Companies.

WEALTHY MEN IMPLICATED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Startling disclosures, based upon information obtained through a confession made by Max Karnfield, a public fire adjuster, who has been convicted of fraud in connection with a claim of loss he had himself put in, and who will be sentenced on Friday, were made this evening by Assistant District Attorney Garvan. The cases of 12 persons who are suspected of having defrauded insurance companies in a similar manner will be presented to the grand jury within a few days. Among them are three lawyers, several merchants, several public fire adjusters and two or three adjusters employed by fire insurance companies. Mr. Garvan declares that fire insurance companies have lost hundreds of thousands of dollars through paying false claims of loss.

One of these persons is a merchant worth $500,000, Mr. Garvan says, and another is president of a corporation which employs 400 men.

Fire patrolmen, men employed by the board of fire underwriters to take charge of properties after fires have been extinguished and save as much property as possible, Mr. Garvan alleges, have been in league with fire adjusters. Instead of doing their duty, he says he knows that in many instances they have purposely damaged goods by water for a fee paid by fire adjusters.

SIGMA CHIS BUSY.

Arrangements Making for Big Dinner With Distinguished Orators.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the Pittsburgh alumni chapter of the Sigma Chi fraternity for its annual banquet at the Union club, December 19. The program for the banquet is not yet complete. The out-of-town speakers invited to be present are the Hon. John P. Elkin of Indiana, Judge Rippert of Uniontown, Judge Ferris of Cincinnati, Judge B. F. McCann of Dayton, O., and W. L. Kaufman of Youngstown, O. Among the Pittsburgh speakers will be James F. Burke, A. B. Hay, R. F. Wendell, J. T. Miller and R. H. Strawbridge.

The officers for 1904 are W. O. Sproull, president; Ralph M. Strawbridge, vice president; A. B. Hay, treasurer; W. H. Sproull, recording secretary, and Paul Ache, corresponding secretary. The executive committee members are G. A. Howe, C. R. Knapp, C. L. Wood and C. B. Parker. The banquet committee consists of E. W. Marland, E. A. Kebler, Paul Ache, E. G. Grozier, W. M. Fickes, Lee Llewellyn, J. M. Graves and W. H. Sproull. The chapter has added 30 new members to its roll during the past year.

JUMPED FROM ELEVATOR.

Outside Workmen Cause Panic in Elevator and Death Results.

Morris Prousky, 17 years old, of 1428 Colwell street, an employe of Kaufmann Bros., was mortally hurt yesterday and died shortly after being taken to the Homeopathic hospital. Prousky and other employes were in an elevator at Kaufmann's store. Workmen let a pipe fall against a temporary partition between the old and new store buildings, in course of construction, and the occupants of the car were panic-stricken. Although the elevator man warned them all to keep cool, one of them touched the lever and sent the elevator car upward. Prousky jumped out and fell down the shaft.

The management of the store issued a statement exonerating the elevator man. Chief Engineer Kerling says in the 10 years he has been connected with the mechanical department of the store this was the first accident.

MRS. SARAH M'CLOY IS AGAIN IN EVIDENCE

Mrs Sarah McCloy, the woman who made life a burden for the Rev. J. M. Thomas, former pastor of the Union Baptist church, South Side, when she sued him for damages, alleging breach of promise to marry, is again attracting public attention. Just now she is making Homestead her abiding place and last week she sent a letter to President Roosevelt, in which she alleges the Homestead police force had her locked in her home in Seventh avenue and were trying to starve her to death. The letter was returned to Homestead and an investigation made. It was learned that there was nothing in the charge. The Homestead police say that Mrs. McCloy last Saturday sent a note to a hardware firm asking that a revolver and box of cartridges be sent to her home at once. The revolver was not sent. The last time Mrs. McCloy stood in the limelight was at Washington, when she made an effort to see the President.

KAISER PLANNING TO HELP LABORING MEN

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—(Special Cable.)—A special bill framed by the Kaiser intending to help the German laborer with noninterest bearing government loans to enable him to build his own home will be reported a short time after New Year's.

Mrs. Anderson, Jacksonville, Fla., daughter of Recorder of Deeds, West, who witnessed her signature to the following letter, praises Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—There are but few wives and mothers who have not at times endured agonies and such pain as only women know. I wish such women knew the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is a remarkable medicine, different in action from any I ever knew and thoroughly reliable.

"I have seen many cases where women doctored for years without permanent benefit, who were cured in less than three months after taking your Vegetable Compound, while others who were chronic and incurable came out cured, happy, and in perfect health after a thorough treatment with this medicine. I have never used it myself without gaining great benefit. A few doses restores my strength and appetite, and tones up the entire system. Your medicine has been tried and found true, hence I fully endorse it." —MRS. R. A. ANDERSON, 225 Washington St., Jacksonville, Fla. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

No other medicine for women has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

DOWIE SCOLDS LIEUTENANTS FOR THEIR EXTRAVAGANCE

Announces He Will Cut the Wages of Zion City's Workers at Early Date—Statement of Finances Shows Enormous Assets.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WAUKEGAN, ILL., Dec. 7.—John Alexander Dowie does not blame himself for the present condition in Zion City, but attributes it to the heads of the different departments in Zion City. He has accordingly given notice that he will make a reduction of about 40 per cent in salaries after things has adjusted themselves.

In the secret meeting held last night Dowie scored the heads of the departments and said it was all their fault, though it is learned that every act of the heads is "O. K.'d" by him. He also gave vent to his feelings with regard to the creditors who sued him and said that he had been waiting for several days to express himself. He said it was the meanest possible trick and he had about reached the end of his patience; that unless matters were adjusted in a few days that he would force them to be put under bonds.

It is expected that Judge Kohlsaat will order the payroll to be met tomorrow and the officers in Zion City today made partial arrangements toward that end. Receivers' coupons and cash will be sent to Zion City, in all representing about $25,000, the payroll for a half month. Of this amount about $20,000 will be in coupons while the remainder will be cash, for the non-members.

This afternoon Attorney Martin Madden, president of the Western Coal Company; Attorney Jacob Newman, for the receivers, and three other Chicago men representing creditors, held a conference with Dowie and Judge Barnes. It is said that they represented large creditors not among the number mentioned in the petition for receiver nor among those who have brought suit. It is claimed they wished to insure protection for their interests, and that Dowie promised them that they were safe.

Today Dowie made a communication of his assets. They are declared to be $18,845,210, and his liabilities only $4,058,849. Of the liabilities $452,267 is merchandise indebtedness. Notes bearing 5 per cent interest were offered by Dowie in settlement and he agreed to take up 10 per cent of his indebtedness in three months, 25 per cent in six monthsc, 25 per cent in nine months, and the remaining 40 per cent in one year.

The cerditors who were represented at the meeting thought the proposal reasonable, and a committee was appointed to seek further details. If this committee finds that Dowie's statement of debts and resources is correct, it is said they will accept the proposal at once and then seek to have the bankruptcy proceedings dismissed.

Of his total indebtedness that due for bank deposits and shares of stock in the various Zion City industries was placed at $3,190,679, maturing in 1919 and 1923. Bills payable on account of land were placed at $315,403, due in 1905 and 1908. The judgment due Samuel Stevenson is $100,000, for which secured notes have been given. This leaves only $452,267 due to outside creditors on merchandise accounts. It is to the holders of these outside claims that Dowie made the offer of settlement.

CAMPBELL'S.

Waste Baskets Grow Prettier Every Year.

More than a hundred different styles and shapes of Waste Baskets at "The People's Store"—a splendid holiday line in plain colors and various tasteful color combinations. Wicker, straw and grass are the materials. Little ones for ladies' boudoirs and big ones for a business office. Prices 25c to $3.75.

Noon Train for Toledo With Broiler Buffet Parlor Car

and vestibule coaches goes through solid from Pittsburgh Union station, making the run in seven hours and 45 minutes over Pennsylvania lines. Returning leaves Toledo 12:00 o'clock noon, arrives Pittsburgh 7:15 p. m. Other Toledo trains leave Pittsburgh 3:15 a. m. daily, 7:00 a. m. week days and 8:20 p. m. daily. Night train has two sleeping cars, one for Toledo arriving there early next morning, which may be occupied in Toledo Union station until 7:00 a. m., and another sleeping car which goes through to Detroit, reaching that city at 7:25 a. m.

AMERICANS SELECTED HIGHWAY TO ABYSSINIA

Consul Skinner Finds Feasible Depot Site for the United States Trade.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

MARSEILLES, Dec. 7.—Letters received here from members of the American expedition to Abyssinia describe their reception by the French governor of Somaliland, M. DuBarry, on the arrival of the party at Jibutil. Following brilliant fetes the governor gave a reception at the palace and drank President Roosevelt's health.

Consul Skinner, leader of the expedition, responded, closing his speech with the statement that he would recommend Jibutil as the only feasible highway to Abyssinia and as a depot for American trade. The governor expects large development for Jibutil as the result of the opening up of American trade with Ethiopia.

PLANS FOR PROPOSED CENTRAL LABOR BODY

Joint Committee to Meet and Take Steps to Dissolve Present Organizations.

A meeting will be held some day next week by the committee representing the three central labor organizations for the purpose of mapping out plans for consolidating the bodies and forming a new central organization.

The joint committee consists of John Fernau of the cigarmakers' assembly, K. of L., and W. H. Baird of the O. R. C., representing the United Labor league; N. F. Storm of the carpenters, and William Scott of the Patternmakers, representing the Iron City Central Trades council, and T. J. Williams of the tile layers and J. J. Kane of the plumbers, representing the Building Trades council.

The plan contemplated is to dissolve the three present central bodies and form a new organization, which will be divided into sections. All crafts engaged in building will constitute one section; structural iron workers, housesmiths, boiler makers, machinists and similar crafts into another; clerks, stenographers, telegraphers and similar occupations for another. As many sections will be established as necessary to keep all similar crafts under one sub-head.

The new central organization is not intended to bar out any craft from affiliating with national or international bodies nor from the A. F. of L. or the K. of L. Its object is to centralize all persons who work for a living into one body.

Among the organizations interested in the move are the Order of Railway Conductors, operative plasterers, structural iron workers, bricklayers, carpenters, miners, the several crafts in the Building Trades council, the street car men and the various K. of L. organizations.

Buster Brown, the Funniest and Most Refined of Comic Pages, in The Sunday Gazette.

WANT SUCCESSOR TO DR. MILLIGAN

Members of the Ninth U. P. Church of Allegheny Seeking New Pastor.

CONSOLIDATION ABANDONED

Immediate steps are to be taken by the congregation of the Ninth United Presbyterian church of Allegheny to secure a pastor to take the place of the Rev. Dr. J. M. Milligan, recently resigned. The latter accepted the call of the Forest Avenue Presbyterian church of Cleveland last summer, and for two months the pulpit of the Ninth church has been filled by supplies assigned by the presbytery.

The consistory of the church has instructed the elders to take steps at once toward getting a pastor. Invitations will be extended to several ministers the church has in view, and a call will be forwarded as soon as the choice of the congregation is known.

This decision precludes all possibility of a consolidation of the Ninth and Second churches of Allegheny. This proposition was considered for a time at the suggestion of a number of influential members of the Second church, but was given a setback when put to a vote of the congregation. The preponderance of sentiment in both congregations was against the alliance, but the project has not been abandoned by those favoring it. The determination of the younger church, however, to proceed in the matter of securing a pastor will likely result in the dropping of the scheme. It is argued by the majority in both churches that neither would benefit by the consolidation. The Second church is old, powerful and wealthy. The Ninth is young, progressive and has no debt. In consideration of these facts the merger was discouraged. One of the elders of the Ninth church, discussing the subject yesterday, said:

"Our position in this matter has been generally misunderstood and I am glad the congregation has decided now to extend a call to some one. The consolidation was never favored by the majority of the members of the Ninth church, as can be shown when a vote was taken on the question as to whether or not we should join our destinies with those of the Second. The opposition to the scheme was noticeably strong among the women in our church, and the women are the real rulers of any congregation. We have a man in view who is very popular, but at present his name cannot be made public. We hope soon to extend a call to him and feel confident he will accept."

SEIGNER A SUICIDE.

Official Close of a Sensational Shooting Incident in Edgewood.

William F. Seigner, who died at the Homeopathic hopital on October 16, committed suicide, according to the coroner's jury yesterday. Seigner was a printer and married.

Miss Amelia Garrett testified that Seigner met her as she got off a car in Edgewood on the night of October 15. He asked to speak to her, but she edged away and he shot her twice, in the left side and the back. She fell unconscious, and Seigner shot himself.

The inquest had been postponed until Miss Garrett recovered from her injuries. Seigner had been calling on Miss Garrett, according to evidence given at the inquest.

SMALLPOX NURSE MARRIES HER PATIENT

GREENVILLE, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special) The marriage of John C. Mink, recently of Pittsburg, a pressman for the Advance-Argus company here, and Mrs. Edith W. Frantz, of Cleveland, which took place at Youngstown, O., is a romantic episode of the recent smallpox scare here. Mr. Mink was one of the first to take the disease and as the cases increased a municipal hospital was established with Mrs. Frantz as head nurse. Mink was faithfully and skillfully nursed by Mrs. Frantz and several days after his discharge from the hospital he and his nurse slipped off to Youngstown and the ceremony which then took place has just been announced.

RESEARCH WORK HAS BEEN LARGE

Annual Meeting of Carnegie Institution Board of Directors Today at Washington.

FREW A PITTSBURGH MEMBER

President W. N. Frew of the Carnegie Institute left for Washington, D. C., last evening to attend the annual meeting today of the board of directors of the Carnegie institution. The latter is the medium for the encouragement of scientific research founded by Andrew Carnegie a year ago last January, and endowed with $10,000,000 to carry on its work. Mr. Frew is the only Pittsburgh director of the institution. The meeting will be held at the New Willard hotel. This evening there will be a dinner for the board. Both Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie are expected to attend.

Today's meeting will hear the report of the year's work and outline in a general way that to be done through the coming year. The president of the institution, Dr. Daniel Colt Gilman, formerly president and still holding the title of president emeritus of the Johns Hopkins university, will make his annual report. It will show a great deal accomplished. Practically 100 investigations of various kinds in the economic and physical sciences have been made. To enable this work to go forward contributions running from $1,000 to $5,000 have been made by the institution. Altogether about $200,000 has been spent. The income of the institution is $500,000 a year.

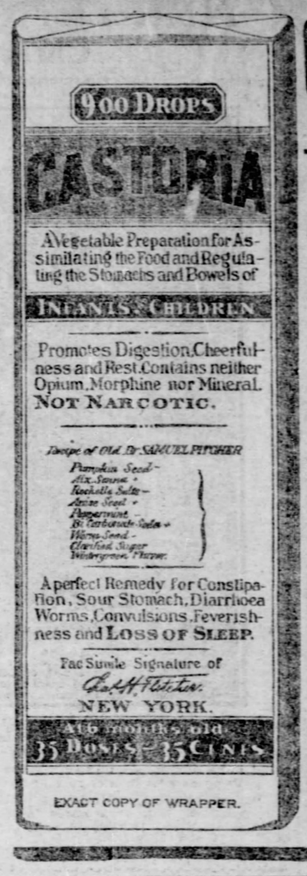
The work has been done along the lines laid down at the organization of the institution, the researches being made where conditions best suited the character of the work and the convenience of the investigators. One of these investigations was made by a present Pittsburgher, Dr. Harold Pender, who is now connected with the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company. The theory of the late Prof. Henry Rowland regarding certain features of electric convection had been attacked by a French savant, and Dr. Pender, who has worked under Rowland, was sent to Paris to conduct jointly with the French scientist another investigation. The outcome established the correctness of the American results.

There will be a church rally under the auspices of Christ Luther league in the church at Lincoln avenue and Selma street, Millvale, this evening. The Rev. J. M. Guss, the Rev. Carl Loos, the Rev. C. P. Wiles and the Rev. C. A. Boory, pastor will deliver adresses.

CAPE MAY AS A WINTER RESORT.

Parlor Car Service Via Pennsylvania Railroad

Cape May is growing rapidly in favor as an all-the-year-around resort. Several good hotels remain open all winter—the Windsor and Aldine, which have fine sun parlors; the Chalfonte and the Ebbitt. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company offers daily parlor car service between Philadelphia and Cape May on trains leaving Philadelphia Market street wharf, 4:08 p. m. week days; 9:00 a. m. Sundays, and on trains leaving Cape May 7:30 a. m. week days and 4:45 p. m. Sundays.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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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EVERYTHING TO WEAR

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After All, It's the Useful Gift

The one that combines Utility and Worth with Beauty and Service that pleases most. This great, busy store is filled with just SUCH kinds. Thousands of new, bright Holiday hints here. For instance:

Holiday Umbrellas

Practical, sensible and invariably useful. Umbrellas make the ideal Christmas gift. Our collection represents about all that's made in neat, novel and artistic effects in handles, and embraces every good kind of silk.

Women's Umbrellas Here in wide range, commencing with those mounted with natural wood handles, plain or silver trimmed and including gold and silver mounted pearl, ivory and horn handles; also Dresden, gun metal, silver, gold and fancy imported handles—all covered with guaranteed Gloria, Taffeta, Union and all silks. Prices $15.00 and down to $1.00

Umbrella Special at $2 Women's Umbrellas, covered with Gloria or Taffeta silk—mounted with silver, horn, Dresden and plain or silver trimmed natural wood handles—would be cheap at $2.50. Here $2

Men's Umbrellas In enormous assortment—covered with guaranteed Gloria, Taffeta, Union and all silk—mounted with pearl, ivory, walrus, cape and buck horn, gold and sterling silver; also plain and silver trimmed natural wood handles. Prices $13.50 and down to $1.00

Umbrella Special at $5 Men's Umbrellas, covered with high grade Union or Taffeta silk—mounted with gold or silver trimmed ivory, walrus, cape horn, silver and gold trimmed or plain natural wood handles. Cheap at $6 and $7.50. Choice now $5

Children's Umbrellas In large assortment—mounted with plain or fancy handles—unusual values at $2 and down to 50c

All Umbrellas Engraved Free of Charge.

Holiday Handkerchiefs

One can never have too many handkerchiefs, and as a holiday gift they take front rank. We import ours direct, and you derive the benefit of the saving; getting, as a result, better qualities at lower prices.

Women's Handkerchiefs — in plain hemstitched, in lawn or linen — exceptional values at 50c and down to 5c

Women's Lace Trimmed or Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs—in almost an endless assortment. Prices $1.50 and down to 7c

Women's Initial Handkerchiefs — special Pure Linen handkerchiefs, with hand embroidered initial and wreath. Worth 17c, now 13c

Men's Handkerchiefs—plain or fancy bordered, hemstitched in lawn or linen; all widths of hems—great values at 50c and down to 5c

Men's Silk Handkerchiefs—in high grade Japanese silk; hemstitched—all widths of hems—prices $1.50 and down to 50c

Men's Initial Handkerchiefs—come in silk, linen or lawn; handsome new style initials. Prices 50c and down to 13c

Holiday Handkerchiefs—in fancy boxes. Put up especially for gift-giving, for men, women or children. Plain or fancy bordered. Put up two, three or six in a box at 75c and down to 10c per box.

Mufflers Showing by far the largest and finest collection of Men's Mufflers in these cities. Finest imported and domestic makes in handsome new designs and color effects, in richest silks, in figures, stripes, brocaded and Persian effects; also plain white or black. Big values at $7 and down to 50c

Full Dress Protectors Handsome collection of them — in black, Barathea, Peau de Sole, Gros Grain and finest silks. Cut extra large. A stylish and handsome gift. Prices $3 and down to $1

Smoking Jackets or House Jackets

For men—in a magnificent range of styles—in plain or double face cloth. Cut in the latest mode—made up in best possible manner. No more useful or sensible gift for a man than one of these swell coats. Prices $10 and down to $5

Bath Robes Unusually large assortment in terry cloth and eiderdown. Exclusive ideas in color effects. All cut full and roomy. Best values ever offered at $10 and down to $2.50

Sweaters Suitable and sensible gifts for man or boy. Our assortment is unusually large and includes every good kind—in wool or worsted, plain or fancy weave. Men's Sweaters, $5 and down to $1.50. Boys' and Children's Sweaters, $1.50 and down to 50c

Dolls of Every Description

Complete gathering of every kind and style of Doll made. We import them direct, and thereby save all middlemen's profits. Our prices prove the saving:

Dressed Dolls, $12 and down to 10c

Kid Body Dolls, $5.50 and down to 25c

Jointed Body Dolls, $8.50 and down to 25c

Novelty Dolls, $2 and down to 13c

Doll Heads, $1.50 and down to 17c

Fancy Toilet Articles Sterling silver or silver plated Hat, Cloth, Hair or Military Brushes, Combs and Mirrors. Singly or in sets. Large line to select from, at lowest prices.

Ebony and Ebonoid Toilet Articles, such as Mirrors, Combs, Hat, Hair, Cloth or Military Brushes—all with Sterling Silver Mountings at very low prices.

Fancy Toilet Sets—in fancy cases; also Work Boxes, Manicure Sets, Collar and Cuff, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Shaving Sets, etc.—in large variety. Prices very moderate.

Latest Type.

A Merry Christmas!

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OR AN IMPROVED

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To Your Home. This Special Offer Only During This Month.

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NO TOY, but an instrument that is both entertaining and instructive. THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE AGE. A great opportunity to get a Christmas gift on our EASY PAYMENT PLAN.

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NOTE—Retail Parlors over Regal Shoe Store, Between Fifth Avenue and Diamond Street P. S.—Old Types Machines Taken in Exchange for the New Types. Bring this with you.

AMERICANS ARE BLESSED BY POPE

Students of the College Received at the Vatican and Express Loyalty.

THANKED FOR THEIR VISIT

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ROME, Dec. 7.—So as not to interfere with the celebration of the Feast of the Immaculate Conception at the vatican and at the American college tomorrow, the pope today received the students of the college in the second loggia of Raphael. The ceremony was most impressive. Besides the students of the college there were present Fathers J. Gaffney, Dunn, Purcell, Walsh and Hoban, all of Chicago, who are studying in Rome. The presentations were made by Monsignor Kennedy, rector of the college, the vice rector, the Rev. W. G. Murphy, Monsignor Farrelly, the spiritual director of the college, and Archbishop Seton, the first student of the college, which he entered in 1858.

The pope walked amfast the students accompanied by Monsignor Bisleti, the pontifical majordomo. Monsignor Kennedy, in presenting the students, said:

"Holy father, here are 96 students of the American college who come to present their homage and to give evidence of their faith and their loyalty toward your holiness and the holy see. They have come a long distance from their native country to this holy city to drink in learning and piety under the shadow of the holy see."

The pontiff greeted the students in the most affable manner and remarked that they were a magnificent set of young men. He said he was delighted to see so many students from the United States and then preached a little sermon on the great advantage they had in becoming learned priests, laying special emphasis on the cultivation of the priestly virtues, "for," said his holiness, "a holy priest, even without saying a word, preaches by example and conciliates those who are not of our faith."

The pope thanked the students for their visit and blessed all the religious articles which they carried. He asked them in their celebration of the Feast of the Immaculate Conception tomorrow to pray to the Madonna especially for him. Then he gave each of the students his hand to kiss and imparted the benediction. The pope congratulated Mgr. Kennedy on the success of the American college and warmly greeted Archbishop Seton as the first student.

Several persons who received the benedictions which the pope imparts daily having taken occasion to represent that the pope in blessing them approved their principles, The Osservatore Romano, the vatican organ, prints today a semi-official communication which says that these benedictions are merely demonstrations of the benevolence of the holy father toward all his sons and must not be interpreted as approving anything contrary to the rule established by the holy see.

FARMER BURIED UNDER HIS LOAD OF HAY

John Palmer of Morningside Road, Fatally Injured in a Peculiar Accident.

Buried underneath a wagonload of hay, weighing about a ton, John Palmer, a truck farmer of Morningside road, received injuries last night that are likely to cause his death.

A short distance from his house Palmer's wagon collided with a tree stump that had rolled into the middle of the road. The horses took fright, turned short in the road and upset the wagin, burying Palmer underneath. The horses broke loose from the wagon and ran to the house.

Members of the family took lanterns and went out to seek Palmer. John Gass of Schenley avenue, a laborer, was on his way home and came across the wagon upset. He heard moans coming from under the hay and went at work trying to rescue Palmer when the relief party arrived. With considerable difficulty Palmer was taken out. He was bleeding from the mouth and ears and was unconscious. A physician worked with him for several hours before consciousness was restored.

PREPARING FOR REVIVAL.

Three Mammoth Choirs to Be Formed. Speakers Expected to Be Present.

The central committee in charge of the proposed evangelistic meetings for Pittsburgh and vicinity met at the Central Y. M. C. A. building yesterday and decided that the district services shall begin February 7 and continue until February 14. On February 14 the central meetings will be started and continue until February 28. The individual church meetings will follow the central meetings.

The Revs. Dr. Leak, J. A. Platts and H. J. Gleiss were instructed to arrange for music. It was decided to organize three mammoth choirs in the East End, down town and in Allegheny. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman and Dr. R. A. Walton, who are now conducting services in Oregon and California, will be the principal speakers. Dr. A. C. Dixon of Boston, it is thought, will also be present.

All district leaders called meetings yesterday and talked over the plans made so far.

Curves to Be Eliminated.

In order to eliminate a number of sharp curves the Bessemer railroad is to be changed for nearly two miles through Turtle Creek. The road bed will be moved about 200 feet north of its present location. Surveyors have been at work during the past two weeks running lines for the proposed change and work is to be started within a short time. The location to which the road is to be moved was one of the original surveys made when the road was being planned, but owing to difficulties encountered in getting rights of way the route was abandoned and the present route taken.

Are Expecting Damages.

At a meeting last night of the McKees Rocks council, a number of property holders from O'Donavan street were present and stated that they expected damages on account of conditions their street is in since the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad erected a viaduct to Island avenue, leaving no outlet from O'Donavan street. When the railroad was given the right to erect the viaduct a verbal contract was made given by the railroad that they would meet all the damages caused, but now the property owners want this backed up with a written contract, or else they will expect the borough to make good the damages done them.

Emperor William Recovers.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—Chancellor von Buelow is willing to be named as authority for the statement that the emperor's recovery has progressed naturally and uninterruptedly; that the emperor's condition is excellent, and that he feels very well.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

John W. Lowe	Burgettstown, Pa.
Katie Rommes	Huiger, Pa.
Henry A. Feustel	Fort Wayne, Ind.
Anna E. Stels	Pittsburgh
Sherman Watts	Gallitzin, Pa.
Mary Ashton	Baltimore, Md.
Thomas Callaghan	Whitsett, Pa.
Barbara C. Stibitz	Whitsett, Pa.
George Mayes	McKees Rocks
Millie Shaffer	McKees Rocks
Peter V. G. Pedersen	Wilkinsburg
Amelia Sharples	Wilkinsburg
Alford Sayre	Pittsburgh
Cornelia B. Tucker	Pittsburgh
David Candell	Columbiana, O.
Ella Wilkinson	Pittsburgh
Walter E. Hatch	Pittsburgh
Clara L. Schwarzwaelder	Pittsburgh

Easy Money.

If you need money for the holidays or any other purpose, consult the MECHANICS' LEASE & TRUST CO., 401 BIJOU BUILDING, 611 PENN AVE. They loan from $10 to $1,000 on furniture, pianos, household goods, or any other kind of security, on liberal terms. Easy payments and strictly confidential.

A Mecca for Youngsters, Wondering What Chris mas Has in Store, Is the Toy Mission

Grant street and Sixth avenue has become a mecca for the small and poor youngsters of the downtown streets since the holiday season set in with its display of Christmas toys and other things dear to the hearts of the children. At this corner the Toy Mission, which has distributed toys and playthings at Christmas time for 10 years past, has opened headquarters, and during almost any hour of the day the small boy, with longing eyes, can be found standing inside the fron foot railing looking over the many wonderful things displayed in the window. With their noses flattened against the glass windows the "kids" seem never to tire. Maj. R. A. W. Simmons, as in past years, is in charge of the mission.

SOCIETY

THE dancing season opened last evening with the first of the Monday night cotillions in the Pittsburgh club. Their omission last winter has made them much anticipated this season. The changes in the appearance of the little ballroom and the adjoining supper rooms added to the interest in the opening of the cotillion season. The ballroom, which last winter presented a brilliant appearance with its deep crimson walls and white columns, last evening appeared in a new dress, its walls being tinted in pink, and from the ceiling suspended a chandelier, replacing the central panel of small electric lights which previously flooded the ballroom with light. The chandelier tends to make the room seem smaller than before. Last evening the only decorations were the group of palms upon the stage concealing the musicians. The first cotillion of the season also marks the appearance of the debutantes, who look forward to it with great interest, to see who the fortunate girls are who make their first appearance at that dance. Three figures were danced last evening, led by Arthur W. Bell, Clinton L. Childs and George M. Greer. There were no favors. The Monday night cotillions are small and earlies, commencing at 9 o'clock and closing at midnight.

Many familiar faces were missed from the ballroom last light, the sudden death of Mrs. Lawrence Dilworth plunging a large connection into mourning, while the recent death of Mrs. Alexander Chambers withdrew the Chambers, the Murrays and others of the fashionable set from social festivities this season.

The patronesses last evening were Mrs. Charles C. Scaife, Mrs. Harry Darlington, Mrs. Henry C. Bushman, Mrs. Harmar D. Denny, Mrs. James Wood, Mrs. John H. Rickertson, Jr., Mrs. John S. Hays, Mrs. William N. Frew, Mrs. Harvey Childs, Jr., Mrs. James Stewart Brown, Mrs. Henry Chalfant, Mrs. Douglass Stewart, Mrs. Frank Scott Willock, Mrs. Louis W. Dalzell, Mrs. James B. Oliver, Mrs. John R. McGinley, Mrs. Henry R. Rea, Mrs. Carroll Fitzhugh, Mrs. Frederick Curtis Perkins and Mrs. James Harold Childs.

Miss Boggs' Debut Yesteiday.

Mrs. Russell H. Boggs formally introduced her daughter, Miss Emma Buhl Boggs, to her Pittsburgh and Allegheny friends yesterday afternoon at a reception held from 3 o'clock until 6. Miss Boggs is tall and fair and was educated at Miss Baldwin's school in Bryn Mawr. She is the first debutante to be introduced this season. Mrs. Boggs having given a large tea for her daughter while they were yet in their summer home in Sewickley.

The mother and daughter and Mrs. Henry Buhl of Sharon received together and were assisted by Mrs. Albert A. Horne, Mrs. Henry D. Lindsay, Miss Nell Stewart, Mrs. W. B. Hamilton, Mrs. Walter Hay, Miss Adams, Mrs. J. Dexter Thayer, Mrs. Frank Moore, Mrs. Matthew B. Riddle, Mrs. Robert Christy, Miss Emmeline Gregg, Mrs. Henry Buhl, Jr., Miss Alice Logan, Miss Henrietta Logan, Mrs. Alexander McClure, Miss McClure, Miss Mary Davidson, Miss Edith Hay, Miss Martha McCance, Miss Jessie Smith, Miss Anica Hunsicker, Miss Adele Shaw, Miss Mary Robinson, Miss Edith McClung, Miss Helen Horne, Miss Helen Carl, Miss Betty Wardrop, Miss Jane Blaire and Miss Martha Tallman of Cleveland, Miss Blair's house guest.

Miss Boggs wore a beautiful gown of white chiffon cloth daintily trimmed with lace; the hostess was gowned in lavender crepe de chine appliqued in white, and Mrs. Buhl wore a modish gown of white crepe. The decorations were exceptionally pretty. American beauty roses were used in the dining room, with a profusion of greens. The bookcases in the library were backed with drooping ferns and a few vases of white roses were placed about the room. The drawing room was reserved for the numerous debutante bouquets. These were tastefully arranged about the doors and on the mantel. In the hall effectively in French oak many ferns were used, the banking of the mantel being especially effective. The debutante carried an exquisite bouquet of white roses and orchids, tied with green satin ribbon.

Mrs. Boggs will give a large dance for her daughter at the Hotel Schenley on the evening of December 30.

Entertainments for Lady Yarmouth.

The first of the Monday Night Cotillions was the signal for a number of social affairs last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Curtis Perkins gave a small dinner at the club following the cotillion. The honors of the occasion were shared by Miss Nancy Carnegie and Miss Josephine Rowland, house guest of Mr. and Mrs. Perkins, and covers were laid for 28, and among the other guests were Lady Yarmouth, Miss Elinor Wilson, Miss Rebecca Darlington, Miss Martha Ferguson, Miss Elizabeth Storm Lauder, Mr. and Mrs. Eugent Dressler, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Chalfant, the Misses Chalfant, Miss Ricketson, Harry Kendall Thaw, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Robinson Rea and Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Copley.

Preceding the cotillion, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lafayette Collins gave a handsome little dinner with covers for 12. Mr. and Mrs. Collins are now occupying Miss Caroline Hayes' house in Ridge avenue, Allegheny, and it was there they gave their dinner last evening. Their honor guest was Lady Yarmouth, a cousin of the hostess. Their other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Copley Thaw, Miss Bessie Howard, Harry K. Thaw, Dallas Byers and Mrs. and Mrs. J. Dennison Lyon.

Truants Versus Vagrants.

The principal of the Howard school spoke before the women at the meeting of the juvenile court department of the Civic club yesterday afternoon in the Civic club rooms. He advocated the establishment of a truant school, a matter which he will take before the Central Board of Education, providing for the separation of the boys who occastonally play truant or remain away from school out of mischief from those children who are vagrants and habitual street gamins. At present both classes are taken before the juvenile court, and until their cases are disposed of are kept together in the rooms of detention in the county building. The provisions for a special place or school where these truants may be kept for a limited period was eagerly discussed by the women. The women also had a conference upon methods to be pursued in interesting prominent men and women of Pittsburgh and Allegheny in the proposed George Junior Republic, a project which is dear to the hearts of many of the women of the juvenile court department. It is proposed that a meeting be held soon after January 1, when an effort will be made to reach those men and women who are interested in the work of improving the physical conditions and the morals of the children who are now taken before the juvenile court, and who will be able to contribute to the establishment and the support of such a republic where the children may be taught the principles of good citizenship.

Travelers Meet Today.

The Travelers' club will tour through Spain this afternoon at its regular meeting in the Central Young Woman's Christian association. "Spain as a World Power in the Sixteenth Century" will be discussed by Mrs. B. F. Veach; "Spanish Discoveries and Settlements," will be the subject of a paper by Mrs. William F. Abel and "The Spanish Inquisition and Its Victims," will be treated by Mrs. W. P. Price. Short talks will be given by Mrs. Aaron B. West, Mrs. Dick and Mrs. Z. T. Miller. Mrs. Vida McCullough will lecture of the Tuesday Musical club will sing.

Luncheon for Bridemaids.

Miss Virginia Johnston was the guest of honor at a luncheon given yesterday by Miss Ada McCrea at her home in Ellsworth avenue. Miss McCrea is to be one of the bridesmaids at the wedding of Miss Johnston and Harry Frazier Harris, which will be one of the brilliant affairs of tomorrow. Her guests included the other bridesmaids, the maid of honor and a few out-of-town girls. They were Miss Gertrude Childs, Miss Frances Stoteslury, Miss Hazel Corning, Miss Elinor Wilson, Lady Yarmouth, Miss Martha Ferguson, Miss Margaretta Wood, Miss Laura McGinley, Miss Mary Carlisle, Miss Ruth Miller, Miss Jeannette Hawkins and her house guest, Miss Ernestine Tappey. The decorations were carried out in pink, with bridesmaids' roses prevailing.

A Bazar of Days.

The Woman's Industrial society connected with the Oakland Methodist Episcopal church will give a bazar of days and a turkey supper on Thursday of this week. The officers of the society are: Mrs. Peter Keil, Jr., president; Mrs. James A. Reed and Mrs. T. C. Perrine, vice presidents; Mrs. J. B. Yohe, treasurer, and Mrs. O. A. Black, secretary. The society will be assisted by the members of the Epworth league of the church, of which J. B. Yohe is president. Each booth will represent a day in the week, the Monday booth to be in charge of Miss Kate Miller; Tuesday booth, Mrs. Kennedy; Wednesday, Mrs. Beisinger; Thursday, Miss Sara Frew; Friday, Mrs. Phillips, and Saturday, Mrs. W. A. Morrow.

Will Have Two Honor Guests.

Mrs. Robert L. Martin of Dallas avenue has cards out for a small 4 o'clock tea on Thursday afternoon. The honors will be shared by a daughter and a daughter-in-law, Mrs. H. W. Craven, who was Miss Bessie Howard, and Mrs. Martin, and Mrs. Robert L. Martin, Jr., who was Miss Dandridge of Winchester, W. Va. Both are now making their homes with Mrs. Martin. The assistants will be Miss Rose Hamilton, Mrs. Hugh P. Allen, Mrs. Hugh Pendelton, a sister of Mrs. Martin, Jr.; Mrs. S. C. Shover, Miss Shover, Miss Anne Robinson, Miss Belle Moody, Miss Bertha Moody, Mrs. Frank Smith and Mrs. James B. Murray. Mrs. Martin, Jr., is a bride of last spring and Mrs. Craven was married about a year and a half ago.

Briar Club Dance.

The Briar club of Sewickley will give its Christmas dance on Wednesday evening, December 29, in the Edgeworth clubhouse at 8:30 o'clock. The patronesses will be Mrs. Edward B. Taylor, Mrs. Edward Agnew, Mrs. Joseph T. Nevin, Mrs. Harry C. Campbell, Mrs. Howard T. L. Blair, Mrs. Edward O'Neil, Mrs. John A. Roe, Mrs. Charles A. Atwell, Mrs. James H. Murdock, Mrs. James D. Rhodes, Mrs. Percy Shoop, Mrs. Thomas W. Fitch, Jr., Mrs. W. W. Collins, Mrs. Walter Lyon, Mrs. George B. Zahniser and Mrs. Samuel C. Applegate.

Mrs. John Dalzell Here.

Mrs. John Dalzell of Washington, D. C., wife of Congressman Dalzell, arrived in Pittsburgh on Saturday and is now the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Penn Snyder, 5801 Penn avenue. The visitor will be the guest of honor on Thursday at a reception for which Mrs. W. S. Dalzell issued cards a few weeks ago. Mrs. Dalzell will make a very short stay in Pittsburgh at this time, as she intends returning to Washington Thursday night.

Informal at Home.

Mrs. David King Irwin gave a very informal at home yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Hallett of New York, the house guest of Mrs. Alexander Rook Carroll. Mrs. Ralph Baggaley poured tea. There were no other assistants.

Miss Martha Ferguson's Bow to Society.

Mrs. Edmund M. Ferguson will introduce her debutante daughter, Miss Martha Ferguson, at an afternoon reception from 4 until 6 o'clock on Saturday, December 19, at her home, Fifth and Morewood avenues.

Notes of Society.

Miss Laura F. Smith of Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, has issued invitations for a card party on Thursday afternoon, December 10.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva C. Dinkey and their little daughter, accompanied by Miss Lenore Stewart, will leave tomorrow for New York to attend a dinner which Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Corey will give in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Dinkey. Mr. and Mrs. B. Marshall Ward are now in New York.

The temperance society will hold a rally in the Holy Rosary church, Kelly and Lang avenues, on Thursday evening. Among the speakers will be Father J. G. Beane.

Tancred commandery will give the second of its winter dances tomorrow evening in the South Highland auditorium.

The Couch Symphony sextette, C. Marion Couch, director; Mrs. Emma Porter Makinson, soprano; Valdemar Pagenbrock, violinist, and Julius Cohn, reader, will give an entertainment in the Eighth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, this evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Bible Class league.

The Business Women's club met last evening in its rooms in the Bible house in Arch street, Allegheny.

This evening the Rev. R. S. MacArthur, D. D., pastor of Calvary Baptist church, New York, will lecture in the Sixth United Presbyterian church, East End, on Russia.

COCKRAN THE MAN.

Tammany Chief Murphy Will Have Him Nominated to Succeed McClellan.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—W. Bourke Cockran will probably be selected by Charles F. Murphy as the Democratic nominee for congress in the Twelfth district, to succeed George B. McClellan. When Mr. Cockran was in congress, prior to his quarrel with Richard Croker, he represented practically the same district.

Mr. Murphy had three other candidates—under consideration to succeed Mr. McClelland—William McAdoo, formerly assistant secretary of the navy; Charles A. Towne, former United States senator from Minnesota, and Joseph W. Savage. He is of the opinion that Mr. Cockran would be a fitting candidate for the United States senate in event of a Democratic victory in the state, and he does not believe that his eligibility will be impaired by his election as a member of the house of representatives meanwhile.

FRANK A. PARKER.

USED CIDER IN ATTEMPT TO SAVE HOME FROM FIRE

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—The residence of Frank Cleaver of Centerville was burned this afternoon, together with all its contents. The water supply was short and the members of the family and neighbors attempted to drown out the flames with cider, several barrels of which were in an adjoining building. The loss is about $5,000, with no insurance.

Burglar's Plunder Found.

A lot of goods which are alleged to have been stolen by Charles Mills, who was arrested on Saturday for burglary were recovered yesterday. Detectives got a telescope and a lot of silverware stolen from a house at Margaretta street and South Negley avenue, and a camera, an overcoat, two coats, a vest and a revolver stolen from John R. Lewis of Penn avenue.

REQUEST REFUSED.

Austrian Consul at Pittsburgh Asks That Cleveland Prisoners Be Deported.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—A communication has been received by United States District Attorney Sullivan from George de Gewieck, Austrian consul in Pittsburgh, in relation to the cases of Francis Schmidjel and Bernard Biasenhauer, arrested by the local police recently on suspicion of robbery in Vienna, Austria, in May. The request has been made by the consul that the two men be deported but the decision of the district attorney is that the immigration laws do not cover the particular case.

In all probability the men will be discharged today when they are taken before Commissioner Treadway for a hearing. Opportunity has been given the Austrian government to extradite the men, but no inclination to adopt such a course has been manifested.

DYING MAN LEFT BED; CLIMBED THROUGH WINDOW

UNIONTOWN, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—The death of John F. Miller, aged 73, at Waynesburg, came in a peculiar manner. The family had been informed by the physician that death was imminent, and his son was a constant watcher by the bedside. Being worn out, the son lay down on a cot in the sick room about 1:30 a. m., and fearing the father might in his delirium endeavor to leave the room he locked the door and removed the key. An hour later the son sprang up to find the bed of his father empty, and opening the outside door he found the dead form of his father. The delirious man had raised the window and went on the veranda roof and fallen to the ground.

Groom 83; Bride 35.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—John Gardner of Jefferson township, Washington county, and Mrs. Jane Sunderland of the same district, were married last night. The groom is 83 years old and the bride 35.

A SURE TEST

Of Whether Coffee Really Hurts or Not.

Some folks drink coffee and suffer day after day but console themselves by saying "I don't believe it hurts me or at any rate I am not sure that it does."

The sensible thing to do is to make sure by leaving off coffee and using Postum for a week or so. The trial is pleasant and you may learn something worth more than money to you in the way of health and strength.

An intelligent woman who valued her health and comfort made sure. She says: "I have proved positively that when I used coffee I had kidney and bladder trouble, palpitation of the heart, stomach trouble, insomnia and my complexion was sallow and muddy, but I got rid of all these troubles when I quit coffee and took on Postum Food Coffee. All my troubles disappeared quickly, almost as if by magic, and in their place I became strong and well.

"I soon learned to like Postum as well as I ever liked coffee and I would not exchange my delicious cup of Postum for coffee and sickness for anything in the world." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

ADDITIONAL SPORTING.

JOKERS CRIMINAL ACT.

Yells Fire in Madison Square Garden and Causes Bad Scene at Race.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Serious results were narrowly averted in a panic at the six-day bicycle race in Madison Square garden today, when a criminally reckless practical joker in the crowd lit a paper under a sleeping man's chair and shouted "Fire!" Several hundred persons on that side of the garden rushed in panic from their seats, and, breaking through the guard rail, fell and slid down the steep steps of the wooden track, a number of the dying riders having close escapes from collisions.

Simar was taken sick about 9 o'clock and retired. Gougoltz then announced that he would team with Rettick of the German team, Beaugendre, Rettick's partner, having announced his intention of quitting. Gougoltz, however, took advantage of the rule permitting him four hours' rest before taking Beaugendre's place and left the track to get some sleep. Beaugendre and Rettick, under the rule will continue to ride together until 2 o'clock tomorrow morning, when Gougoltz's time limit is up.

The score at 10 o'clock stood:

	Miles.	Laps.
Gougoltz and Simar	449	6
Rettick and Beaugendre	434	3
Contenet and Breton	434	8
Samson and Vanderstuyft	454	8
Leander and Butler	454	8
Lloyd Krebs and Peterson	454	8
Newkirk and Jacobson	454	8
Bedell brothers	454	8
Franz Krebs and Barclay	454	8
Root and Dorlon	454	8
Galvin and Bardgett	454	8
Bowler and Fisher	454	8
Dove and Hedspeth	449	8
Walthour and Munrot	454	8
Keegan and Moran	454	7
Record, 470.1.		

FIGHT IS PREVENTED.

Kennedy and Bowser Bout Declared Off Because of Police Interference.

The fight scheduled for last night in Millvale between Kennedy and Bowser did not take place. The protest of the ministers of the borough had its weight with the county authorities, who, without consulting Burgess Hickey, announced that the fight should not be permitted.

The managers of both fighters yesterday afternoon declared the bout off. A small crowd, nevertheless, was at the Millvale opera house last night. The county authorities also were there to see that no fighting would be done.

Last Night's Bowling Scores.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY LEAGUE.

At East Pittsburgh—			
Votsl	158	196	184
Kling	139	138	173
Cunningham	144	140	159
Pherson	168	107	137
Totals	779	822	829
Braddock—			
Nugent	176	178	189
Bates	171	146	175
Barnes	147	156	142
Donovan	191	151	170
Westlake	172	135	151
Totals	863	766	827

DIOCESAN LEAGUE.

At St. Vincent:			
St. Charles—			
Oechslein	131	94	...
W. Gshind	...	...	133
Voll	189	104	111
M. Gillig	178	202	196
Hollerd	116	123	141
J. Gillig	142	101	117
Totals	646	624	618
St. Vincent—			
W. Paulins	154	116	142
Young	108	132	138
Leitch	110	152	156
Diemer	148	148	126
C. Kohn	189	171	177
Totals	714	694	713

South Side Beats Olympics.

The South Side five beat the Olympics in a County league championship game last night at McKeesport, 25 to 16. The hall was packed with rooters. Lineup:

South Side—23.		McKeesport—16.
Liebau	Forward	Edmundson
Nickel	Forward	Mulholland
Weltzel	Center	Myers
Seibel	Guard	English
Davies	Guard	McCreight

Field goals—Liebau 3, Seibel, Davies, Myers 2, English, McCreight. Foul goals—Liebau 18, Edmundson 8. Fouls called—On South Side, 16; on McKeesport, 18. Referee—Shaw.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	W.	L.	Pct.
South Side	2	0	1.000
Manchester	2	0	1.000
Allegheny	0	0	.000
Pittsburgh	0	1	.000
D. C. & A. C.	0	1	.000
McKeesport	0	2	.000

Robison Will Have Donovan Again.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Frank Dallaas Robison, president of the Cleveland National league club, today said: "I admit we have lost money in St. Louis, but the report that we have lost $60,000 is not true. And there's Patsy Donovan. I don't know what he has not been accused of saying and doing. He will be in line next season. Oh, yes, we finished poorly last year and were one of the five clubs in the two leagues that lost money."

Young Donohue Beats Rice.

BOSTON, Dec. 7.—"Young" Donahue, the Roxbury featherweight, was given the decision over Austin Rice, "the Iron Man" of New London, Conn., in a 10-round bout tonight.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Dec. 7.—In a six-round bout tonight Joe Gans put Dave Holly to the floor several times, but Holly easily respended before the limit count in each instance.

O'Connor to Manage Denver.

DENVER, COL., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—County Clerk Julius Aichele has purchased the Denver baseball franchise and Broadway Athletic park from D. C. Packard for $30,000, and "Jack" O'Connor, the American league catcher, will manage the team, and may eventually buy the franchise. O'Connor will soon leave for the east to sign material for what he promises will be the pennant winning team of the rejuvenated Western league.

Chose Reed Captain.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Washington and Jefferson academy football team this afternoon Colin M. Reed, Jr., a member of the third year class, was elected captain for next year. Reed is a resident of Washington and played fullback and left guard during the season just closed.

FLINN A CANDIDATE.

Sixth Ward Republican Wants to Go to the Legislature.

John Flinn of the Sixth ward has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for assemblyman in the Third district. He has always been an active party supporter and has many strong friends throughout the district.

PERSONALS

L. M. Montaguez of Mobile, Ala., passed through Pittsburgh last night on his way home from a business trip to Washington. Mr. Montaguez was born in Mexico, and is of Spanish descent, but 23 years ago he moved to Mobile. Seven years ago he was appointed consular agent for Nicaragua. He said: "Mobile is the second city in the exporting of fruits. New Orleans stands first. The principal export of Mobile is pine. Mobile promises to be the greatest shipping port in the world. Being consular agent of Nicaragua, I would like the canal built along that route, but the Panama route will serve the same purpose. The canal will be a paying venture the first year."

Francis L. Robbins, president of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, left last night for New York on a business trip.

A meeting of the Single Tax association was held last night at the Seventh Avenue Hotel. About 30 adherents of the philosophy of Henry George were present. A committee was appointed to prepare plans for a celebration of the birthday of George. The object of the association is to expound the principles of the single taxers and use all influence possible to persuade others to take active work in the so-called reform of taxation.

Gen. Wiley of Wooster, O., passed through here last night on his way to Florida. Gen. Wiley was a prominent figure in the civil war. E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west, fought under him for three years.

Ex-Judge Edward Campbell of Uniontown is in the city on business and is at the Monongahela house.

William G. Gulle returned yesterday from Uniontown, where he attended memorial exercises held by the Uniontown bar association in commemoration of the late William H. Playford, who died about a month ago.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Nearby residents were registered at the local hotels last night as follows:

Colonial—W. Harrington, Marietta; J. Shinkley, Mercer; S. A. Meek, Coshocton; E. Jackson, Butler.

Anderson—J. J. Blair, Ellwood City; N. M. Walker, Carlisle.

Lincoln—A. G. Moss, Tyrone; E. Barrett, Wheeling; L. C. Shirkley, Altoona.

Duquesne—H. J. Robinson, Niles; Frank Lewis, Leetonia.

Griswold—H. H. Williams, Urbana; M. H. Morris, Waynesburg; E. R. Rainer, Greensburg.

Monongahela House—John H. Faxon, Elyria; George L. Claypool, Youngstown; N. Jameson, Warren.

Newell's—E. MacDonald, Warren; M. J. Limour, Kittanning; Thomas J. Ely, Girard.

Henry—H. Robinson, Danville; J. J. Dunn, Greenville; N. S. Smith, Meadville; A. L. Johnson, Wheeling; B. N. McCoy, Kane.

Seventh Avenue—H. R. Mattern, Franklin; S. McCance, Dumora; J. M. McElroy, Bradford; A. J. Voigt, Altoona; W. C. McBride, Washington.

TAX-REFORMERS MEET.

Will Ask Each Candidate for Councils to Sign Their Pledge.

The Tax Reform club of Allegheny county held a meeting at the Seventh avenue hotel last night. Nathaniel Green is president and C. V. Horn is secretary of the organization. C. V. Tiers, J. B. Sharpe and W. H. Noren were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions urging the councils of all Pennsylvania municipalities to apply the Detroit and Toronto method of dealing with public service franchise.

The meeting also adopted a rule of procedure. It provides that after an ordinance granting, amending or renewing a franchise has been passed second reading it shall lie on the table 30 days and be advertised in all the daily papers. If during that period a petition signed by one-fourth of the number of either branch of council or by five per cent. of the qualified voters of the municipality be filed with the city clerk requesting that the ordinance be submitted to the voters, council shall not take action until the electors have passed upon it at the next regular election. If a majority of the voters favor the legislation, council shall then put it on final passage.

The committee will also prepare a candidate's pledge. Every candidate for council will be asked to sign it, and publicly declare whether he is for or against the Detroit and Toronto method.

SHUT DOWN PLANT.

Large Portion of the Edgar Thomson Works Will Be Closed After January 1.

Because of the lack of rail orders, preparations are being made to suspend a large part of the operations at the Edgar Thomson plant of the Carnegie Steel Company about January 1. It is stated that all but three furnaces will be closed down, and that the rest of the plant will be idle in proportion. The same policy has been adopted for the big rail plant of the Illinois Steel Company at Joliet, Ill.

The railroads have failed to place the usual orders for steel rails this year in a large number of cases. There are evidences that they are holding off for a reduction in prices, but the steel interests still insist that $28 a ton is a fair charge. It is believed that the railroad work under way will necessitate the giving of orders before January is past.

JURY MUST DECIDE.

Court Refuses to Take Upton-McGregor Fraud Case from Them.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 7.—In the United States district court today in the case of Columbus Ellsworth Upton and Thomas W. McGregor, on trial for conspiracy to defraud the government on mail pouch contracts, Judge Morris overruled the prayer of attorneys for the defense to take the case from the jury on the ground that the government had failed to prove a prima facie case against the accused. Judge Morris also refused the motion of the defense to make the government elect upon which of the counts in the indictment it relied for a conviction.

Argument will be heard before the jury tomorrow and an early decision of the case is expected.

Pittsburgh Presbytery Meeting.

The Pittsburgh presbytery will meet this morning in the East Liberty church, Penn and Highland avenues. During a prayer and conference hour the ministers will talk about the needs of their pastorates, methods for bettering any imperfections will be discussed and prayers will be offered for the same purpose. The Rev. S. Edward Young, the moderator, will preside.

BODY IS CLAIMED.

Parents of Mary St. Clair Order Her Remains Shipped to Meadville.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—(Special.) Mrs. Mary Honsecker, of Meadville, the mother of Mary St Clair, the supposed wife of the leader of the Wood street band of safe and postoffice robbers, who died on Saturday, in the Jefferson hospital, has claimed the body of her daughter.

Mrs. Mary Honsecker telegraphed yesterday to the Hospital authorities, asking that the body be shipped there. The request will not be complied with until legal identification and an inquest. The deceased was born 30 years ago, in Cochantown.

Ten years ago she decided to become an actress and married Clarence Miller, an actor, in Jamestown, N. Y. The pair disagreed after several years of wedded life.

SHOVEL FACTORY FIRE BURNED TWELVE HOURS

Fire at the shovel and ax factory of Hubbard & Co., which was seriously damaged on Sunday night, continued to burn until noon yesterday. Many of the employes reported for work yesterday morning and discovered that they had lost their tools. Much of the machinery will be saved, and in consequence the loss will not reach the first estimates.

Stockholders Allege Fraud.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Sensational charges are made by stockholders of the National Salt company against the managers, in injunction proceedings commenced here today. They claim the property valued at $1,250,000 was sold for $357,500 and ask that the matter of sale be set aside until all facts can be investigated. The court rendered its decision.

ROOKWOOD FOR XMAS

A choicer collection of these vases has never been displayed. For softness and brilliancy of color, atmospheric depth and fine blending of tones, the new pieces of iris recently received are the best this famous pottery has produced.

HAMILTON & CLARK CO.
416 Penn Ave.

Meyer Jonasson & Co.

Highest Grade of

Millinery Art and Excellence.

The Jonasson Specialty

TRIMMED HATS at $5.00

McJUNKIN DAIRY
ESTABLISHED 1875

Pasteurized Milk and Cream

Special Baby Milk—Windsor Whipping Cream
CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER STRICTLY FRESH EGGS

Please give our milk and cream a trial.
Our milk is fifty per cent richer in cream than the law requires.
Over nine thousand families in Greater Pittsburgh are using our milk and cream.
We guarantee the absolute purity and healthfulness of our goods.
Both Phones.

McJUNKIN-STRAIGHT DAIRY CO.
Temporary Office, 3153 Penn Ave., until our new plant at 30th and Liberty is completed. Stand in Liberty Market

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. A Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a private circle), "As you lad

C. E. NUNEMAKER WAS ACQUITTED

Many Constables Will Have to Amend Their Returns to Criminal Court.

T. R. HOSTETTER'S ESTATE

Charles E. Nunemaker was acquitted yesterday of the murder of Thomas Hays without the jury leaving the box. Hays was shot and killed at the boarding house of Mrs. Nellie Fennell. Mrs. Fennell testified that Nunemaker sat up all night with Hays when he was sick. The next day Hays came back to her house and said he would kill Nunemaker because he had told him too much the night before about serving seven years in the penitentiary, killing a man and planning to rob a bank. Nunemaker entered the room and Hays attacked him with a knife. In self-defense he shot and killed Hays. A daughter, Mary Fennell, corroborated her mother. Nunemaker told how he tried to get away, and finally had to shoot in self-defense. The court told the jury it was not necessary to leave the box.

The December term of quarter sessions opened with Judges Kennedy and McClung on the bench. Judge McClung instructed the grand jury. The constables made their returns. The Second ward incumbent was told to investigate the Marine club in Grant street and the Rod and Gun club in Fourth avenue. The constable from the Fifth ward, Allegheny, was told to look into the reports of speakeasies on the river and in Rebecca street and Ridge avenue. The constables from the Third and Fourth wards, Homestead, will have to make further reports about gambling houses and speakeasies. A week's time was asked by the constable of the First ward to hunt for speakeasies in Third ave.

Toni Luigi was found guilty of felonious assault and battery in shooting Adolph Baltz in the back during a fight over a baseball game. Wilbur Scarbrow and John Keith, colored, were on trial charged with robbing Hugh Yough in Penn alley, Sharpsburg. The crime was traced to them through a pair of glasses which they are charged with giving to a woman. Samuel Carter and Thomas Hunter are on trial charged with holding up and robbing Peter Licks.

Judge Acheson decided that Harry F. Holt, a distiller, owes the United States $2,701 93 as a tax on liquor stored in one of Holt's warehouses, which was destroyed by fire. Holt claimed that as the liquor had never left his hands it was not taxable, but the court sustained the position of the government.

An inventory and appraisement has been filed in the estate of Theodore R. Hostetter, deceased, by F. P. Carson, H. D. Sellers and W. T. Howe, the appraisers. The total value of the personal estate is given at $1,943,441 49. This total is made up of a long list of stocks, bonds, securities and personal effects. The amount of cash on deposit aggregated $38,-776 37. Also represents bonds of different concerns. The list of stocks is also large, but the principal items are as follows: Twenty-eight shares of the Union Trust Company, $42,000; 3,151 shares of the Penn Gas Coal Company, $127,240; 1,000 shares preferred of the Monongahela Coal Company, $40,000; 1,000 shares of the same, common, $11,000; 750 shares Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad, $22,500; 200 shares of the Hostetter Company, $20,000. A considerable list of mortgages held by the estate is included among the assets, and the household articles are supposed room for room and add considerable to the aggregate. A number of horses and cattle also help swell the value of the estate.

Grand Jury Returns.

The grand jury yesterday returned the following true bills: Larceny, Blanche Cahpelle, William Carson, Joseph Elpnes, John P. Ganster, William Ross, Frank Gill, George Weisert; felonious assault and battery, John Ganos et al, William H. Harris; assault and battery, Samuel Critchlelow, William Forst, Norman Furney, Patrick Gordon, Orlando Harris; entering a building to commit a felony, Edward Dehm, Joseph Leidyk, Leopold Shattenheimer, Fred Smith et al, Paul Kruger; misdemeanor, John F. Ganster; larceny by bailee, Joseph Fields, Edward Johnson; libel, O. D. Pollока; fraudulently making a written statement, R. F. Reed, Frank R. Reed; pointing fire arms, Anthony Scanderal, George Ferrell, Charles Babb; carrying concealed weapons, Nick Yarapple; embezzlement, John H. Green, Robert E. Goodrich.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

The Franz Joseph Beneficial Society was chartered.

A decree has bene made in the divorce suit of Lillie A. Oliver against Frank H. Oliver on the grounds of desertion.

William T. Powell entered suit for $1,142 74 against Harry Davis, alleging it is due for extra work on entrances to the Grand Opera house and Avenue theater.

The commissioner in the divorce suit of Isaac Pawloff against Katherine Pawloff has filed his report. The couple were married in June, 1902, and, after the wife was charged with improper conduct some months later, separated.

In an application to have the case of the Clyde Coal Company against the Lake Erie Railroad Company advanced on the list in court of common pleas No. 2, it developed that there are 983 cases in the issue docket, and that the court is two years behind.

E. Klingelhofer and others, in the suit brought against them by the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company to restrain them from entering the foundry business in violation of a contract, filed a demurrer to the bill, which, if it does not give the date of the contract, the names of the signers, nor has a violation of the contract been shown.

L. D. Statler has sued the Western Union Telegraph Company for $2,000. He alleges that on March 10th last, during the morning he sent the following message: "Cannot hold Pennsylvania property longer. Do you want it, $50,-000?" Answer." He charges that through the negligence of the defendant company it was not delivered to the Rev. Frederick Ruoff, No. 122 Fulton street, New York, to whom it was sent, and as a result the plaintiff was damaged in the matter of compensation for his services in effecting a proposed sale.

Carnegie Offers an Organ.

HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Andrew Carnegie has notified St. Francis' Roman Catholic church, one of the youngest congregations in Harrisburg, that he will contribute $1,000 toward the purchase of an organ, if the church will raise a similar amount. The congregation has started a subscription list and expects to raise the needed amount in a short time.

Launch of a New Anchor Line Steamer.

The New York Mediterranean fleet of the Anchor Line has been augmented by addition of another large and commodious steamship of the highest class. This vessel named "Italia" was launched Monday, December 7th, from the shipbuilding yards of Messrs. David and William Henderson & Company at Meadowside, Glasgow, and will sail from Naples on her first trip about middle of February and it is expected will make the voyage from Naples to New York under 12 days.

Passenger accommodation has been made a special feature. State rooms accommodating two in each, for a limited number of first-class passengers are situated on Promenade Deck with every comfort and convenience. Bridge Deck House and Main Decks are fitted to accommodate 1,400 steerage passengers.

Special care has been taken in the construction of the "Italia" to comply with all the requirements of the Italian and American passenger laws. It is confidently expected that there will be no more comfortable or completely appointed steamer trading between the Mediterranean and New York than the "Italia" and her sister ships the "Perugia" and "Calabria" which have proven themselves such favorite vessels for all classes of passengers.

The "Italia" is 400 feet in length, 49 feet broad and over 30 feet deep with a gross tonnage of 5,000 tons and a dead weight capacity of 7,000 tons. This steamer will be fitted with triple expansion engines of the very highest type and a propeller of manganese bronze and is fitted throughout with electric light.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Improved Pittsburgh-Buffalo Train Service.

Buffalo express trains, leaving Pittsburgh at 9 a. m. and arriving Pittsburgh at 5:30 p. m., daily, have Pullman broiler buffet cars attached. The vestibuled coaches on these trains are now fitted with lavatories and equipped with portable tables and meals will be served to coach passengers by uniformed train porters from broiler buffet parlor cars.

Buffalo express trains, leaving Pittsburgh at 11 p. m. and arriving Pittsburgh at 7:20 a. m. daily, are equipped with modern Pullman sleeping cars and vestibuled day coaches. Sleeping cars open for use at Union station, Pittsburgh, at 9:30 p. m.

Furnished Rooms in Demand.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is having wonderful success in finding tenants for furnished rooms. People having furnished rooms to let have discovered this fact and every day more and more of them are making use of The Gazette. Yesterday The Gazette advertised 195 furnished rooms to let.

COMMITTEE ADOPTS OLD SCALE FOR TEACHERS

Petition of Principals' Association for a Reclassification and an Advance Is Refused.

By unanimous vote the committee on teachers and salaries of the central board of education decided last evening to adopt the schedule which has been in effect for the past year, thus refusing the petition for a reclassification and an increase which had been presented by the Principals' association. Several members of the board who were present said they would bring the matter before the whole board directly.

It was pointed out at the meeting that one-ninth of the teachers' salary fund now goes to principals, and it was claimed that this is a larger proportion than any other city pays for supervision. It was shown also that Pittsburgh does not pay her teachers generally as well as other cities.

The old schedule provides that principals shall receive from $1,350 to $2,300, according to the number of teachers in the sub-district; assistant principals, $900; assistant principals in charge of separate buildings, $1,000 to $1,200, according to the size of the school; grammar teachers, $650 for the first year, and $700 thereafter; primary teachers, $550 for the first year, to $600 for the sixth year, with a special rate of $700 for the teachers in the lowest primary grade after six years of continuous service.

The plan adopted last year, to give each teacher whose pay had not been raised for three years, a bonus of $5 a month, is likely to cause some dispute later. The plan is ineffective after February 1, and the committee made no effort to continue it. Of the 882 teachers, 117 profited by the bonus. Not all are included now, as the additional year's experience brings an increase to a large number and would, therefore, cut them off from the bonus.

The pay of manual training school instructors was fixed at $1,200 with an increase of $50 a year until $1,500 is reached.

Jubilee of Great Feast.

The 50th anniversary of the institution of the dogma of the immaculate conception of the Virgin Mary will be celebrated in all the Catholic churches today. The masses will be the same as on Sunday, except that at the Epiphany church there will be additional masses on account of the three days' mission by the fathers of the Pittsburgh apostolate.

Governor Moves to Capitol.

HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Gov. Pennypacker today abandoned his farm at Pennypackers Mill for the winter and brought his family to the executive mansion. The governor made weekly visits to his farm ever since his family left Harrisburg early last summer, and will return there again in the spring.

AFTER MANY YEARS

Of suffering from kidney disease, Miss Minnie Ryan, of St. Louis, Mo., found a complete cure result from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It is such cures as this which establish the soundness of Dr. Pierce's theory: "Diseases which originate in the stomach must be cured through the stomach." Every other organ depends on the stomach for its vitality and vigor. For by the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition the food which is eaten is converted into nutriment, which, in the form of blood, is the sustaining power of the body and each organ of it. When the stomach is diseased the food supply of the body is cut down, the organs are starved, and the weakness of starvation shows itself in lungs, heart, liver, kidneys or some other organ.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and so cures disease of other organs which have originated through deficient nutrition or impure blood.

"I had been suffering with kidney trouble twenty years," writes Miss Minnie Ryan, of 1837 Louisiana Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., "and I had doctored with a number of the best physicians. Two years ago I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' and took also several vials of Doctor Pierce's Pellets. I took eight bottles (four of each), and I feel now perfectly cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Male Help.

A LARGE INSTALLMENT HOUSE Desires two men to act as city salesmen; no experience required; good chance to learn; steady work. Call at the IRON CITY BUREAU, 409 FOURTH AVE.

ANY intelligent person may earn $50 to $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $5 a column for work in spare time; no canvassing. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

COAL MINERS—69c a ton, piece work. EDWARD ZANG, 606 River ave., Allegheny.

DRIVERS AND LABORERS, WAREHOUSEMEN AND RIVETERS. IRON CITY BUREAU, 409 FOURTH AVE.

FARM, garden and dairy hands, laborers for inside work. 606 River ave., Allegheny.

FOOD FIRM desires salesmen: good chance for men from country; easy line to handle; good position. Call IRON CITY BUREAU, 409 FOURTH AVE.

LABORERS for inside work, $2 a day; farmhands, machinists, union carpenters, coal miners, 70c per ton; teamsters, 14 miles from city, fare refunded. 627 WEST ROBINSON ST., ALLEGHENY.

MAN with references for commercial salesman; well known house; salary $24 weekly; expenses advanced. The National, Caxton bldg., Chicago.

MAN—Man that is not able for manual labor to run elevator in Bower building. Inquire of L. T. Yoder, Yoder Law building, Fifth and Wylie aves.

MANAGER to represent a New York importing house. Must have good references and make a small investment; liberal salary and commission. Room Box 1949, Nassau, New York.

PRINTER—An all-round country printer at once; permanent situation; $10 per week. Address Gazette, Rockwood, Pa.

SALESMEN—First-class newspaper proposition for city and outside towns; no canvassing; salary, commission and railway fare to high-grade salesman 30 to 50 years old. Address, stating experience, or call 10 a. m. to 12 m., Manager, 306 Empire Building.

SALESMAN—Bond salesman; salary and commission to party with first-class references as to honesty and sobriety. Must be educated, and of good appearance. Experience not necessary. Apply to Box A 90, The Gazette.

SOLICITORS to sell local stock; co-operative; business necessity; quick seller. Call before 11 a. m. 318 Lewis block, Pittsburgh.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man who has had considerable mercantile experience has speed and is desirous of learning a mercantile business; a good opportunity. Write, stating experience and salary expected. Applicant must be thoroughly competent and accurate. Address, B 75, The Gazette.

THE MERCANTILE BUREAU HAS A LARGE LIST OF POSITIONS. CALL, INFORMATION FREE. 434 FOURTH AVE.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps, able-bodied unmarried men, between 21 and 35; good character; must speak, read and write English. Marines serve at sea on man-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at naval stations in the United States. Apply recruiting offices, room 414, Postoffice building, Pittsburgh; No. 410 Walnut st., McKeesport, Pa.; Postoffice buildings, Canton and Youngstown, O.

WANTED—FOUR YOUNG MEN FOR ROUGH PAINTING; STEADY POSITION. EMPIRE BUREAU, 426 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

ASH ST., 1309, WILKINSBURG—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, all conveniences.

ATWOOD ST., 333—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience and splendid location.

ATWOOD ST., 306—Nicely furnished parlor, every convenience; splendid location.

BAILEY AVE., near Ruth st., Mt. Washington; two rooms, second floor; all conveniences.

BEDFORD AVE., 1852—Three furnished rooms; cars stop at door; conveniences.

BIDDLE AVE., 412, Wilkinsburg—For Rent—Rooms for light housekeeping.

BLUFF ST., 1421—Two furnished front rooms for light housekeeping, conveniences, near town.

CARSON ST., 2011—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; terms moderate; good locality.

CARSON ST., 1924—Wanted roomers, board optional; all conveniences; best attention.

CENTER AVE., 2311—Two furnished rooms, or for light housekeeping, conveniences; moderate.

CENTER AVE., 2327—Furnished rooms; modern conveniences; rates moderate; good locality.

CENTER AVE., 2316—Nicely furnished room, bath, both gases, all conveniences; gentleman preferred.

CHARLOTTE ST., 3538, two furnished rooms; gentlemen only; board if desired.

CLIFF ST., 1516—Nicely furnished front or rear rooms; conveniences; good boarding near.

CONGRESS ST., No. 4—Furnished room for two gentlemen, near court house.

CONGRESS ST., 6—One furnished room; home like private family.

FIFTH AVE., 2015—Front hall room; every convenience.

FIFTH AVE., 3358, Oakland—Second-story front and east rooms, furnished; gentlemen.

FIFTH AVE., 3305, OAKLAND—Nicely furnished rooms; convenient to car line.

FIFTH AVE., 1706—Nice large furnished room, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

FORBES ST., 2113—Two nicely furnished rooms; bath, gases, 5 minutes' walk to postoffice.

FORBES ST., 1202—Two extremely well furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen only.

FOURTH ST., 20—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences.

FRANKLIN AVE., 325, Wilkinsburg, large well furnished front room; conveniences; good location.

FRANKLIN AVE., NO. 435, Wilkinsburg—Furnished rooms; 5 minutes from station.

GRAPE ST., 48—Knoxville—Furnished rooms, near both car lines.

HAYS ST., 6213, near Collins ave.—Large second story front room; private family; all conveniences.

HAY ST., 508, Wilkinsburg—Nice large furnished room; bath, gas, furnace heat.

HERRON AVE., 836—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; gentlemen; near cars.

LOCUST ST., 1617, furnished rooms, all conveniences.

MAWHINNEY ST., 21—Second-story alcove room; also smaller rooms; all conveniences.

MEYRAN AVE., 334—Nicely furnished second-story front room; for gentlemen only.

MEYRAN AVE., 207—Nicely furnished large front room; every convenience.

MEYRAN AVE., 534—Nicely furnished second-story front room; for gentlemen only.

MIFFLIN ST., 548, Wilkinsburg—Wanted, four gentlemen to room and board.

MONTICELLO ST., 6951, second story front room, nicely furnished, private family; all conveniences; rent reasonable.

MORGAN ST., 536—Two elegantly furnished rooms; conveniences; moderate; near cars.

MOULTRIE ST., 136—Furnished room; for light housekeeping; rates reasonable; near cars.

MT. VERNON ST., 7147—Nicely furnished room; both gases, hot and cold water; all conveniences.

OPHELIA ST., 818—Two second floor front rooms; all conveniences; single or en suite.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

PENN AVE., 411, wanted, roomers and boarders; also mealers; every convenience.

PENN AVE., 321—Two furnished rooms, all conveniences.

PENN AVE., 828, two nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; splendid location.

PITT ST., 707, WILKINSBURG—Large alcove room; every convenience; references.

REBECCA AVE., 412—Two rooms for light housekeeping

ROSS AVE., 415, Wilkinsburg—Newly furnished front alcove room; all conveniences; gentlemen.

ROSS AVE., 422, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished room; every convenience; reference; gentlemen only.

SEVENTH ST., 115, furnished rooms, light housekeeping; conveniences. Apply 502 Penn.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7803—Nicely furnished room, gas, bath and near street car, and two minutes' walk to Brushton station.

SWISSVALE AVE., 1015, Wilkinsburg—Large, handsomely furnished room; all conveniences.

THIRD ST., No. 29, near Penn—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

WEBSTER AVE., 5428—Two rooms, unfurnished, to couple without children; $10 month.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5870, second story front room, nicely furnished; hot and cold water; gas, bath; private family; no other roomers.

ALDER ST., 5818—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience, splendid location.

ALDER ST., 5945—Small comfortable furnished room.

ATWOOD ST., 333, OAKLAND—One elegantly furnished front room, conveniences; gentleman only.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

ATWOOD ST., 425—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience.

ATWOOD ST., 302, nicely furnished parlor, every convenience; splendid location.

ATWOOD ST., 349—Two furnished rooms; board, all conveniences.

BAUM ST., 5909—Two nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; gentlemen only.

BROAD ST., 6110—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; gentlemen.

COLLINS AVE., 603, two nice furnished rooms, every convenience; near good boarding.

COPELAND ST., 732—Nicely furnished front room; nicely located; gentleman preferred.

DE SOTA ST., 44—Two large connecting rooms; conveniences; private family; near cars.

DENNISTON AVE., 219—Nicely furnished room; every convenience.

DENNISTON AVE., 219, nicely furnished room; every convenience.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms and the best of table board, with all conveniences; nothing but well-to-do people need apply. L 56, The Gazette.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 5747—Two furnished connecting front rooms, two minutes' walk from Ellsworth station; gentlemen preferred.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 5966—Nicely furnished room, every convenience; splendid location; gentlemen preferred.

EMERSON ST., 212—Nice large alcove room; every convenience; gentlemen only.

FIFTH AVE., 6614—Two large, nicely furnished rooms, en suite or separate, with private bath; suitable to married couple or gentleman; good table board.

FIFTH AVE., 3621—Oakland; two nice connecting rooms; separate or together; gentlemen; references.

HALKET ST., 305—Elegantly furnished rooms or suites; conveniences; moderate; near cars.

HALKET ST., 311—Private family; would rent room to couple or gentlemen.

HAYS AND ST. CLAIR STS.—Two rooms for light housekeeping; $15; No. 5 Navarre.

HAYS ST., 6815, nicely furnished room; every convenience; splendid location.

HERMITAGE ST., 7314—Two nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; board if desired.

HOWE ST., 6335—Nicely furnished rooms, breakfast and Sunday meals if desired.

KELLY ST., 7728 (WOLFE)—Furnished room, private family; all conveniences.

KINCAID ST., 5468, NEAR FAIRMONT—Two rooms, $8 or $9; sleeping or housekeeping.

LAWN TERRACE, 301—Front parlor, first floor; conveniences; board optional; Oakland.

MARCHAND ST., 6354—Nicely furnished front room, every convenience; private family.

MARYLAND AVE., 650—Large front room, nicely furnished, in private family; also smaller room; all conveniences.

MELLON ST., 823—Furnished room, second floor, with bath.

MEYRAN AVE., 312—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; splendid location; gentlemen preferred.

MEYRAN AVE., 340—Furnished rooms; one alcove; board; tel. 548-4.

MORGAN ST., 540—Two rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen only; near cars; no children.

N. CRAIG ST., 419—Parlor and bedroom with private bath, suitable for bachelor apartments; splendid location, and all conveniences, private family.

NEVILLE ST., 500—COR. BAYARD—Large, well-furnished room; every convenience; best of board, refined surroundings; gentlemen or married couple; Bell phone.

NORTH HIGHLAND, 423—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; opposite Hotel Lorraine.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 214—Furnished room for rent to two gentlemen in private home; convenient to four car lines.

NORTH HIGHLAND, 302—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience.

OAKLAND AVE., 212—Elegantly furnished rooms, every convenience; splendid location.

OAKLAND AVE., 364—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; gentlemen.

OAKWOOD ST., 813—Furnished room; gentlemen or ladies; all conveniences; Frankstown cars.

PARK AVE., 412—Nice large front room; bath; gas; furnace heat.

PENN AVE., 321—Two furnished rooms, all conveniences.

ROBINSON ST., 8, OAKLAND—Two nice rooms, board; all conveniences; gentlemen only; private family.

RURAL STREET, 5820—One large second-story front room; all conveniences; bath; hot and cold water.

S. ST. CLAIR ST., 224—One furnished room; all conveniences; two gentlemen preferred.

SOUTH HIGHLAND AVE., 216—Second-story furnished room, suitable for two.

SHADY AVE., 253—Desirable suite of rooms; modern conveniences; sunny exposure.

SHADY AVE., 278—Nicely furnished room; every convenience; splendid location.

SHERIDAN AVE., 310 — Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; splendid location.

SHETLAND AVE., 120—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; gentlemen or housekeeping.

SPAHR ST., 354—Nicely furnished room; gases, bath; convenient location. Bell 'Phone 1046-4E.

SPAHR ST., 347—Nicely furnished room for single man; gas, bath, all conveniences; near car lines and boarding houses.

SPAHR ST., 349—A nicely furnished room, all conveniences.

STATION ST., 6322—Nicely furnished room, every convenience; near East Liberty station.

SUMMERLEA ST., 629—Two furnished second-story rooms; all conveniences; fine location; three minutes from Roup station; all lines of cars.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7809—Two comfortably furnished rooms; bath, gas, furnace heat; light housekeeping.

SYLVAN AVE., two doors from Boquet, furnished rooms, all conveniences.

WALNUT ST., 5729—Nicely furnished room; breakfast if desired; gentlemen preferred.

WALNUT ST., 5440—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; splendid location.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Furnished second-floor rooms, suitable for gentlemen.

WARD ST., 3406—First floor front; conveniences; lady or married couple.

WOOD ST., 1320, one furnished front room, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1207—Nicely furnished rooms, conveniences; also very desirable unfurnished rooms.

ARCH ST., 1115—Large second-story front room; all conveniences; no objection to ladies.

ARCH ST., 518, large furnished room for two or three gentlemen; all conveniences; 'phone.

ARCH ST., 600, large furnished front room suitable for two gentlemen; all conveniences.

ARCH ST., 517, nicely furnished rooms; every convenience.

ARCH ST., 521, furnished rooms; three second floor, one on third; all conveniences.

BEECH AVE., 825—Two furnished rooms, light housekeeping; all conveniences; no children.

BEACH AVE., 934, Allegheny—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences.

BIDWELL ST., 1033, cheerfully furnished front room; gases, laundry, bath; also side room.

BOYLE ST., 1501, Allegheny—For rent, neatly furnished second story front room, suitable for two ladies or gentlemen; home occupied by two adults; reference required.

BOYLE ST., 1319—Furnished front room; also back room; all conveniences.

BOYLE ST., 1222—Front furnished room with all conveniences; also back room.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1304, neatly furnished room; all conveniences; for two gentlemen or couple.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1825, furnished room; ladies or gentlemen; all conveniences; board if desired.

BUENA VISTA ST., [illegible] furnished front room, all conveniences; [illegible] car.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 548, furnished room, both gases, bath; Avalon car; gentlemen preferred.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 304, neatly furnished front room, bath, gases; Avalon car.

CARROLL ST., 206, one or two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

CARROLL ST., 130—Well furnished room, all conveniences, between Arch and Federal.

CEDAR AVE., 808—Small hall room, suitable for one person.

CEDAR AVE., 1002—Furnished room with all conveniences, bath, etc.

E. DIAMOND ST., 922—Neatly furnished room for two gentlemen, one door from Montgomery.

ESPLANADE ST., 1205—Large front room, suitable for four young men; every convenience.

FAYETTE ST., 1207, three nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences.

FAIRMONT ST., 17—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; terms reasonable.

FEDERAL ST., 1316, furnished room; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

FEDERAL ST., 1508—Furnished parlor room; all conveniences; Perrysville ave. car.

FEDERAL ST., 1115, neatly furnished rooms, both gases, bath; near North ave.

FEDERAL ST., 824, furnished room suitable for man and wife.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

FOR RENT—Allegheny, near Allegheny and North ave., 2 or 3 furnished or partly furnished rooms, with young couple, for light housekeeping; all conveniences. Address C 94, The Gazette.

FREMONT ST., 1617, furnished room suitable for couple or two gentlemen; conveniences.

GRANT AVE., 1017—Furnished front room; also back room; gases, bath.

JACKSON ST., 220—Nicely furnished rooms, bath, gas, steam heat, etc.

JACKSON ST., 807, two furnished rooms, all conveniences; $4 a week.

JACKSON ST., 614, cheerful furnished room, bath, gases; Bellevue car.

LINCOLN AVE., 844—Elegantly furnished room; all conveniences; suitable for two gentlemen.

MONTEREY ST., 1237, two rooms, furnished for housekeeping; bath, gases; private family.

MONTEREY ST., 1311, furnished front room; bath, gases; Bellevue car.

MONTEREY ST., 1225, neatly furnished front room with alcove; all conveniences.

MONTEREY ST., 1220, neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; take Avalon car.

MONTGOMERY, EAST, 119—Two nicely furnished front rooms, facing parks.

NORTH WEST, 306—Nicely furnished rooms, private family.

PALO ALTO ST., 1212—Nicely furnished room; every convenience; splendid location.

PERRYSVILLE AVE., 2507—Second floor furnished room, with alcove; all conveniences.

RIDGE AVE., 816, second floor front room, well furnished; conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

RIDGE AVE., 1185, home-like place to room or board; also housekeeping rooms; conveniences.

RIDGE AVE., 707, furnished front rooms, all conveniences; facing park.

RIDGE AVE., 817, furnished rooms, $1 50 up; conveniences; near park.

RIDGE AVE., 1000, furnished or unfurnished rooms, with good table board.

SAMPSON ST., 17—Furnished rooms; gases; bath; hot and cold water; gentleman preferred.

SAMPSON ST., 13—Furnished rooms; gases; bath; hot and cold water.

SHEFFIELD ST., 1111—Fine front room, second story; also smaller room; low rent.

TAYLOR AVE., 420, furnished front room, both gases; between Palo Alto and Resaca.

UNION AVE., 505—Elegantly furnished parlor; every convenience; suitable for two gentlemen; terms reasonable.

UNION AVE., 511—A beautiful large parlor; also front room; every convenience.

UNION AVE., 503—Elegantly furnished parlor, every convenience; suitable for two gentlemen; terms reasonable.

WASHINGTON AVE., 846, neatly furnished front room; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

WASHINGTON AVE., 950—Furnished room; all conveniences; Avalon car.

W. NORTH AVE., 408—Very large second story front room, facing park; all conveniences.

W. STOCKTON AVE., 16, neatly furnished room; gases, bath; 15 minutes center Pittsburgh.

W. STOCKTON AVE., 208—Furnished rooms; bath, gas; first and second floors.

WEST DIAMOND ST., 911—Furnished front housekeeping room; gas and water; $3.50 week.

WEST NORTH AVE., 306, nicely furnished rooms, private family.

WESTERN AVE., 808—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping, or for gentlemen; all conveniences.

WESTERN AVE., 538, three connecting furnished rooms; all conveniences; also furnished parlor.

WESTERN AVE., 816—Newly furnished room, first floor; all conveniences; Western ave. car.

WESTERN AVE., 919, elegantly furnished parlor room, suitable for two ladies employed.

WINDSOR ST., 1007, neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences; second door from Allegheny ave.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

BOQUET ST., 3806—Three large connecting unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; rent reasonable.

FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms at West Pittsburgh; 435 Belmont ave.; modern conveniences.

HIGHLAND AVE., SOUTH, 335—Mrs. A. N. Crawford; three elegantly furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences.

HOLLAND AVE., 817, Wilkinsburg, furnished rooms with first-class board.

PENN AVE., 823—Two nice rooms, suitable for office; every convenience.

East End.

HIGHLAND AVE., SOUTH, 335—Three elegantly furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences.

OAKWOOD ST., 702—Three unfurnished rooms, all conveniences; possession immediately; $14.00; pay half of gas.

RIPPEY ST., 5913—Two desirable rooms, with alcove, for light housekeeping.

ROSEDALE AVE., 319, rear, Brushton, three unfurnished rooms, gas, bath; $9 month.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7853—Three unfurnished rooms, second and third floors, all conveniences.

TIOGA ST., 7919, Brushton—Two rooms, unfurnished; bath; gas; also furnished room.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1305—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

BIDWELL ST., Three unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; rent $12. Inquire 909 Arch st., Allegheny.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1704—Large front and back room, all conveniences; light housekeeping.

FEDERAL ST., 1505—Nicely furnished room, with board; every convenience; gentlemen.

JACKSON ST., 109 (rear)—Two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, $8 a month.

RIDGE AVE., 1227—Furnished rooms with board, $4 week; ladies only.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

FRANKLIN AVE., 414, WILKINSBURG—Boarding; accommodations for housekeeping; terms reasonable.

KIRKPATRICK ST., 619, furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; terms moderate.

MAPLE AVE., 252, Edgewood—Two nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; bath, gas; excellent table; near car line.

REBECCA ST. 903—East End, fine large rooms for rent, unfurnished. Meals supplied in apartments.

East End.

HIGHLAND AVE., SOUTH, 335—Three elegantly furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences.

HIGHLAND PLACE, 9—Nicely furnished room, with board; every convenience.

NEGLEY AVE., 212 NORTH—"The Harvard," large front room for two.

OAKWOOD ST., 821—Large front room, board; bath, gas, furnace heat; gentlemen only.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7402—Large furnished room; board, every convenience; Westinghouse men preferred.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7345—Downstairs front, handy location, board optional, all conveniences.

WANTED—Two or four young men of refinement who are willing to pay a fair price to make their home in a refined private family; College ave., near Ellsworth st. Address S 56, The Gazette.

Allegheny.

CHARLES ST., 351, nicely furnished second story back room; all conveniences.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD.

A FEW furnished or partly furnished rooms for light housekeeping in Wilkinsburg or Edgewood. References exchanged. Address K 97, The Gazette.

NORTH WEST AVE., 302—Nicely furnished large front room with board; every convenience.

WANTED—By young married couple, unfurnished front room with alcove or connecting room; East End, between Craig and Highland. F 94, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

HOUSE SEEKERS
Will find desirable houses and Apartments for rent and sale and assistance cheerfully extended at S. H. LLOYD'S,
No. 6022 Penn ave., East End.

FOR RENT.
Prospect st., frame 5 rooms, water, gas, rent $15.
Sweetbriar st., frame, 6 rooms, water, gas, rent $16.
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO., Farmers Bank Building.

$50—Orchard ave.....11 rooms
$40—Sheridan ave.....10 rooms
$50—Miller st.....6 rooms
BELLEVUE REALTY, SAV. & TRUST CO., 440 Lincoln ave., Bellevue.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT—9-room brick house, bath, laundry; all modern improvements; possession immediately; $45.00. Haller-Dibert Real Estate Co., 104 Sheridan st.

A DESIRABLE nine-roomed house, situated on West Pittsburgh Terrace; lease until April 1 at an advantageous figure; all improvements. For information address J. W. Binder, 619 Penn ave., Pittsburgh.

HOUSE—To let, 6 rooms and bath; 9 Holt st., S. S. Call 80 E. Lacock st., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

SEND postal for complete rent list of East End houses. J. W. SHERRER, 6106 Penn ave.

Allegheny Residences.

$27.50 PER MONTH.
HOME IN GOOD NEIGHBORHOOD.
FOR RENT—At Home st., near Superior ave., Allegheny, Pa., 7-room brick dwelling with all conveniences and house newly papered throughout. Only 15 minutes' ride to city, and neighborhood very desirable.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 Fourth ave.

CRAFTON residence for rent, $28.50; every modern convenience; centrally located; immediate possession. Address P. O. box 323, Crafton, Pa.

Offices.

FOR RENT—Office, Times building, fronting on Third ave., large room, 19x20 feet, divided by oak partition. Apply 307 Times Building.

Apartments.

FOR RENT.
THE BUCKINGHAM APARTMENTS.

The finest and most complete apartments in Pennsylvania; Craft avenue and Kennett square; four to eight rooms with bath; $40 to $70 per month; electric light, heat, hot water, janitor service and every modern appointment. For plans and full information see
UNION REALTY CO.,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

FOR RENT,
THE BUCKINGHAM APARTMENTS.
The finest and most complete apartments in Pennsylvania; Craft avenue and Kennett square; four to eight rooms with bath; $40 to $70 per month; electric light, heat, hot water, janitor service and every modern appointment. For plans and full information see
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FOR RENT—
$16—Modern flat of 8 rooms and bath on third floor, No. 861 St. Clair st., Allegheny.
$20—Frame house on Burgess st., near Perrysville ave., 6 rooms and bath, cabinet mantels, gases, range, laundry, etc. Possession at once. Apply to
A. B. HAY, JR.,
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Elegant Homer Apartment, 5542 Homer st., East End, corner Negley ave., $28.

Storerooms.

STOREROOM AND OFFICES FOR RENT
At 949 Penn ave., opposite Pittsburgh Drygoods Co. and Keech's; a building containing large storeroom, dwelling of 10 rooms and offices; will rent building for $3,000, or will rent storerooms, dwelling and offices separately; possession at once.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 Fourth ave.

STORE ROOM—To let, 1423

STOCK MARKET BROADENED AND CLOSED QUITE FIRM

Call Money Was Easier, Sterling Lower, and More Gold Was Engaged for Import—Westinghouse Electric the Strong Local Feature.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

Wall street experienced yesterday the somewhat novel sensation of a steadily broadening market at steadily advancing prices coincident with the convening of congress in regular session and the delivery of the president's message. There was nothing in the latter to cause any uneasiness and no suggestions for radical legislation on any subject touching the financial interests. President Roosevelt states that it would be unwise and unnecessary to attempt a reconstruction of our entire monetary system, the integrity of our currency being beyond question. On the subject of publicity in corporate affairs, the president has no apologies to make for the laws that have been enacted, and he reiterates the sentiment expressed upon a former occasion, that "publicity can do no harm to the honest corporation. The only corporation that has cause to dread it is the corporation which shrinks from the light, and about the welfare of such corporations we need not be over-sensitive." It is the popular impression that Wall street is opposed to President Roosevelt on account of his campaign for publicity in corporate affairs, but the market yesterday did not give any indication of dissatisfaction with a reiteration of his well-known views on the subject.

At the opening there was some profit-taking and sales for London account caused some reaction from initial quotations. At the end of the first hour, however, the fractions displayed strength under the leadership of Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and from that time until the close one group after another was taken up and advanced sharply. The upward movement in Amalgamated Copper was a prominent feature, the stock rising from 41¾ to 46⅜ and closing at 46¼ bid. It was regarded as somewhat significant that the movement in this stock, as well as in St. Paul and other so-called Standard Oil specialties, should be coincident with a decided rising tendency in all the Gould issues, including Missouri Pacific, Wabash preferred and Texas Pacific. At the same time the entire Pennsylvania group ruled strong, Pennsylvania advancing to 118, Baltimore & Ohio to 79¼ and Reading to 45. In the granger list Atchison sold up to 68½ and Rock Island to 26¾. Southern Pacific was a strong feature and was helped by the publication of the report for October. This showed gross earnings of $8,913,000, an increase of $634,000, and net earnings of $3,410,000, an increase of $438,000. The latter item was particularly gratifying, inasmuch as the road has for months past been putting earnings back into the property.

United States Steel preferred was notably strong in the late dealings, advancing to and closing at 57½, a net gain of 1¾ per cent for the day. The fact that the stock was loaning ½ per cent below the rate for call money was quoted as evidence that the short interest is still very large and confident predictions were made that the price would reach 60 today. The common stock, after reacting to 11⅜, advanced to and closed at 12. The new bonds were quite active and advanced on investment buying to 71¾. Reports as to the condition of the iron trade were more favorable, particularly as regards the situation in pig iron, and while orders are not large in individual cases, the aggregate brings the total volume up to respectable figures.

After the noon hour there was no hesitation in the upward movement and on a steadily increasing volume of transactions the market closed firm at the best prices of the day. The sales reached 760,000 shares.

The money market displayed decided symptoms of an easier tendency and, for the first time in nearly a month, the rate on call loans early in the day dropped below 6 per cent. From this point there was a steady decline to 3½ per cent and the final loan was at 4 per cent. At the same time sterling exchange ruled weak and lower, one of the influences at work being, apparently, the liberal exports of breadstuffs, the clearances of wheat and flour reaching 885,000 bushels. In the London market bar gold advanced to 78s ½d, which is ¼d above the previous high record for years, and the price of American eagles advanced to the highest of the present year. Despite these obstacles to a flow of gold hither, the Bank of England sold $155,000 gold for export to New York, and additional purchases in the open London market brought the total engagements for the day up to about $1,500,000.

There was a distinct improvement in the tone of the local stock market and an increase in the total business. Westinghouse Electric was the leader and from the opening sale at 74½, advanced steadily to the final transaction, which was at 77, the close being 76¾ bid. This movement had its origin in New York, where the stock rose from the equivalent of 74½ to 77 and closed at the top. The east is very bullish on this stock, basing its operations upon the outlook for the electrical trade in general and the strong financial position of Westinghouse Electric in particular. Pittsburgh Coal common was active within a narrow range, over 1,000 shares changing hands at 18½@18⅝. United States Steel common and preferred were firm and higher, closing at the best. Crucible Steel common gained a fraction at 44, while the preferred, after selling at 31, reacted to 30½. National Fire Proofing preferred declined a small fraction, while the remainder of the industrial list held steady to firm. The bond list was strong, Brewing 6s advancing to 112¾ and River Coal 6s to 111¾.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday foot up 4,468 shares stock and $13,000 bonds, as follows:

10 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

10 Pgh. Coal pfd	61	100 Electric 2ds	74½
10 Ohio Fuel	37	50 do	74¾
50 U. S. Steel	11½	25 do	74¾
4 Crucible pfd	31	50 do	74¾
25 do	31	15 do	75
5 do	31	$4000 Brew. 6s	112½

10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

*35 Stand. Ice pf.	50	50 U. S. Steel pf.	58
*25 Stand. Ice	5	150 do	58
25 Crucible	4¼	100 do	56
25 do	4⅛	100 do	56¼
25 do	4¼	15 do	56¾
200 do	4⅛	15 do	56½
60 do	4¼	50 Marsden	7
50 do	4⅛	100 Pgh. Coal	18¼
15 U. S. Steel	11⅛	400 do	18⅜
100 do	11⅜	40 Brewing	23⅛
50 Crucible pfd	31	5 do	25¾
20 do	31	15 Fire Proof pf	23½
50 do	31	10 do	23½
50 Ohio Fuel	37	20 Mfrs. L. & H	28¾
50 Electric 2ds	74½	30 do	28⅝
50 do	74½	15 do	28¾
40 do	74⅝	50 Pgh. P. Glass	109
10 do	74½	50 Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾
50 do	74⅝	50 do	90½
10 do	74⅜	10 do	90½
25 do	74⅜	8 do	91
$1000 Brewing 6s	112¾		

12:30 P. M. to 2 P. M.

2 Pgh. Coal pfd	60¾	15 Brewing	25⅛
2 do	60¾	20 do	25¼
4 do	61	50 Cons. Ice pfd	34½
10 do	61	15 Pgh. Coal	18⅝
6 do	61	500 do	18⅛
55 Electric 2ds	75	15 Fire Proof pf	23¾
2 do	75	10 Mfrs. L. & H	28¾
25 do	75⅛	25 W. Airbrake	130
25 do	75	10 U. S. Steel pf	56¾
50 do	76⅛	$7000 B.B.&A.T. 6s	115½
50 do	76⅛		

2 P. M. to 3 P. M.

100 Phila. Co	36¾	100 Electric 2ds	76½
15 Crucible pfd	30¾	50 do	76¼
50 do	30¾	50 do	76¾
50 do	30¼	35 do	76¼
33 do	30½	20 do	76¾
5 do	30¼	50 do	76⅝
18 do	30¼	5 do	77
2 do	30⅛	10 do	76¾
10 do	30½	10 do	76½
100 U. S. Steel pf	57¼	10 Riv. Coal pfd	28
10 do	56¾	50 Pgh. Coal pfd	60¾
50 do	57	20 do	60¾
100 do	57	25 Crucible	44
25 Electric 2ds	76⅛	10 Fire Proof pf	23½
10 do	76⅜	$1000 R. Coal 6s	111¾

*At auction, for account of whom it may concern.

Summary.

Shares.		High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Ch'ge.
80	Brewing	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+⅛
50	Cons. Ice pfd.	34¼	34¼	34¼	0
385	Crucible	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+⅛
367	Do pfd.	31	30½	30½	−½
50	Fire Proof pf.	23⅞	23½	23½	−⅛
75	Mfrs. L. & H.	28¾	28¾	28¾	0
30	Marsden	7	7	7	0
15	Ohio Fuel	37	37	37	+1
100	Phila. Co.	36¾	36¾	36¾	+¾
1015	Pgh. Coal	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+⅛
266	Do pfd.	61	60¾	60¾	−¼
30	Pgh. P. Glass	109	109	109	+1
10	Riv. Coal pf.	28	28	28	0
135	Stand. Ice	5	5	5	....
165	U. S. Steel	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	+⅜
695	Do pfd.	57	56	57	+1¼
23	W. Airbrake	130	130	130	0
1082	Electric 2ds	*77	74½	76½	+3
4468					

BONDS.

$ 7000	B.K.&A. 6s	115½	115½	115½	0
5000	Brewing 6s	112⅝	112½	112⅝	+⅜
1000	Riv. Coal 6s	111¾	111¾	111¾	+1⅜
$13000					

*Less than 10 shares. †At auction, for account of whom it may concern.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Mfrs. Light & Heat	50	28½	29
Ohio Fuel Supply	25	37	....
Allegheny Valley R. R. pfd.	50	....	26
West. Electric 1st pfd.	100	92	96
Do 2d preferred	50	76¾	....
Consolidated Ice	50	4	....
Crucible Steel	100	44	44¼
Do preferred	100	30½	31
Harbison-Walker Refrac.	100	5	....
Do preferred	100	40	....
Monon. River Coal	50	15	16
Marsden	100	3	....
National Fire Proof	50	7⅝	7¾
Do preferred	50	....	23½
Philadelphia Company pfd.	50	24	25
Pittsburgh Brewing	50	25	25¼
Do preferred	50	....	44
Pittsburgh Coal	100	18½	....
Do preferred	100	60¾	61
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	100	....	110
United States Steel	100	....	11⅜
Westinghouse Airbrake	50	127½	130
BONDS.			
United Traction 5s		112	....
Pgh., McK. & Conn. 1st 5s		89	90
Monon. River Coal 6s		....	112
Philadelphia Company 5s		106	....
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s		112½	....
Pleasant Valley Ry. 5s		112½	....

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Westinghouse Electric attracted more interest than any other stock in the local market yesterday. The upward movement was led by New York, which has suddenly become very bullish, but Pittsburgh fully kept pace and the closing price in both markets was the highest of the day. The range here was from 74½ at the opening to 76¾ bid at the close, one small lot selling at 77. This is the highest price since early last September, and represents a recovery of $10 a share from the low price of the year, which was made last month. The market is still $3 a share below the price at which the company earlier in the year sold $4,500,000 new stock to subscribers. The company was very fortunate in realizing a premium of $30 a share for its new stock, which represented a total addition to its cash resources of $7,200,000. Had the issue been delayed three months it would have been impossible to place the stock on such favorable terms, owing to the adverse change in general financial and industrial conditions. Since the stock was placed there has been a decline of $15 a share from the subscription price, and the present recovery may be said to be natural. The only thing which seems to stand in the way of a considerable further advance in the market value is the comparison between the return on this stock, which pays 10 per cent on $30, and the return on other industrial stocks which are quoted at a heavy discount. There may be no comparison between the actual financial condition of the various companies, or the prospects for business—the Westinghouse Company being particularly strong in both respects—but the public is apt to discriminate. Electric placed both classes of its stock on a 10 per cent basis this year, raising the rate from 7 per cent. There are no intimations that the rate will be increased, although the move has been an intimation that the company might follow the example of Air Brake, and declare extra dividends, as earnings warranted the same.

Air Brake remained unchanged yesterday at 130, the market having evidently discounted the declaration of the regular and extra dividends, which were not announced until after the close on Saturday.

Philadelphia Company common sold at 36⅜, an advance of ⅛. Ohio Fuel Supply sold at 37, an advance of a point over the last previous sale. Manufacturers Light & Heat was inactive, selling at 28¾.

Pittsburgh Plate Glass sold at 109, an advance of a dollar a share.

There were no transactions in National Fire Proofing common yesterday, and the preferred declined a small fraction to 23½.

Monongahela River Coal bonds were 1¾ per cent higher, selling at 111¾, and Pittsburgh Brewing 6s advanced ⅜ per cent to 112⅝. Private transactions in bonds are said to show steady improvement in demand and price.

One of the results of the comparatively high call loan rates in New York is the acceleration of the return of currency from the interior. Another small shipment was made to New Orleans yesterday, but it is believed the net movement was in favor of New York.

Predictions were freely made that Amalgamated Copper would reach 55 on this movement. It is said Standard Oil interests have been the largest buyers from 40 up.

A private sale of American Sewer Pipe bonds was reported at 85.

The 3 per cent advance in American Smelting common was based on a revival of rumors of a dividend. A broker representing the pool in the stock bid 41 per cent for the dividend on 1,000 shares for 1904.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern first mortgage bond refunding syndicate has been wound up and checks were distributed to members yesterday. The profits on the operation was about 2 per cent, which is considered quite satisfactory in view of the conservative nature of the operation.

A dividend on Lehigh Valley is considered among the probabilities in January.

International Powder, which advanced to 8, and Marsden, which advanced to 3¼, were the active features in the Philadelphia market yesterday. One prominent Philadelphia house wired that it looked as though the deal between the two companies would be consummated, in which event both stocks will sell higher.

The gross earnings of New York Central for November increased $172,000.

A Washington dispatch said: It is understood that the supreme court will deny the motion to dismiss the case of the state of Minnesota against the Northern Securities Company. The court will hear the case on its merits, the hearing having been set for January 4.

Reports from Alabama state that the exports of pig iron from the southern district are larger than indicated by recent figures. The extremely low rate at which some of this export iron was sold, below $5 per ton, is probably the reason for not reporting it. One of the largest producers in the Birmingham district states that the recent heavy sales of pig iron for domestic use have been so near cost of production that there is very little profit in it. The two concerns which have heretofore been cutting prices have agreed to hold off on big contracts for future delivery, as they anticipate better prices in January.

November bank clearings show a heavy shrinkage from those of October and are also smaller than in November of 1902 or 1901 or years ago. Part of the explanation for the decrease from number of business days—23 as against 27—but reasons for the decreases shown as compared with the month of November of recent years are found largely in the repression in stock speculation at New York, the slow movement of cereal crops to market, the consequent backwardness of collections and in the slowing down of industrial and commercial operations noted during the past month. These influences more than offset the better business noted toward the close of the month in retail trade, the increase in grain speculation at the west and the increase in speculation and large movement at high prices of cotton, which caused the clearings at the southern cities to show the heaviest gain of any group. Clearings outside of New York show a slight gain for the month. The total clearings at 92 cities for the month aggregated $8,103,851,503, a decrease of 9.2 per cent from November a year ago, of 17.2 per cent from November, 1901, and of 7 per cent from November, 1900. Compared with October this year they show a decrease of 11 per cent. The heavy decreases here shown are found to be due mainly to the decrease in New York clearings, which are 12 per cent less than those of October and 29 per cent below November a year ago, because the aggregate for the rest of the country shows a gain of a very small amount over a year ago.—Bradstreets.

Amalgamated Copper led the market, with sales of 100,000 shares. The buying was professedly based upon the so-called fair trial in Montana, but the personality of the brokers employed in the buying also had a strong effect upon sentiment, being taken to show a revival of activity on the part of interests long dormant in that stock.

The confident tone of the annual report of the controller of the currency as to the safe passing of the fall money crisis had a cheering effect upon sentiment. Call money was appreciably easier in tone, the highest rate being 6¼ per cent, with a lower drop to almost nominal rates. A reaction in the cotton market was also regarded with satisfaction. Heavy shipments of currency to New Orleans on Saturday and today were neutralized in their effect by the renewed force of the gold import movement.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

The ore bodies in the Centennial Eureka mine were broken into on the 1,400-foot level last week. This is the deepest point in the mine at which they have been opened. The tapping of the ore bearing channel at this depth practically proves the mine to be a depth of 1,600 feet and 220 feet deeper than any previously developed portion of the property. The strike was made at a distance of about 900 feet out from the shaft. The ore carried well through in depth and width. The deposit has not yet been penetrated sufficiently to enable a thorough sampling to be made. This same chute of ore, however, has been opened at stated intervals from the 600-foot level down.

The first of the Tonopah mines to enter the dividend paying list is the Montana-Tonopah, which will draw $30,000 on December 20. The company has just received $22,226 for a single carload of its ore.

The Cripple Creek and Homestake cyanide plant, situated on the south slope of Ironclad hill on Alpha Charta ground, will be ready for work in about two weeks. A number of the large stockholders from Chicago and other eastern points are now in camp, and they are thoroughly satisfied that the mill will be a success.

The Montana Reduction Company has shipped a smelter to Cook City, Mont., from Erie, Pa., and it will be put in operation in the spring. Another smelter, including lumbering mills, is to be put up in the spring by the Precious Metal Company of Montana, also at Cook City. The Scotch Bonnet Mountain and the Scotch Bonnet Mines will furnish most of the ore.

An important mining deal is pending at Spokane, which involves a transfer of the Corbin interests in Tyson camp. F. W. Haverland, manager of the Tyson Consolidated Mining & Milling Company, which holds considerable interests in the Tyson camp, has been in that district with a view of buying up property. The company is formed by a syndicate of capitalists of Toledo.

The Monarch Consolidated Gold & Copper Mining Company, which has recently been organized by Boulder, Col., Kansas City, Kan., and New York parties, will develop two groups of claims in Colorado—the Copper King in Grand county, and the Nil Desperandum group in the Gold Hill district in Boulder county. The vein on the Copper King is 30 feet wide, 10 feet of which shows high grade ore. It is intended to develop this property through a tunnel running the entire length of the claims. The Nil Desperandum property already has been opened by two tunnels, the upper being in 250 feet, while the lower one has been driven a distance of 800 feet. Considerable high grade ore has been stopped from this mine to the smelters while the workings show ore that will give good returns when a milling plant is erected.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Spot tin advanced £1 in London to £119 15s and futures were 17½s higher at £120 17s 6d. Locally, tin was quiet and nominally higher at 28@28½. Copper was rather irregular in London, spot being unchanged at £55, while futures declines 2s 6d to £54 12s 6d. Locally, copper was quiet and without material change either in prices or general inquiry. Lake is quoted at 13 00@13 12½; electrolytic at 12 87½@13 00, and casting at 12 75@12 87½. Lead was unchanged at $4 25 locally and at £11 is 3d in the London market. Spelter was quiet and unchanged, with spot nominally quoted at $5 25 in New York and was 2s 6d higher in London, closing at £20 12s 6d. Iron closed at 48s 6d in Glasgow and at 45s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally, iron was unchanged. No. 1 foundry northern is quoted at $15 00@16 00; No. 2 foundry northern at $14 00@15 00; No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern, soft, at $13 50@14 00.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Bids.
Alloues	4½	4½	4½	4¾
Adventure	3¾	3¾	3½	3¾
Atlantic	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Black Diamond	*2	*2¾	....	....
Franklin	21¾	21¾	21½	21¾
Calumet & Arizona	*85	*90	....	85
Calumet & Cochise	*7	....	....	....
Centennial	16	16¼	16	16¼
Calumet & Pgh	*60	....	....	*62
Franklin	7½	7½	7½	7½
Junction Dev. Co.	....	....	....	*10
Lake S. & Pgh. Dev.	*80	*85	....	*85
Mass	4	4	4	4
Mohawk	37½	37½	37½	38½
Michigan	6½	6½	6½	6¼
Osceola	58½	58½	58½	....
Old Colony	1¼	1¼	1¼	....
Parrot	19½	20¼	19½	20½
Phoenix	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3
Pgh. & Duluth	*30	....	....	29
Rhode Consolidated	4¼	4½	4¼	4⅝
Trinity	5	5	5	5
Tamarack	90	90	90	....
Utah	29	29	28¾	29
U. S. Mining	18⅜	18⅞	18⅜	18⅞
Victoria	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¾
Wolverine	67	67	67	67
Winona	8	8	8	7¾

*Ask. †Bid.

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con	.10	Little Chief	.06
Alice	.15	Ontario	6.00
Breece	.10	Ophir	2.10
Brunswick Con	.03	Phoenix	.02
Comstock Tun	.06	Potosi	.22
Con. Cal. & Va	1.05	Savage	.43
Horn Silver	1.00	Sierra Nevada	.52
Iron Silver	1.05	Small Hopes	.15
Leadville Con	.02	Standard	2.00

*Offered.

Foreign Money Market.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Money, 2@3 per cent. The rate of discount for short bills is 4 per cent; for three months' bills, 3 15-16@4 per cent. Consols for money, 88⅝; consols for account, 88 15-16. The demand for money in the market today increased, owing to the Transvaal loan call tomorrow and anticipated a scarcity in connection with the stock exchange settlement. Discounts were firm on the weak tendency of New York exchange.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—Prices on the bourse today were rather firm.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—Prices on the bourse today opened firm, but later French rentes and international bonds were heavy. The closing was irregular; industrials were active. The private rate of the discount was 2 13-16 per cent.

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH.

Bank exchanges were $5,413,569, a decrease of $365,000.

Stock market more active. Sales 4,468 shares stock and $13,000 bonds.

Westinghouse Electric the strongest stock, advancing to and closing at 76¾ bid.

Over 1,000 shares Pittsburgh Coal common changed hands at 18¼ to 18⅝.

Steel stocks were firm and higher, closing at the best.

Brewing bonds advanced to 112¾ and River Coal bonds to 111¾.

IN WALL STREET.

The advent of the president's message to congress made the market active and strong.

For greater part of the day Amalgamated Copper dealings predominated the market, sales being 150,000 shares.

There was unremitting profit taking in Brooklyn Rapid Transit.

Beside the above two securities United States Steel preferred made remaining activity.

Total sales of the market for the day were 719,500 shares of stock.

Gold amounting to $1,400,000 was engaged in Europe for import.

COMPLETE RECORD NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings Bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade.

ACTIVE LIST.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
28060	Am. T. & S. F.	67⅝	68¼	67⅛	68⅜
1256	Do preferred	92⅛	92⅝	91⅝	92⅛
24700	Amer. Sugar Ref.	123	125	124¾	124⅞
1125	Am. Locomotive	15	15⅛	15	15⅛
3.0	Do preferred	74	74	77	78
1400	Amer. Car Fdry.	19⅞	20	19¼	19⅝
1400	Do preferred	67⅛	67½	67½	67¾
150900	Amal. Copper	41⅝	46¼	41⅜	47¼
4 100	Atlantic Coast L.	71	71	71	71
16205	Am Smelt & Ref.	46¾	47⅜	46¾	47⅛
100	Do preferred	90	90	83½	90
	American Ice	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜
	Do preferred	28⅛	28⅜	28¼	28⅜
16066	Balto. & Ohio	78¾	79¼	77⅝	79¼
100	Do preferred	88	88	88	87½
50075	Brook Rap Tran.	43⅜	45⅝	43¼	45¼
1900	Canadian Pacific	118	119	118	118¾
2500	Chi. Great West.	15⅜	16¼	15⅜	16
627	Consolidated Gas	173	179½	173	178
	C., C., C. & S. L.	....	....	....	73½
2100	Ches. & Ohio	31⅜	32½	31⅜	32⅜
2450	Chicago & Alton	34½	34⅞	34½	34⅝
100	Do preferred	71	71	71	70½
2900	Chi. & N. W.	167	168½	167	168¼
100	Col. Fuel & Iron	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
	Coca Products	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞
1400	Color. do South'n.	14½	14½	14½	14½
400	Do 2d pfd	22	22½	22	22½
100	Del. & Hudson	150⅜	150⅜	150⅜	150⅜
23950	Erie	27⅞	28⅜	27½	28⅜
3450	Do 1st pfd	67¼	67⅞	67	67⅞
1820	Do 2d pfd	44⅛	50	44⅛	50
174	Gen. Electric	174	174	174	174
900	Hocking Valley	74	74½	74	74
9750	Illinois Central	130½	130½	130½	130⅝
700	Iowa Central	21⅜	22⅝	21⅜	22
100	Do preferred	50	50	50	50
100	Internat. Paper	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
775	Do preferred	64½	65	64	65
2500	Louis. & Nash	106⅛	109	106	107
1443	Manhattan	141	143¼	141	143¼
3 050	Missouri Pacific	92⅜	94¼	92⅜	94
1700	M., K. & T. pfd.	29½	30	28⅝	29⅜
4800	Metropolitan	120½	121¼	120¼	121¼
	Mexican Central	16	16⅛	16	16⅛
200	National Lead	13⅝	14	13⅝	14¼
	Do preferred	....	....	....	103
	National Biscuit	....	....	....	38½
	Do preferred	....	....	....	120
5900	N. Y. Central	117⅞	119½	117⅞	119½
3525	N. Y. O. & W.	21⅜	22	21⅜	21⅝
3400	Norfolk & West.	57⅜	58⅛	57⅛	58
820	Northern Pac.	76	76⅞	76	76⅞
	Peo. Ills Gas	96½	97⅜	96½	96⅝
200	Pacific Mail	26½	26½	26¼	26
	Pressed Steel Car	26⅜	27	26⅜	27
	Do preferred	....	....	....	80
55600	Penna. R. R.	117	118	116⅝	117⅞
	P., C., C. & S. L.	....	....	....	61½
	Do preferred	98	99	98	99
	Ra lway Springs	18½	18½	18½	18
	Do preferred	78	78	78	77
1800	Reading	44⅞	45	43⅝	44⅝
	Do 1st pfd	77¼	77½	77¼	77½
100	Do 2d pfd	60	60	60	60½
21550	Rock Island	25⅝	26⅜	25½	26¾
	Do preferred	62⅜	63¼	61½	62
100	Republic Iron & Steel	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
1300	Do preferred	42	42½	41⅝	42¾
400	S L. & S. F. 2d pfd.	45⅜	46¼	45⅜	46
17000	Southern Pacific	46¼	47¼	45⅝	47⅛
5020	Southern Railway	26¾	27⅛	26¾	27⅛
2800	Do preferred	78⅛	78¾	78¼	78⅝
22535	St. Paul	143⅜	144⅜	141⅝	143⅝
900	St. L. & S. W. rfd.	32⅜	33⅞	32	33⅜
2670	Texas Coal & Iron	33½	34½	32	33⅞
6400	Texas & Pacific	24⅝	26	24½	25⅝
1000	T. St. L. & W. pfd.	34½	35¾	34¼	35
12350	U. S. Steel	11⅜	12	11⅜	11⅞
26855	Do preferred	56	57½	55¾	57¼
39540	Union Pacific	76¼	77⅝	75⅝	77⅜
628	Do preferred	87½	88	87½	88
300	U. S. Rubber	10¼	10⅝	10¼	10⅜
510	U. S. Steel	56¾	57½	56¾	57½
100	Do preferred	77	77	77	76¾
	U.S.R. & Con.pfd	35½	38¾	35½	35⅝
1800	Wabash	20⅛	20⅝	20	20½
8200	Do preferred	38⅞	39⅜	38⅞	39⅛
100	Western Union	87⅜	87⅞	87⅛	87¼
	W. & L. E. 1st pf	46	48	46	47
	Do 2d pfd	....	....	....	28
600	Wisconsin Cent.	16⅞	17	16⅝	17
600	Do preferred	37⅝	38¼	37⅜	38¼

INACTIVE LIST.

200	Allis. Chal. Co.	....	7	7
200	Chicago Un. Tr.	....	5¾	5
100	Chicago Ter. Tr.	....	8	8
100	Do preferred	....	19	19
400	Con. Tobacco pfd.	106	103	103
200	D. & R. G.	21¾	21¾	21¾
400	Do preferred	70	68½	69⅜
200	Det. So. Ry. pfd.	16	16	16
100	Kan City & So.	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	Do preferred	36	36	36
200	M.St.P. & S.S.M.	54	53½	53½
4200	Met. Securities	92¾	91	92¼
100	M. & St. L. pfd.	95	95	95
400	M. K. & T. com.	18	17⅜	17⅜
400	N. Ry. Mex. pfd.	38½	38	38½
	Pacific Coast Co.	10½	10½	10½
100	Pan. Railway	13	13	13
100	Pere Marquette	83	87	82
3000	Rubber Goods	18½	18¾	17⅞
400	Do preferred	72½	72	72
100	St. Joe & G. I.	10½	10½	10½
100	Do 1st pfd	38	38	38
200	Sloss	29¼	29	29

CLOSING PRICES NEW YORK BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.	105½	T. & N. unl. 4s	94⅜
Do coupon	106	Man. c. gold 4s	102
U. S. 3s, reg	107	Mex. Central 4s	72¾
Do coupon	107	Do 1st inc	33¼
U. S. new 4s, reg.	133½	M. K. & T. 4s	87
Do coupon	133½	M. K. & S. 4s	95⅜
U. S. old 4s, reg.	100	Do 2ds	85¾
Do coupon	110	N. R. R. of M. 4s	75½
U. S. 5s, reg	101½	N. Y. C. & H. 3½s	99
Do coupon	101½	N. Y. Gen. 5s	120
Atchison gen. 4s	100½	Nor. Pacific 4s	102¾
Do adj. 4s	88	Do 3s	70¾
Ark. Cent. L. 4s	92⅜	N. & W. con. 4s	97
Balt. & Ohio 4s	100⅛	Ore. S. L. & N. 4s	92⅝
Do 3½s	94⅜	Penna. conv. 3½s	103
Cent. of Ga. 5s	103⅜	Reading gen. 4s	96¾
Do 1st inc	66½	St. L. & I. M. c. 5s	111¾
Chic. & Alton 3½s	102⅝	St. L. S. F. g. 4s	85
Chi. & Alton 3½s	84¾	St. L. S. W. 1st g.	90
C. B. & Q. n. 4s	93	Seaboard Air L. 4s	71⅜
C., M. & St P. g. 4s	110½	So. Pacific 4s	88
C. & N. W. c. 7s	130⅜	So. Railway 5s	123
C., R. I. & P. 4s	94⅜	Tenn. new set. 3s	75
Do col. 5s	108⅜	T. St L. & W. 4s	70
C.C.C & St.L. g 4s	95	Union Pacific 4s	102⅝
Chi. Term. 4s	76	Do conv. 4s	104⅝
Col. & Hock. Val. 4s	107⅜	U. S. Steel 10 30 5s	107
Col. & So. 4s	84½	Wabash 1sts	113⅞
Den. & Rio G. 4s	100	Do deb. B	61
Erie prior lien 4s	96½	W. & L. E. 4s	87
Gen. 4s	82⅝	Wis. Central

PURCHASED HOG ISLAND FOR $25,000

H. C. Fry of Rochester Secures the Property for an Investment.

EXCHANGE DEAL OF $76,500

Hog island about one mile below Coraopolis in the Ohio river, has been sold for $25,000. The buyer is H. C. Fry, president of the H. C. Fry Glass Company. The former owner was Joseph L. Grimm of Findlay, O. The island comprises about seven acres and was formerly used for the cultivation of melons exclusively. With the exception of a few old buildings it is vacant, and most of it is under cultivation. It has a good elevation and as soon as the new Merrill dam, just below the property, is completed it will be assured of stage water the year around, making it much more valuable for river purposes. Mr. Fry bought the island for an investment, but no mention has been made of what he intends to do with it ultimately.

Through the agency of James G. B. McAuley an exchange deal totaling $76,500 was consummated yesterday. The larger property in the deal was that at 702 Second avenue, owned by Charles Schwan, who got it last year in a trade. This consists of 55x113 feet on the south side of the avenue, adjoining the property of the Consolidated Gas Company and the H. Rea holdings. On the lot is a good six-story brick warehouse which was recently leased to the Prizer Stove and Heating Company. This property was bought by George W. Eberhardt, the broker, for $56,000. In part exchange for the warehouse Mr. Eberhardt tendered nine acres in the Tenth ward, Allegheny, located one square north of East street. This property lies on a side hill and is well adapted for a brick yard, for which purpose it was secured. It was put into the deal at $10,000. Another Allegheny property, valued at $16,500, consisting of 30 lots, 22x120 feet each, and facing on the Mt. Troy road, was tendered in part payment for the Second avenue plot. The lots are in a section of Allegheny that is building up rapidly and it is said they will be improved next year with a good grade of renting houses.

Liberty Avenue Lease Signed.

The five-story building at 820-824 Liberty avenue, owned by the estate of H. P. Jones, deceased, has been leased through Samuel W. Black & Co. to Diamondstone & Lehman for a long term of years. The lessees will rent the first and second floors and occupy them with a large dress store.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company last week began condemnation proceedings to secure the holdings of the D. J. Kennedy Company, dealers in builders' supplies, in the Twenty-first ward. The property has a frontage of 525 feet on the north side of the railroad at Dallas avenue, extending westward to the North Lincoln avenue branch, which is now being built. The depth at one end is 205 feet and 100 feet at the other end. A two-story warehouse and the lime and plaster plant of the company occupy most of the lot. This is the only property in this neighborhood which the Pennsylvania has not secured, and it took out its permit from that plot several weeks ago. The former owners recently bought the old Phoenix clay pot works at Brushton avenue and the Pennsylvania railroad, where they are now building a two-story office, which office to cost $6,000 and a three-story building for manufacturing and storage purposes from plans by the W. G. Wilkins Company.

Pittsburgh Company Gets Big Contract.

The Summit Coal Company recently formed to develop 80,000 acres of coal near Uniontown, has awarded the contract to the Wilkins & Wilkins Company for all the construction and engineering work, amounting to at least $500,000. On the Belton tract of 6,500 acres a shaft 16x13 feet and 600 feet deep will be sunk. The Glen Easton tract, which lies immediately northwest of the Belton tract and 14 miles southwest of Mcundsville, will have a similar shaft. Each shaft will be equipped with the latest hoisting machinery and ventilating apparatus and will have a capacity of 2,000 tons a day. The Pittsburgh vein of coal on these properties is from 400 to 500 feet deep, as has been proven by many drillings. Above and below the Pittsburgh vein are several other veins of coal, but these will not be operated at present. The work of shafting and of erecting company buildings and a large number of miners' houses will be started at once. Mr. Wilkins, who superintended the installment of the three Oliver works near Uniontown, costing $750,000, and of the two Hecla plants in the same vicinity, costing $500,000, will be in charge of all the Summit Company's operations.

New Castle Building Contract Awarded.

Architects Alden & Harlow have awarded the contract to the South Sharon Lumber Company for building the addition to the plant of the Central District Printing & Telephone Company at New Castle. The building will be a three-story brick designed especially for offices, and will cost about $15,000.

Architect John T. Comer will take bids next week on the two-story brick store and building and amusement hall to be erected by P. J. McNulty in Ninth street, and adjoining the new theater on the St. Andrew's church site. The building will cost about $20,000.

Plans are being drawn by Architect F. C. Sauer for the new church of the Slavonic congregation on the South Side.

Architect George H. Schwan is taking estimates on a three-story brick store and apartment building to be erected by C. C. Hamilton at Braddock avenue and Westmoreland street, at a cost of $20,000.

Bids are being taken by Architects Mowbray & Uffinger on the remodeling and furnishing of the rooms of the Braddock Trust Company in the Braznell building at Liberty avenue and Main street, Braddock. The improvements will cost $10,000.

Nineteenth Is Popular With Buyers.

Two of the reception hall brick houses recently built on the Chateau by Miller and Grant McCargo on the old Charity hospital site in the Nineteenth ward have been sold for $16,000 or $8,000 each. They are 10-room dwellings, with all modern conveniences and occupy lots 40x117 feet on the north side of the west side of St. Clair street, near Wellsion street. One was purchased by Eula K. Thompson and the other by Elizabeth Thompson.

Mcdonald Real Estate Trust Company sold for Thomas J. Gallagher to Richard Hirsch an improved property, 31x120 feet, on the south side of Margaretta street, near St. Clair street, Nineteenth ward, for $7,140.

Liberty: Murray Bros. sold for Edward Hays to Gabe Erb a farm of 55 acres in Liberty township, Trumbull county, O., for $2,900.

Mansfield street, Mount Washington: Martha Faulber an improved lot 38x111 feet, on the north side of Mansion street, Twenty-third ward for $8,000.

Vickroy street: Ann Elizabeth May sold to John Conners an improved lot 31.5x118 feet, on the north side of Vickroy street, near Chestnut street, Sixth ward, for $6,850.

Upland street, Mount Washington: sold to Frank Heyd an improved lot 25x93 feet, in Upland street, Twenty-first ward, for $4,800.

Penn avenue: L. J. Quinn sold to John S. Bell an improved lot 12.8x110 feet, on the south side of Penn avenue, near Gross street, Twentieth ward, for $3,200.

Bellefonte street: Thomas J. Sprigge sold to George Dresam an improved lot 25x100 feet, on the northeast corner of Bellefonte street, Twentieth ward, for $2,900.

Transfers Recorded.

Pgh Trust Co to Geo H Shickler, Dec 1, 35th Mollison ave, 30x80 ..... $ 3,020
Wahl D to Henry Walter, Aug 20, 20th wd, Pgh, 20x120, Liberty Ave 5,500
Forbes Land Co to Etta C Ritchie, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, Darlington road 2,500
Same to Sophia B McQuiston, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, 20x120, Bartlett st 2,500
Same to Harry W Neely, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, 20x120, Darlington road 2,500
Same to J H Palmer, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, 50x150, Darlington road 2,500
Same to F W Pierpont, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, 50x150, Bartlett st 2,500
Same to Harry W Smith, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, 50x120, Darlington road 2,500
Franze Andrew to Joseph Zuba, May 6, 26th ward, Pgh, 40x120, Mary st 2,000
Hahman H F to F S Waldron, May 2, 16th wd, Pgh, 40x122, Cedar st 4,000
Branthover F H to Geo T Adams, Nov 18, 16th wd, Pgh, 20x120, Edmond st.
Pate F W to Geo W Abel, Nov 24, Sheraden, 42x100, Glenmawr ave 2,850
Succop B L to Geo Miller, Oct 13, Baldwin twp, 25x143, Miller ave 1,000
Williams Fannie A to J J Murphy, Oct 20, Edgewood, 52x120, Savannah ave. 2,300
Graham Albert to Annie Mey, Dec 1, Crafton, 40x97, Hawthorn ave 1,500
Grosskloss J A to E E Tombaugh, Nov 24, Scott twp, 30x152, Wash ave 1200
Miller A to Jos Lefebens, Nov 25, Bellevue, 47x168, Irwin ave 1,600
Dickson Kate G to Taylor, Wilson & Co., Nov 27, Stowe twp, 7 acres 5,100
Wahner John F to M H Gotthelf, Nov 24, Wkbg, 40x180, Wood st 24,000
Paler O S to Peter F Haban, Oct 26, 3d wd, McKpt, 24x103, Locust st 2,500
Keenan Jas T Ernest C Hullings, Nov 12, 10th wd, Allv, 154x145, Charles st 2,500
Jenkinson Wm to J C Breading, May 5, Bellevue, 48x145, Lincoln ave 6,000
Butz M to John I Shaw, Nov 11, 19th Pgh, 50x154, 24-26 Bedford ave 2,400
Kerr Wm C to C A Carlson, Nov 27, N Braddock, 29x110, Stokes ave 60,000
Easton Andrew to Ida M Killen, Aug 1, 1st wd, Allg, 30x63, Craig st 2,500
Paine Robt T Jr to Jacob Werron, Oct 20, 22d wd, Pgh, lot, Grandview 7,800
Davis W A to A I Schmidt, Oct 2, N Braddock, 24x50, Hawkins ave 3,020
White Wm S to A D Keller, Sept 26, Emsworth, 29x153 1,050
Shoemaker J K P to W H Loudon, Oct 31, 22d wd, Pgh, Bartlett st 1,800
Cooley J R to Nicholas Carr, Nov 30, Elizabeth twp, 120x60, First st 1,700
Same to same, Nov 30, Elizabeth twp, 120x60, First st 1,050

NEW NO. 2 YELLOW EAR CORN GROWS STRONGER

Bananas and Oranges Declined in Price—No Change in Butter Quotations.

No. 2 yellow ear corn continued on its upward course yesterday. Dealers were asking 54 and 55 cents a bushel spot. The supply is short and the demand increasing. New No. 2 was about as strong at five-day offerings as spot. The hay receipts were fair yesterday. Outside of corn the hay and grain market was steady.

The produce market was quiet. The prices of Saturday prevailed yesterday. The same may be said of groceries, which continue to move along the line of demand. Bananas and oranges have taken a drop. Florida oranges are selling at $3 to $3 50 and Jamaica at $2 75 to $3 a box. Bananas, firsts, are quoted at $1 75 to $2 25. No change was made in the butter prices yesterday. Butter, eggs and cheese are steady.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 57 cars hay; 24 cars oats, 4 cars corn, 3 cars straw, 1 car flour, 1 car ear corn, 1 car corn and oats, 2 cars rye; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 24 cars hay, 6 cars oats, 3 cars corn, 2 cars straw, 1 car feed; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad 18 cars hay, 7 cars oats, 1 car feed, 1 car rye.

Hay, No. 1 timothy $14.25
do No. 2 ..... $12.50@13.50
No. 1 clover ..... $12.50@13.00
do No. 2 ..... $10.50@11.00
No. 1 mix. ..... $12.00@13.00
Loose from wagon ..... $15.00@17.00
Straw, oat ..... $8.50@9.00
do wheat ..... $8.50@9.00
do rye ..... $12.50@13.00
Oats, No. 2 white ..... 41@41½c
do No. 3 ..... 40@40½c
do No. 4 ..... 39@39½c
Rye, No. 2 ..... 63@64c
Mich ..... 63@64c
White middlings $26.00
No. 2 mill ..... $20.50@22.00
do brown ..... $20.00@21.00
Bran, ton ..... $17.50@18.00
Wheat, No. 2 red ..... 79@80c
Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled ..... 52@53c
High mix ..... 50½@51c
No. 2 yellow ..... 52@53c
No. 2 yel. ear ..... 52½@53c
High mix ..... 51½@52c
New No. 2 yellow ear ..... 54@55c

GROCERIES.

Flour.

Fancy spr patents ..... $4.90@4.95
Fancy winter pat ..... $4.25@4.30
Straight ..... $4.00@4.10
Bakers' spr ..... $3.40@3.90
Rye ..... $3.85@3.75
Graham ..... $4.00@4.50
Cornmeal bbl ..... 2.75@3.40
do 10-lb cotton bags ..... 17@18c
Rolled oats, bbl $5.10
do, bag 2.70
Roasted Coffee.
Rio ..... 9½@12c
Santos ..... 12½@13½c
Maracaibo ..... 17@18c
Peaberry ..... 17@18c
Golden Rio ..... 15@15½c
Caracas ..... 18@19½c
Standard sugar, pkgs ..... $10.55@11.05
High grades ..... 11.00@18.30
Molasses, fancy 45c
do choice ..... 32@35c
do open kett ..... 28@40c
Syrup.
Fancy sugar ..... 28@30c
Sug. and cane ..... 24@25c
Prime ..... 24@25c
2½-lb cans, doz 90c
2-lb cans, doz $1.35
5-lb cans, doz $1.85
10-lb cans, doz $3.65
Spices, 5@6c; 10@12c; 16@18c; 25@30c.

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std, pie $1.10
do fcy, gal ..... $2.50@3.00
do California ..... $1.90@2.25
do Maryland ..... $1.30@1.65
do California ..... $1.85@2.00
Corn, fancy ..... $1.30@1.50
do std ..... $1.20@1.25
Cherries, Cal., white ..... $2.30@2.75
Lima beans ..... $1.20@1.45
do soaked ..... 75@80c
String beans, 2-lb 65c
do 3-lb 95c
Stringless beans ..... $1.25@1.75
Peas, marrow-fat ..... 95c@$1.00
do early June ..... 90c@$1.80
Plums, damson $1.00
do Calif ..... $1.60@1.70
Raspberries ..... 85c@$1.00
Gooseberries ..... 86c@$1.00
Tomatoes, standard ..... 85@90c
do fancy ..... $1.15@1.35
do gal ..... $3.00@3.10
Succotash, 1-lb cans ..... $1.25@1.40
Baked beans, cans, 3lbs ..... 1.25@1.40
Salmon, doz ..... 95c@$2.00
Chipped beef ..... $2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans ..... $2.30@2.35
do 1-lb cans ..... $1.30@1.35
Mackerel, brook, broiled ..... $1.90@2.50
Sardines, domes.

Cheese, Ohio Swiss, ... 13@13½c
do storage ..... 20@23c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens ..... 6@10c
Roosters ..... 4@5c
Turkeys ..... 14@15c
Geese ..... 10@12c
Dressed hens ..... 14@15c
Dressed springs ..... 15@17c
Roosters ..... 9@10c
Turkeys, fresh, dressed ..... 18@20c
do fresh ..... 12@13c
Ducks ..... 17@18c
Capon, lb 28c
Live ducks, lb ..... 10@14c
Rabbits, pair, lb ..... 12@13c
No. 1 geese feather 58c
No. 2 ..... 45c
Pigeons, pair ..... 25@30c
Squabs, doz $4.50
Mallard ducks, pair ..... $1.75@2.00
do teal $1.00
do blue bill $1.50
do rudy $1.50
do red head ..... $1.75@2.00
do canvas back $3.00

HOLIDAY GREENS.

Christmas trees ..... 5@25c
Holly, crate ..... $3.50@4.00
Laurel, yard ..... 5@6c
Evergreen, yard ..... 4@5c
Holly wreaths, per doz ..... $1.50@1.75
Evergreen wreaths ..... $1.25@1.50
Sweet pepper, crate ..... $4.00@7.00
Christmas coral, crate ..... $8.00@9.00
Mistletoe, bbl ..... $8.00@10.00

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags ..... 9@12c
do 25-lb boxes ..... 8½@11½c
Apples, fancy ..... 6½@8½c
do 1-lb carton ..... 7½@8c
Peaches ..... 7@10½c
Raspberries ..... 24@24½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs ..... 9½@10c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes ..... 7@8c
do Ondara ..... 5@6c
do Val ..... 8½@9c
do Cal. Val ..... 7@7½c
Currants, cleaned 25 and 50-lb pkgs ..... 7@7¼c
Prunes ..... 3½@10c
Figs, Cal ..... 6@9c
do Turk ..... 12½@14c

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl $32.00
do half bbl $16.50
do quar, bbl $8.25
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl $25.00
do half bbls $12.50
do quar, bbls $6.60
do 20-lb pails $2.75
do 10-lb pails $1.45
Mackerel, No. 2 ..... $20.00
do half bbl $11.50
do quarter bbl $6.00
do 20-lb pails $2.40
do 10-lb pails $1.35
Lake herring, 100 lbs ..... $3.00@$3.25
do 50-lb quar $1.25
Butternuts ..... 10@12c

SEEDS.

Alfalfa ..... $5.50@9.00
Millet ..... $1.25@1.50
Grass Timothy, prime ..... 60@$1.10
do lawn, lb ..... 18@20c
do blue, 14-lb bu ..... $1.50@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu ..... $1.10@2.00
Timothy ..... $1.55@1.90

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bu store ..... 55@60c
do track ..... 75@80c
Sweets, Garlic, lb ..... 7@10c
Virginia ..... $2.00@2.25
Kiln dried ..... $4.00@4.25
do bu. box ..... $1.40@1.50
do medium ..... $1.70@2.00
Turnips, bbl ..... $1.75@2.00
Onions, bbl ..... $2.00@2.25
do bulk, bu ..... 65@75c
do new, doz ..... 20@30c
do Spanish, crate ..... $1.00@1.10
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz ..... $1.25@1.50
Cabbage, Danish ..... $4.00@$5.00
do bbl ..... $2.25@2.50
Parsley, doz ..... 10@15c
Pending, doz ..... 22@25c
Kale, bu ..... 25@30c
Celery, Ohio ..... 25@35c
Lettuce, home-grown, doz ..... 70c@$1.00
Beans, Lima ..... $3.00@3.50
Egg plant, hamper ..... $4.00@4.50

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.
Prints ..... 28@28½c
Tubs ..... 27@28c
Ohio cream ..... 26@27c
Dairy ..... 17@18c
Country roll ..... 15@16c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream ..... 12½@13c
do Ohio ..... 12@12½c
do ¾ crm ..... 11½@11½c
do Ashtabula, basket ..... 25@35c
do head ..... $6.00@4.00
Garlic, lb ..... 7@10c
Onions, bbl ..... $1.25@1.50
String beans, bu ..... $3.50@4.00
Cauliflower, doz ..... $2.25@2.50
Wax beans, doz ..... 25@30c
Brussels sprouts, quart ..... 15@18c
Peppers, green ..... 15@20c
Spanish, bu ..... $1.25@1.50
Squash, Hubbard, bbl ..... $1.50@1.75
do marrow-fat ..... $1.25@1.50
Honey, new ..... 18@17c
Pressing ..... 12@13c
Rutabagas ..... $1.00@1.25
Porcorn, lb ..... 4@5c
Horseradish ..... $5.00@5.50
Egg plant, hamper ..... $4.00@4.50

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Cocoanuts, bags $2.50
Bananas, lots ..... $1.75@2.25
do 2ds ..... $1.25@1.50
Pineapples, crate ..... $2.50@3.00
Pears, California, E. Beauties ..... $1.25@1.50
do Clairgeau $2.75
Grapes, Malaga, Almeria ..... $3.50@6.00
do Tokay ..... $1.00@2.00
Grape fruit ..... $3.00@3.50
Red Emperor ..... $1.75@2.00

PROVISIONS.

Hams.
18 lbs and up 11c
Over 14 to 18 lbs 11½c
Over 12 to 14 lbs 12¼c
10 lbs and under 12¾c
Skinned 11¼c
Boneless rolled 14½c
California 9½c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut 8¼c
do skinned 8¾c
Breakfast bacon, ribs, 8 to 10 lbs 14c
do 10 to 12 lbs 13½c
do back strips 12½c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs 14½c
do 10 to 12 lbs 14¼c
Breakfast bacon, back strips 12½c
Dry salt sides, extra 9¼c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs 10½c
do 16 to 20 lbs 10¾c
do under 16 lbs 9¾c
Lard, pure, tierces 7¾c

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb ..... 10@11c
Filberts 12c
Pecans 12c
Walnuts, California ..... 16@18c
S. S. almonds 16c
Tarr almonds 15c
Mixed 12c
Brazil 11c

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy, bbl ..... $3.50@4.00
do choice ..... $2.00@2.50
Grapes, Catawba 20c
Cranberries, bbl ..... $2.25@2.75
do bbl ..... $8.00@10.00

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Butter—Receipts, 4,498 packages; firm; extra creamery, 25½c; creamery common to choice, 20@25c; imitation creamery, 15@18c; state dairy, 15@22c; renovated, 15@18½c; factory, 13½@19c. Cheese—Receipts, 5,604 packages; dull; state full cream, fancy small colored, September, 12c; late made, 10c; small white, 12c; late made, 10c; large colored, September, 12c; late made, 10c; large white, September, 12c; late made, 10c. Eggs—Receipts, 5,024 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania, nearby, average best, 31c; state and Pennsylvania, seconds to firsts, 28@30c; western extras, 30c; western seconds ..... c; refrigerated, 22@26c; western firsts, 30c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—Butter steady; creameries, 16@22c; dairies, 14@21c. Eggs steady at mark; cases included, 29@32c. Cheese steady at 10@10½c.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—Butter firm and 1c higher; extra western creamery, 25½c; nearby prints, 27c. Eggs steady and in good demand; fresh nearby, 31c loss off; western, 31c; southwestern, 30@31c; southern, 28@29c. Cheese unchanged; New York full creams, fancy, 11¾c; choice, 11½c; fair to good, 10¾@11c; light, ...

ELGIN, ILL., Dec. 7.—Butter rulsd firm on the board of trade this afternoon, selling at 25c a pound, the same as last week; sales in the region for the week were 450,000 pounds.

The Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Cotton—Spot steady; 15 points lower, mid upl, $12 50; mid gulf, $12 75. Sales, 2,500 bales. Futures closed barely steady; December, $12 01; January, $12 16; February, $12 22; March, $12 31; April, $12 35; May, $12 45; June, $12 52; July, $12 35; August, $12 02.

WHEAT AND OATS HIGHER, BUT CORN CLOSED LOWER

Chicago Wheat Market Was Active Owing to Reports of Selling of Big Operator.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—The opening in wheat was a trifle easier, due to large world's shipments and lower cables. May was unchanged to ¼c lower at 8@82¼c. There was considerable selling at the start, owing to the bearish news and St. Louis houses led in the selling. The July delivery was firm on continued dry weather in the winter wheat sections, and the strength of the distant future exerted a supporting influence on the other months. Toward the end of the first hour a good demand developed on reports of heavy rains in Argentina which resulted in the market becoming strong with May up to 82¾c. Later in the day rumors of a probable big increase in the visible supply, together with later reports from Argentina contradicting the earlier advices and claiming favorable harvesting weather there brought out an abundance of selling orders and prices again declined, May going down to 81¾c. Much of the selling was due to rumors to the effect that a big holder was unloading through commission houses. There was an urgent demand late in the day from Duluth and we were credited with buying for the bull leader, and with only small offerings another rally occurred, and the close was strong with prices near the top. Primary receipts were 1,400,000 bushels, against 1,676,000 the same time last year. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 1,075 cars against 1,041 cars last week, and 1,718 cars a year ago.

Corn ruled easier and trading was less active. A weak cash market with larger country acceptances and more liberal local receipts than expected together with lower cables all combined to create a bearish sentiment. Provision interests and local traders were the principal sellers, while the demand came largely from shorts. Local receipts were 183 cars, with 5 of contract grade.

Oats were steady with the trend of the session along with other grains. There was selling of May by local longs and December was weak on heavy deliveries on December contracts and larger receipts than expected. The big fall in the visible supply and the firm strength in wheat started shorts to cover near the close and the early loss was regained, a steady tone prevailing at the end.

Provisions during the early part of the day were quiet. Hog receipts were much lighter than expected and this caused a better tone in the market at the yards and this improvement in sentiment was reflected in provisions. Packers were the principal sellers while the demand came mainly from commission houses. The close was steady at a small advance, January pork being up 12½c at $11 60; January lard and ribs were each up 2½c at $6 40 and $5 90.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 140 cars, corn, 365 cars; oats, ... cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago Board of Trade, Farmers Bank Building, are as follows:

	Open	High.	Low.	Close	Yester day's Close.
WHEAT No. 2.					
Dec.	81⅜	82½	81⅜	82½	82
May	82¼	82¾	81⅝	82⅝	82¼
July	77⅞	78½	77⅝	78⅜	77⅝
CORN No. 2.					
Dec.	41⅞	41⅞	41⅜	41⅜	42¼
May	43	43¼	42½	42⅞	43⅛
July	42⅝	42⅝	42¼	42⅜	43
OATS No. 2.					
Dec.	34½	34⅞	34½	34⅝	34⅝
May	36	36⅛	35⅝	35⅞	36⅛
July	33¼	33⅝	33¼	33⅜	33⅞
MESS PORK. Jan.	10 92½	11 00	10 92½	11 00	10 87½
May	11 25	11 35	11 22½	11 35	11 22½
LARD. Jan.	6 35	6 40	6 35	6 40	6 37½
May	6 47½	6 50	6 45	6 50	6 47½
SHORT RIBS. Jan.	5 87½	5 90	5 87½	5 90	5 87½
May	6 05	6 12½	6 05	6 12½	6 05

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; No. 3 spring wheat, 79@83c; No. 2 red, 84½@86½c; No. 2 corn, 41½c; No. 2 yellow, 44½@45c; No. 2 oats, 35@37½c; No. 3 white, 35¼@37½c; No. 2 rye, 51@51½c; good feeding barley, 36@37½c; fair to choice malting, 45@48c. No. 1 flaxseed, 91c; No. 1 northwestern, 97½c; prime timothy seed, $2 85; mess pork, $11 12½@11 25; lard, $6 37½@6 40; short ribs sides (loose), $6 00@6 20; short clear sides (boxed), $6 12½@6 25, whisky, basis of high wines, $1 27; clover, contract grade, $11 60.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	20,400	27,600
Wheat, bu	102,700	20,000
Corn, bu	210,400	137,200
Oats, bu	210,200	271,700
Rye, bu	21,500	3,200
Barley, bu	118,800	12,800

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Flour—Receipts, 50,135 barrels; exports, 181,131 barrels; quiet but firm. Rye flour steadier. Buckwheat flour firm. Cornmeal easy; yellow western, $1 02; city, $1 00.

Grain—Rye steady. Barley quiet. Wheat—Receipts, 195,975 bushels; exports, 71,187 bushels; spot firm; No. 2 red, 81¾c, elevator; No. 2 red, 82¾c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 84¾c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, nominal, f. o. b., afloat. Options noted firmer early in the day on bullish crop news, local covering, reports of heavy rains in Argentina and big clearances. Later they eased off under active northern pressure and a big visible supply increase, but recovered on a scare among shorts and closed ¾c net higher. May, 80½@80 7-16c, closed 80¾c; July, 82⅜@83c, closed 82¾c; December, 90½@91c, closed 91¼c. Corn—Receipts, 59,850 bushels; exports, 200 barrels; spot steady; No. 2 nominal elevator and 50¼c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 yellow, 53½c; No. 2 white, 52½c. Options market was dull and barely steady under fine weather west and easier cables. A final late rally with wheat left the close net unchanged. May, 48⅜@48 1-16c, closed 48c. Oats—Receipts, 205,000 bushels; spot dull; No. 2, 40¾c; standard white, 42c; No. 3, 40c; No. 3 white, 41c; track white, 41@44c; No. 2 white, 42½c.

Dried Fruits—Prime steady to firm; evaporated, 6@7½; southern sweet potatoes steady; southern cows steady, $1 50@2 75; southern steers steady, $2 00@3 15; southern bulls steady, $2 00@2 50; fancy corn steady, $2 50@2 75; choice ..... steady, $2 25@2 50. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000 head; market 5c lower; bulk of sales, $4 42½@4 52½; heavy, $4 40@4 55; packers, $4 45@4 47½; pigs and skips, $4 40@4 50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; market strong; native lambs, $4 50@5 10; western lambs, $4 15@5 00; fed ewes, $3 60@4 10; stockers and feeders, $2 60@3 75.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—Wheat, December, 80½c; May, 84¼c; July, 77½c. No. 2 hard, 78@78c. Corn, No. 2 cash, 41c; December, 41c; July, 40⅜c. Oats, No. 2 cash, 36¾c; December, 36¼c; May, 37¼c; No. 2 white, 39c. TOLEDO, Dec. 7.—Clover seed, cash, $6 10; December, $6 85; January, $6 87½; February, $6 92½; March, $6 97½; prime timothy, $1 40; prime alsike, $6 50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

PITTSBURGH UNION STOCK YARDS.

Monday, December 7, 1903.

STOCK ON SALE.

	Cattle	Hogs.	Sheep
J. B. Huff & Co.	11	12	4½
S. B. Hedges & Co.	11	6½	7
McCall, Newburn & Joyce	25½	18	4
W. & B. Brinkman	22½	7	2
D. Dyer & Co.	15½	15½	7½
F. M. Lafferty & Co.	4	½	1
Ohio Live Stock Co.	20	6½	½
I. Ziegler	7	...	1
Nicely & Co.	4	8½	1¼
A. Fromm	7	...	...
Huffman & Mallisee	4	...	...
L. Lowenstein & Co.	6	...	...
A. Schmitz & Bro.	6	...	...
Trauerman	6	...	...
C. McCully	1	...	...
Unconsigned	13½	5½	...
Totals	160	100	35
Last week	135	75	18

SHIPMENTS.

	New York			Philadel'a			Locals.			B. & O.
	C.	H.	S.	C.	H.	S.	C.	H.	S.	H.
Monday	6	14	1	10	7	10	31	17	3	7
Tuesday	17	13	...	11	6	9	35	21	13	11
W'dnday	6	2	...	2	1	2	14	8	...	5
Thursday	1	2	...	2	2	2	12	8	1	2
Friday	2	26	...	15	5	...	14	7	1	...
Sat. & Sun.	11	22	4	30	8	1	52	22	1	12
Totals	44	93	5	54	48	30	152	90	18	48
Last week	32	107	11	38	30	30	164	57	24	...

SALES.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	1,900	12,196	4,420
Tuesday	70	579	1,098
Wednesday	...	2,580	628
Thursday	20	5,053	1,173
Friday	20	4,842	1,651
Saturday	9	7,058	878
Totals	2,065	34,008	9,768
Last week	2,039	26,565	9,547

FREIGHT RATES.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Boston	17	18	18	40
New York	17	18	18	30
Philadelphia	15	16	16	25
Baltimore	14	15	15	27

The cattle supply was liberal yesterday and the market was slow. Prices declined about 10 cents on almost all grades. One hundred and sixty-five cars arrived yesterday, 25 more than the receipts of the previous week. Choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs, $5 00@5 10; prime, 1,250 to 1,400 lbs, $4 70@4 85; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs, $4 40@4 65; tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 lbs, $4 00@4 25; fair to good butchers, 900 to 1,000 lbs, $3 75@3 95; fair, 800 to 900 lbs, $3 50@3 70; common to good fat bulls, $2 25@3 50; common to good fat cows, $1 85@3 00; heifers, 700 to 1,100 lbs, $3 25@3 85; good fresh cows, $40 00@50 00; springers, $40 00@50 00; common, $15 00@35 00.

Thirty-five double deckers were the receipts yesterday, almost double the week's supply. The market was slow. Prices steady on prime wethers, all other grades were lower. Prime wethers, 60 to 100 lbs, $4 85@4 90; good mixed, 85 to 100 lbs, $3 80@3 75; fair, 75 to 85 lbs, $3 50@3 25; culls and common, $1 25@2 00. Choice lambs, $5 30@5 40; fair to good, $5 00@5 20; common, $3 50@4 00; veal calves, $7 50@7 75; heavy and thin, $3 50@4 50.

The hog market was active yesterday and the supply liberal. The receipts were 100 double deckers, which was 25 more than a week ago. Prices were 10c lower in prices to-day. Prime heavy, $4 55@4 60; medium, $4 50@4 55; heavy Yorkers, $4 45@4 50; light Yorkers, $4 40@4 50; pigs, $4 45@4 50; roughs, $3 00@4 25.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 7.—Receipts, 9,000 head, including 700 head southern; market steady to weak; exports and dressed steers steady, $4 40@5 00; fed to good weed, $3 30@4 40; southern steers steady, $2 90@3 75; stockers and feeders steady to weak, $2 00@3 75; southern steers steady, $2 00@3 15; southern cows steady, $1 50@2 50; native cows steady, $1 50@3 75; native heifers strong, $2 00@3 50; bulls steady, $2 00@3 25; calves steady, $2 75@4 00. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000 head; market 5c lower; bulk of sales, $4 42½@4 52½; heavy, $4 40@4 55; packers, $4 45@4 47½; pigs and skips, $4 40@4 50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; market strong; native lambs, $4 50@5 10; western lambs, $4 15@5 00; fed ewes, $3 60@4 10; stockers and feeders, $2 60@3 75.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; slow to 10c lower; native steers, $3 50@5 25; stockers, $3 00@3 25; oxen, $2 00@3 50; bulls, $2 50@3 75; cows, $1 10@3 50; heifers, $2 00@4 80. Calves steady. Exports tomorrow, 500 head; cattle, 2,000 head; sheep and 4,400 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 1,780 head; quite demoralized; fully 150 head unsold. Veals, $6 00@6 50; mixed, $5 50@6 00; grassers and feed calves, $2 00@4 00; westerns and Indiana calves, $3 62½@3 75. City dressed veals, 7@12c per lb.; country dressed, 6@11c. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 15,187 head; sheep steady; lambs 10c lower; native muttons, $3 00@4 00; native lambs unsold; sheep, $2 25@3 85; export grades, $4 00; culls, $2 00

SHAW ESTIMATES YEAR'S EXPENSES

Projects of Interest to Pittsburgh and Vicinity Down for Appropriations.

TOTAL SHOWS AN INCREASE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7.

The secretary of the treasury today transmitted to congress estimates of appropriations required for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905. Among the estimates were a number of items of interest to Pittsburgh and vicinity, as follows: Continuation of work on public building, Huntingdon, W. Va., $80,000; completion of public building at McKeesport, $90,000; continuation of public building at Oil City, $55,000; Marine hospital at Pittsburgh, $67,000; completion of public building at Warren, O., $18,750; continuing work on public building at Washington, Pa., $25,000; completion of public building at Zanesville, O., $57,500; improving harbor at Conneaut, O., $240,000; continuing work on dam No. 8, Ohio river, $80,000; dam No. 11, $50,000; dams Nos. 15 and 18, $500,000; dam No. 37, $250,000; Pa locks and dams on upper Monongahela river, $100,000; Allegheny river, for maintenance, $70,000; improvements of locks No. 3 and 6, Monongahela river, $7,850; Ohio river, continuing improvement and for maintenance, $400,000; Ohio river below Pittsburgh dams Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5, $1,000,000; dam No. 7, $400,000; dam No. 8, $150,000; dam No. 11, $150,000; dam No. 30, $300,000; improving Muskingum river, Ohio, $8,000; improving harbor at Erie, $137,000; improving harbor at Pittsburgh, $10,000; improving harbor at Conneaut, O., $60,000.

The secretary estimates appropriations required for the fiscal year at $624,502,146, as against $590,189,112 asked for the year 1904, and $605,286,900, the amount of appropriations for that year. The present estimate and the appropriations under each head for 1904 are recapitulated as follows:

	Est. for 1905.	Appropriat'ns for 1904.
Legislative	$ 11,692,255	$ 12,092,806
Executive	320,000	993,608
State department	3,133,991	3,835,046
Treasury department	168,580,064	174,643,180
War department	131,259,033	132,762,515
Navy department	106,825,419	97,247,177
Interior department	163,066,386	165,078,855
Postoffice department	10,824,750	2,261,513
Depart. of agriculture	6,720,980	6,741,256
Commerce and labor	14,035,450	9,858,305
Department of justice	8,905,440	8,926,355
Grand totals	$624,502,146	$605,286,900

L. W. STRAYER.

BIG CLAIM ON PRUSSIA DATES BACK 200 YEARS

Heirs of Russian Field Marshal Demand Payment of 80,000,000 Marks.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—The Prussian minister of finance has received a claim against the Prussian government of 80,000,000 marks. The descendants of the Russian field marshal, Burkhardt Muennich, demand that the above amount be paid to them by Prussia.

In the year 1741 Frederich the Great, king of Prussia promised Marshal Muennich the estate of Guefen if he could bring about an alliance between Russian and Prussia. Muennich refused a reward but the king nevertheless gave to the family of Muennich the estate of Wartenburg and a capital of 312,000 Albertus Thalers. The amount given remained on deposit with the Prussian government and during the many years which have passed since that time, it is now 40,000,000 rubles, or 80,000,000 marks, and the younger descendants of the family of Muennich, who possess documents to prove the gift of the king, insist that the state must pay them the full amount.

The government has actually no case at all. It holds that Field Marshal Muennich lost all his rights because he fell in disgrace with the czar and was sentenced to be executed, but was pardoned before the sentence was to be carried out.

MINISTERS' MEETINGS.

Many Subjects of Interest to Divines Discussed — English Schools for Hungarians.

At the United Presbyterian ministers' meeting yesterday, the Rev. J. Campbell White, secretary of the ways and means committee of the United Presbyterian church, talked on "Money and Missions."

The Rev. S. B. Rossiter of New York city talked to Presbyterians on what he expects to find in his new field at Manilla. Mr. Rossiter is now on the ways there to organize the first American Presbyterian church in the Philippines. Prof. J. Gordon Ogden of the Pittsburgh high school read a paper on "The Influence of Scientific Training on the Reception of Religious Truth."

Reformed ministers discussed the formation of an English Sunday School class in the Hungarian Reformed church, Bates street, of which the Rev Alexander Kalassay is pastor. It was referred to City Missionary A. A. Klein, who will start classes at the Bates street church next Sunday afternoon. More English schools will be started in the Hungarian churches later.

The Rev. Napthala Luccock, formerly pastor of the Smithfield street church and now of St. Louis, spoke before the Methodist Episcopal ministers on "Harnak's Representation of Christianity."

The Christian ministerial association decided, beginning on the first Monday in January, that pastors and their wives shall hold a social quarterly.

The Rev H. C. Gleiss, pastor of the South Side German Baptist church, read a paper at the Baptist meeting on "When to Resign."

At the Methodist Protestant meeting, "Educational versus Revival Methods" was discussed by the Rev. W. H. Gladden, of Connellsville, Pa.

At the Lutheran ministers' meeting the Rev. Dr. P. Bergstresser of Wilkinsburg talked on "Defects of Mysticism."

SHEET STEEL CONFERENCE.

Workers to Consider Advisability of Removing Limit of Output.

The second convention called to consider the advisability of removing or extending the limit of output of the sheet steel mills, the employes of which are affiliated with the Amalgamated association, will convene this morning in Moorhead hall, Second avenue. The question of accepting a reduction of wages will not to be considered at the convention, as the delegates have no authority to take action on the matter.

The convention was called in response to a request by the Independent Association of Sheet and Tinplate manufacturers. A feature of the meeting is that the United States Steel corporation will be represented, as well as the independent manufacturers. At the last convention only the independent manufacturers addressed the delegates.

From the tone of the delegates it is evident that some concession will be made to the manufacturers. The principal point raised by the manufacturers is that it does not take any more money to run a mill to its full capacity than it does to curtail the production. Thus the United States Steel corporation has an advantage over the independents, because it has no limitation of output.

Bryan Sees President of France.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—William J. Bryan was received by President Loubet today, the audience having been arranged by Ambassador Porter in compliance with Mr. Bryan's request. Mr. Bryan will leave Paris tomorrow for Switzerland.

MR. KNOX ADVISES CHANGES IN LAWS

Naturalization Frauds and Their Prevention Feature of His Annual Report.

THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The annual report of Attorney General Knox of the United States calls attention to the naturalization frauds disclosed during the last year in every section of the country and says that every honest citizen is deeply concerned in repelling and preventing dishonest claims to that high right. He, therefore, recommends for the consideration of congress the enactment of a law which will provide for the following results:

The omission from the statutes as they now stand of the question of intent and guilty knowledge where an offender has in his possession a fraudulent certificate of naturalization unlawfully obtained in any manner whatever, or where a fraudulent certificate so held and obtained is used for any purpose whatever. Such a change would permit prosecution for the possession of a fraudulent certificate unlawfully obtained, or for the use of a fraudulent certificate irrespective of the intent of the oath of the applicant and witnesses on the certificate, which is to be regarded as presenting merely a question of fact.

That the law be amended so as to compel an alien at the time of applying for citizenship to present from the appropriate immigration authorities a certificate showing his age and the date of his arrival, and containing also his physical description similar to that in a passport. This certificate should form a part of the court records, like his application for citizenship.

The Form of Certificate.

The petition and application and all certificates should be uniform throughout the United States and the final certificate of citizenship issued by any court throughout the country should contain a physical description of the applicant and holder on the back thereof for the purpose of identification and to avoid substitution.

The certificate should be printed in Washington under government direction, containing a watermark similar to United States obligations, and the unlawful possession of or counterfeiting of such certificates should be made an offense against the United States. The blank certificates should be distributed to the various courts on requisition and each one should be properly numbered and recorded.

The power of issuing certificates of naturalization should be withdrawn by congress from the various state courts and should be restricted to United States courts.

To administrative matters relating to naturalization should be committed to one central government bureau.

It should be made a crime against the United States to sell or transfer declaration of intention, and it should be provided that after sufficient proof has been submitted to a court establishing the fact that a certificate is fraudulent in any respect, said certificate shall be canceled.

Attorney General Knox calls attention to the act of February 15, 1903, appropriating $500,000 for the employment of special counsel to conduct proceedings under the various trust and interstate-commerce laws, and says that it has become highly important that this appropriation should be made available for the enforcement of the laws of the United States generally, and especially those relating to public lands, postal offenses and naturalization frauds.

Statute of Limitations.

The attorney general renews his recommendation made in previous annual reports relating to the necessity of providing for an appeal on the part of the government in cases of decisions adverse to the United States by the courts upon demurrers interposed to indictments. He urges the necessity of so amending section 1206 of the revised statutes as to permit the government, when a demurrer to an indictment is sustained, to have a review upon a writ of error of the question of law involved therein by the supreme court of the United States or by a circuit court of appeals.

The attorney general is of the opinion that the limitation to bar criminal prosecutions should be at least five years. The attorney general recommends that the office of assistant general for the postoffice department be abolished, and that the law officer for that department be designated as solicitor for the postoffice department. The paper shows that there was an increase of two in the number of cases docketed on the appellate docket of the supreme court and an increase of 48 in the number disposed of.

Boycott Will Not Be Necessary.

W. F. Benkiser, the head of the foreign steamship department of the First National bank of Pittsburgh returned yesterday from New York where he went as a member of a committee from the local conference of steamship agents to protest against the methods of a local agency not affiliated with the conference in the matter of cutting rates on Italian and Croatian business. He says the ultimatum has arrived at will not permit of further cutting, and that, therefore, there is no ground for the report that a boycott would be used as a retaliatory measure in case the outside agency engaged in further cutting.

SAVAGES MURDER AND ROB SAILORS

Boat's Crew from Wrecked Ship Attacked Near Botel Tobago Island.

GUNBOATS ARE INVESTIGATING

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet, has dispatched the gunboat Annapolis to Tamsui, Formosa, to make a thorough investigation into the attack on the crew of the American ship Benjamin Sewall, which was abandoned October 5, about 40 miles southeast of the island of Botel Tobago. Upon the result of the mission of the Annapolis will depend the decision of the state department as to whether an inquiry of the Tokyo government will be necessary.

Official details of the search for the missing boat's crew from the wreck of the Benjamin Sewall, made by the Don Juan de Austria and the Wilmington, are contained in reports received at the navy department today. On the arrival of these gunboats at South Cape, Formosa, the Don Juan de Austria was ordered to proceed to Botel Tabbago, where it was learned three Japanese shipwrecked sailors from the Benjamin Sewall were to be found. One of these told the story of their experience to Lieutenant Commander Denfield, commanding the Don Juan de Austria, to this effect:

The Benjamin Sewall shipped from Singapore for Shanghai with a cargo of teaks. When three days out she was struck by a typhoon and lost all three masts. The captain gave the order to abandon ship. Aoki, who tells the story, went in a boat in charge of the chief officer, together with the third mate and his wife, two Japanese seamen, two Manila seamen, an American negro, a Chinese cook, a Chinese carpenter and a Russian seaman. Shortly before sunset on October 10, when five miles from the north shore of the island, they were attacked by four canoes, each manned by about 12 savages, armed with knives.

"At this time," says Aoki, "we were rowing with three oars and also had a sail made by piecing together blankets, etc. For provisions we had three cans of pineapples and two or three of milk, with some salt meat and ship's biscuit, the last bad. The savages ran alongside us and as many as could clambered on board and stripped us to our skins, not even sparing the woman. We all had some money and the chief mate, the cook and one of the seamen had watches. They pried off the brass work, took out the boat plug and capsized the boat. After this they made off, having been with us about an hour. It was now quite dark and we could not see where they went."

Aoka says that the negri and the Chinese cook drowned 10 minutes after the boat capsized and later the chief mate, who was an old man. All of the remainder made for the shore except the third mate, who was an American, and the Japanese woman, whom, as she could not swim to the shore, the third mate refused to leave. When the three Japanese reached the shore they hid among the mountains fearing another attack from the savages. After remaining in hiding five days they were rescued by a party of natives and brought to the police station.

The Japanese government has ordered a thorough search made for the five missing persons on Botel Tabago Island.

JEROME BADLY HURT.

New York District Attorney Is Struck by Fire Iron Protruding from Engine.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—(Special)—District Attorney Jerome, with his secretary, Alfred Hodder, were standing on the station at Millerton, N. Y., today, where they were to change cars in coming into the city from Mr. Jerome's home at Yakeville, when an engine approached. From back of the engine a 12-foot iron poker protruded several feet from the side. The heavy handle of this implement struck the district attorney in the left groin, knocking him down and would have dragged him under the wheels had not Secretary Hodder and several other men gone to his rescue.

The district attorney had been severely injured. He was carried into the station, where he remained until his train arrived. He was then brought into the city and driven to his home, where it was said he would have to remain for a few days. FRANK A. PARKER.

Prisoner Escaped En Route to Jail.

SOMERSET, PA., Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Harvey Searfoss, under arrest for the theft of a watch, escaped this morning from Officer Dayton of Meyersdale, who was bringing him to Somerset. At Rockwood, where Searfoss lived formerly, he asked permission to enter a barber shop to ask someone to furnish bail for his appearance at court. When the officer's back was turned Searfoss jumped through a window and made his escape.

YOUNG SAYS THAT HE WAS SHADOWED

Former Official at Havana Gives Testimony in Investigation of Wood Case.

THE STATUS OF APPOINTMENTS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7.

President Roosevelt again sent Gen. Wood's nomination to the senate today to be major general of the army and the administration forces in congress took new heart and are preparing for a quick decision on the case one way or the other.

The military affairs committee of the senate notified Maj. Rathbone and others interested in producing evidence to sustain the charges against Gen. Wood that their witnesses must all be heard on or before December 16. This will give the opposition altogether six week in which to produce their evidence as the name was sent to the special session.

The nomination was sent to the senate today by President Roosevelt after a conference with Secretaries Root and Moody, who regard it as a recess appointment. There are, however, divergent views on this question and a majority of the senators take the ground that the expiration of the extra session of congress without confirmation places Wood back in the rank of a brigadier. It is understood that Judge Advocate General Davis also takes this view. Secretary Root, Secretary Moody and Senator Lodge agree with the president that there was a constructive recess today, between the special and regular sessions.

There is still a third view held by Judge Magoon, law officer of the bureau of insular affairs, who holds that there was no recess, but that the sessions of congress are continuous and that the old appointment which was made October 8 still holds, being a recess appointment of that date.

The senate committee on military affairs resumed its hearing in the Gen. Leonard Wood case today, with Commander Lucien Young of the navy on the stand.

Commander Young was subpoenaed by the military affairs committee at the request of Maj. Estes G. Rathbone. Testimony was brought out in relation to the charge that Gen. Wood, after assuming the duties of governor general of Cuba, employed detectives to shadow certain army officers and report their actions to him. The witness said he discovered detectives shadowing him and that upon investigation he learned that Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, Gen. Barry and F. Humphrey and Maj. E. Ladd also were followed by detectives. He asserted that he knew the detectives were in the pay of Gen. Wood.

In reference to his recall from the post at Havana, Commander Young said he was assured by Gen. Wood that he was very sorry and unable to understand the order which had been received from Washington. Commander Young said when he arrived at Washington he learned that the recall had been at the suggestion of Gen. Wood and that there is correspondence on file at the war department to prove the assertion.

Col. Diehl was called for the purpose of supplementing the testimony of Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, in relation to the service in Cuba of Capt. E. G. Bellairs, as Associated Press correspondent.

Col. Diehl said Gen. Wood called at the New York office of the Associated Press in the early part of 1900 and spoke favorably of Capt. Bellairs. The witness said that so far as he knew Gen. Wood had no knowledge that Bellairs was an ex-convict; that Bellairs impressed favorably all who met him. The character of Bellairs did not become known to Col. Diehl until after the correspondent had been transferred from Cuba to China and later to the Philippines.

WOMAN LION TAMER IS TORN TO PIECES

DESAU, GERMANY, Dec. 7.—Frau Fischer, a lion tamer, was torn to pieces today by four lions in a menagerie cage and in sight of a great crowd of people. She was trying to make a lion spring through a hoop and struck it with a whip, whereupon the animal leaped upon her. The woman shrieked and the three other lions joined in the attack on her and fought among themselves for fragments of her flesh. There was a frightful panic among the spectators and many persons were injured. Finally the lion tamer's assistants, armed with iron rods and hooks, succeeded in dragging the animals from the woman's mangled body.

Drill Hall for Eighteenth.

The Eighteenth regiment, N. G. P., will soon occupy a drill hall, the first building ever erected for the exclusive use of the regiment. The contract was let yesterday to Contractors John Siebert & Sons Company. It will occupy a plot of ground east of the main armory building, Forbes street and Craft avenue. The hall will be 60 feet wide by 150 feet long.

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine—Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine—Syrup of Figs—is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine—Syrup of Figs

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CAMPBELL'S

Fine Gift Furniture

Special Christmas Lines

TOYS and GAMES —Down Stairs
ART CHINA —Down Stairs
HOLIDAY BOOKS —Ground Floor
DOLLS —Ground Floor
BRIC-A-BRAC —Ground Floor
SILVERWARE —Ground Floor
FINE FURS —Second Floor

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

"HOUSEKEEPING hearts are the happiest," and every new piece of handsome furniture that comes into a home contributes its quota to the comfort and satisfaction of the family. That's why judiciously selected chairs, tables, desks, mirrors, etc., are nearly always so eminently successful. For months now we have been filling two floors with the class of furniture best suited for presentation purposes. You'll be glad to help us empty them. Here a hint and there a hint.

MORRIS CHAIRS—A splendid holiday line from $6.98 up to $45, with this one at $12.50. A Morris chair in massive quartered oak frame of handsome design with piano polish finish, reversible cushions covered with Verona Velour and the strongest attachment for adjusting the back. Our price..... $12.50

SHAVING STANDS—Something every man wants. Just the right height, with cupboard for shaving outfit and fancy shaped bevel mirror. Our price..... $7.00

FANCY MIRRORS—Suitable for the mantel or parlor—a heavy French plate glass measuring 18x40 inches, set in a massive frame of oak and gold. Our price..... $5.98

COSTUMERS—Some folks call them Clothes Poles—Very convenient, whatever you call them. One line in oak and mahogany with heavy turned posts, strong legs and pins, a good polish finish throughout for..... 85c

TABOURETTES—An endless variety of these artistic pieces. The kind we sell for $1.75 come in a unique design and are made of either golden oak or mahogany. Substantial construction. Lots of cheaper ones.

PARLOR STANDS—A very elligible stand or table with 24-inch top in either quartered golden oak or mahogany with piano polish finish. Splendid value at..... $4.00

MEDICINE CABINETS—Handsome and convenient receptacles for bath room walls. One pattern in oak, extra heavy in construction with interior nicely laid out with shelves for different size bottles for..... $1.50

LIBRARY FURNITURE—A matchless line of Leather Couches, Velour covered Couches, Corduroy Couches, Desks, Pedestals, Combination Bookcases, Music Cabinets, etc.

CHILDREN'S ROCKERS—All sizes, shapes and kinds. This one for $2.50—A child's full reed rocker with double woven rattan seat, shellac finish. Made on the same lines as the larger ones for..... $2.50

CHILDREN'S HIGH CHAIRS—Good solid ones in oak with one-piece arm, bolted through the seat and adjustable table. Extra strong construction throughout for..... $2.00

DRESSING TABLES—Charming pieces for ladies' boudoirs as low as $4.98. A very special value is a dainty Dressing Table in golden oak or mahogany finish, prettily polished with serpentine front, French legs and pretty shaped mirror for..... $16.75

ELEGANT SIDEBOARDS—Christmas gives you another chance to buy what you let pass at Thanksgiving time. Elegant Sideboards made of quartered oak, finely finished with rich carvings on the top, shaped columns, large plate mirrors and bases with full complement of silver drawers, linen drawers and cupboards for..... $29.25

CHINA CLOSETS—Women dote on them. You can buy one for somebody's dining room in quartered oak frames, highly polished with full bent glass ends, adjustable shelves and glass door for only..... $15.98

TURKISH CHAIRS—The most luxurious chairs or rockers made. One model covered with genuine leather and upholstered with hair, and moss and over tempered steel springs for..... $25

CHIFFONIERS—Most useful and ornamental for presentation purposes are the $24 Chiffoniers in birdseye maple, golden oak and curly birch, with serpentine fronts and fancy toilet frames with shaped mirrors, which we offer at..... $24

LET US MAIL YOU A FOLDER WHICH GIVES THE DETAILS.

Supreme Chance to Get a Coat

IF you've waited until now to buy your winter wrap, count yourself in great luck.

$5,000 worth of High Class Coats bought in New York last week, we are selling at

A Saving to You of 25 to 50 Per Cent.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

Rich Rugs Never Fail to Please

IF the person you purpose to favor with a Christmas token keeps house, select a Rug and your gift will be hailed with delight.

These were bought by us especially for the December business:

ENGLISH MOHAIR RUGS—A lot of $12 ones in blue, terra cotta and tan (size 3x6 feet) become a Christmas special at..... $9.75

ROYAL WILTON RUGS—Ten patterns in the full room size (9x12 feet)—the richest and best quality made in the United States. The identical patterns and qualities that most stores retail at $35.00. Come and get one for..... $29.50

FINE BRUSSELS RUGS—Full 10-wire floor coverings—the 9x12 room sizes—not at $20, which is about the right price, but for..... $16

BEST BRUSSELS RUGS — Body Brussels Rugs; these in the five-frame quality. Price them elsewhere—$40. Pay for them at Campbell's—only..... $35

IMPERIAL HALL RUGS—Just 20 Imperial Brussels Hall Rugs in the 7x9 size for reception halls, is all we have. You would expect to pay $13 for them but by coming to us you can get them for..... $11.50

RICHEST HEARTH RUGS—Royal Axminster Hearth Rugs we have in Oriental and Persian patterns, that measure 3x6 feet. You'll grab for them at..... $4

Some Things That Help To Make Homes Handsomer

WHILE we are glad to meet the wants of our customers in any direction, we feel that we are doing good missionary work when we help to make their homes more inviting.

TABLE COVERS—Chenille Table Covers, 8-4 size, in bright colors, both sides alike, with heavy fringe edges. December Price..... $2

TABLE COVERS—Rich French Tapestry Table Covers in floral effects—the 6-4 size for..... $2.25

SOFA PILLOWS—Silk Floss Filled Pillows, in the muslin, ready for covering—a lot of 22-inch ones for..... 50c

PILLOW TOPS—A lot of the regulation Art Ticking Pillow Tops, in assorted designs — regular 48c grade become available right now at..... 25c

PILLOW CORDS—Just an even 1,000 Pillow Cords have come in. They are long enough to go around a pillow and have heavy tassel ends. Only..... 25c

BED SETS—Ruffled Swiss Bed Sets, with bolster sham for brass and iron beds, are much sought after just now. You will pay $3 for the same grade elsewhere mayhaps, unless you see the ones we sell for..... $2

TAPESTRY PANELS—Not genuine tapestry but approaching it very closely in effect are the Panels for wall hangings, which measure 27x45 inches and sell at The People's Store just now for..... 98c

Check!

The Regal Shoes are claimed to have Solid Oak Tanned Soles. Check!

The window of the sole shows you the naked leather before you buy.

We say Regal Shoes do not have pieced vamps and that they are as good quality where you cannot see as where you can. Check!

We cut them up before your eyes with buzz saws in our windows so you can see them inside as well as outside.

We say Regal Shoes are more shapely and stylish than any except high-priced custom shoes at $12 or $14 a pair. Check!

Look in the windows of our 60 stores in American Cities and London and judge for yourself.

We say that Regal Shoes are comfortable from the first—that you don't have to "break them in." Check!

Slip on a pair of Regals of the right size and last—your feet will telegraph "Check" to your brain.

We say that Regal Shoes give more good honest wear for each dollar they cost than two dollars will buy in any other shoe whether low priced or high. Check!

Hundreds of thousands of people wear Regal Shoes year in and year out. As to Regal wear we refer to any Regal wearer.

REGAL

THE SHOE THAT PROVES

There are 60 Regal Stores, 20 of them in Greater New York, where the styles originate. The new styles are on sale in our Pittsburgh stores at the same time as in the New York stores. Other dealers get the same styles a year later.

PITTSBURGH STORE: 433 WOOD ST.

NATATORIUM TURKISH BATHS,
Duquesne Way, Near Sixth St., Swimming and Tub Baths.
Ladies' Day, Friday.
From 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

MANUFACTURERS.

TRANTER MFG. CO.
High-Grade
GAS ENGINES.
Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps and Dynamos.
Machine Work & General Repairing.
109 Water St.—104 First Ave.

MANUFACTURERS.

OLIVER
Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1863.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron. Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

TONSILINE CURES SORE THROAT.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.10 am	* 7.45 am
Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo	* 8.35 am	* 2.15 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.00 am	* 10.40 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	4.55 am	* 8.40 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 8.00 am	† 7.25 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 8.55 am	† 4.45 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	* 8.00 am	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 8.15 am	* 3.50 pm
Akron	* 8.00 am	† 1.00 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	* 8.00 am	† 1.20 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 8.30 am	* 3.50 pm
Ohio Valley Express	* 8.40 am	* 3.40 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 3.50 am
Tiffin and Toledo	* 1.00 am	* 5.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.30 am	* 10.45 pm
The Forest City Special	* 8.00 am	* 7.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 8.40 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.00 am	* 7.40 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 8.45 am	†10.55 am
New Castle and Erie	* 8.05 am	* 4.50 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.05 am	†10.55 am
The Toledo Special	*12.00 n'n	* 7.15 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*12.55 pm	* 2.00 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	*12.55 pm	* 8.50 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	*12.55 pm	* 8.50 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 1.25 pm	† 1.20 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 1.55 pm	† 8.50 pm
New Castle and Erie	† 4.30 pm	† 8.50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	† 4.30 pm	† 8.50 pm
Chicago Express	† 4.40 pm	† 1.30 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4.45 pm	† 3.40 am
The Cleveland Special	* 5.00 pm	*11.30 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.10 pm	† 9.05 am
New Castle and Jamestown	† 5.55 pm	† 9.05 am
The Chicago Special	* 6.30 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 6.30 pm	* 6.50 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.10 pm	* 6.00 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.10 pm	* 6.00 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 8.10 pm	* 6.50 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.15 pm	* 6.00 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8.20 pm	* 5.55 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	†10.46 pm	† 8.50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.00 pm	* 5.40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 6.00 am, 12.25 am, 4.00 pm and 11.30 pm. Leave for Washington, Pa., 8.10 pm, 10.30 pm, 11.30 pm. Leave for Washington, Pa., 8.10 pm, 10.30 pm, 11.30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, *8.45 am, *8.20 am, *11.50 am, *2.05 pm, *5.15 pm, *11.58 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *8.40 am, *8.25 am, *2.30 pm, *4.22 pm, †10.45 pm, *11.58 pm.

Leave for Lisbon, *2.40 am, *2.20 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, *8.55 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sunday only.

Three Trains, Parlor and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect Nov. 22, 1903.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 6.45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 6.00 pm
Youngst'n and Cleve. Mail	* 8.25 am	* 5.10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	* 8.25 am	* 7.15 pm
Lake Chautauqua Limited	*12.50 pm	* 6.30 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	* 5.00 pm	* 8.45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	* 2.30 pm	*12.50 pm
Boston Special	* 2.30 pm	* 2.00 am
Cleveland and Detroit "Flyer"	* 6.00 pm	*11.15 am
Chicago Limited	* 6.00 pm	* 6.35 am
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10.30 pm	* 6.35 am
Youngstown Accom.	† 5.45 am	† 9.30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6.40 am	† 5.35 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 9.00 am	† 9.30 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	† 4.10 pm	† 1.15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 5.30 pm	†12.30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4.20 pm	† 1.00 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 5.25 pm	† 6.30 am
Brownsville & Brownsville	† 6.10 am	† 6.45 am
Brownsville & N. Haven Ex.	† 8.00 am	† 8.50 am
Brownsville & Brownsville	†11.30 am	†12.40 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 5.30 pm	† 4.50 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 5.20 pm	† 5.45 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Greenville, Bradley and Beechmont. 5.30 a. m. daily. †Sunday only. ‡Daily except Sunday. §Sunday only.

Note—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only).

City ticket office, 377 Fifth ave., Park bldg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily ..... 3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York ..... 8:35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily ..... 9:15 a. m.
New York Limited daily ..... 7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily ..... 7:30 a. m.
Limited Express, daily ..... 8:00 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York Express, daily ..... 12:01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily ..... 12:35 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily ..... 4:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily ..... 4:55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily ..... 7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily ..... 9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only ..... 10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches ..... 10:00 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.

For Foxburg, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 6:00, 8:25 a. m., 12:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days, and 4:55 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:25 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, 6:05, 8:20 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 5:40 and 11:25 p. m. week-days; 7:00, 9:35 a. m. and 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6:05, 8:20, 10:25 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:30, 5:25, Monongahela City only, 6:40 and 11:25 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m. 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, 6:30, 9:00, 10:40 a. m., 2:00, 5:19 and 8:50 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:05 a. m., 9:35 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traf. Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.:

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	* 6:30 am	* 9:25 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	† 6:30 am	† 9:15 am
Wash., Balt. & New York	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Conn'sv., Un'tn & Fairm't.	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	* 1:00 pm	* 2:45